

## IL ROUTE 53/120

**Blue Ribbon Advisory Council** 

# Environment & Sustainability Working Group November 14, 2011

Lake County Central Permit Facility





## **WORKING GROUP OVERVIEW – NOVEMBER**

## **Mobility & Finance**

How much traffic and revenue would different scenarios generate? What problems are we trying to solve? What trips do we want to accommodate?

## **Design & Land Use**

What is the purpose of the proposed road? How does current and desired future land use inform the potential design for 53/120?

## **Environment & Sustainability**

What are the environmental issues & constraints? How should we measure success?

#### **NOVEMBER AGENDAS**

#### **Background**

Results of past studies
Status of other area improvements

#### **Travel Forecast Basics**

Current volumes
How scenarios could impact behavior

#### **Projections for Various Scenarios**

Traffic Revenue

**Establish Evaluation Criteria** 

**Next Steps** 

#### **Background**

Results of past studies
Status of other area improvements

#### **Land Use Overview**

#### **Define Purpose of the Road**

Discuss decision points and outline roadway concepts to carry forward

Lanes

Speed

Trucks

Transit

**Next Steps** 

#### **Background**

Results of past studies
Status of other area improvements

Review Environmental Features and Constraints

**Review I-LAST Manual** 

Suggest Draft Environment & Sustainability Metrics for 53/120

**Next Steps** 

11/9<del>/2011</del>



## Lake County Transportation Improvement Project (LCTIP)

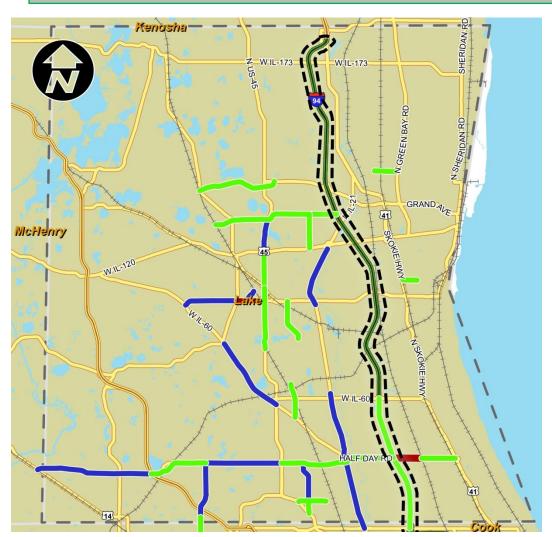
- Countywide needs assessed
- Alternatives evaluated; narrowed to two final
- Also reviewed transit alternatives
- Project office closed April 2002 no decision
- Provided foundation for next steps
- Future studies to update traffic, engineering and environmental

## **IL Route 120 Unified Vision Process**

- Considered alignments, configurations and interchange types/locations for improved 120
- 14.5 miles of existing 120 from Rt. 12 to Rt. 41
- □ Five alternatives evaluated
- Selected IL Route 120 bypass, four-lane, signalized boulevard
- Change to expressway if Route 53 is extended
- Could include extension of three existing roads (Hainesville Rd., Cedar Lake Rd., Lake St.) and connector to IL-83
- Analysis deferred: grade separations, environmental mitigation and intersection/interchange types



## STATUS OF LCTIP BASELINE PROJECTS



### **LEGEND**

Complete

Construction

----- Design

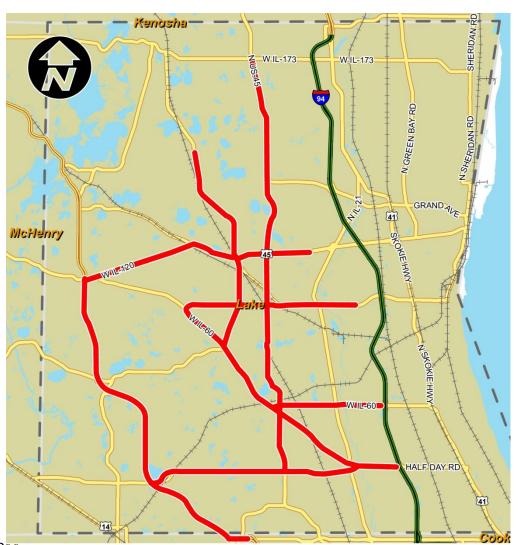
## NOTE:

I-94 not in LCTIP baseline, but Tollway widened from 3 to 4 lanes in 2008





## **CURRENT LAKE COUNTY CONGESTION**



## High-level illustration of current congestion

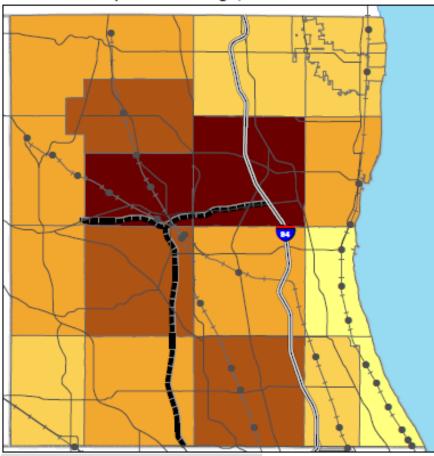
- Based on CMAP 2009 Air
   Quality Conformity Output
- Based on peak hour volumes (not all day)
- Focused on congestion at intersections (areas of greatest delay)
- Measured by volume of traffic on the road (V) compared to the road's capacity (C)
  - V/C ratio of 1 = congested
  - V/C ratio of 1.1= severely congested
  - Red shown exceeds 1.1

11/9/2011

## Proposed Lake County Corridor: Lake County Population by Township



Population Change, 1990 to 2010



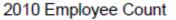
Lake County Populaton and Employment 2							
	1990	2000	2010				
Populaton <sup>™</sup>	440,372	644,356	703,462				
Employment	210,671	298,220	309,034				

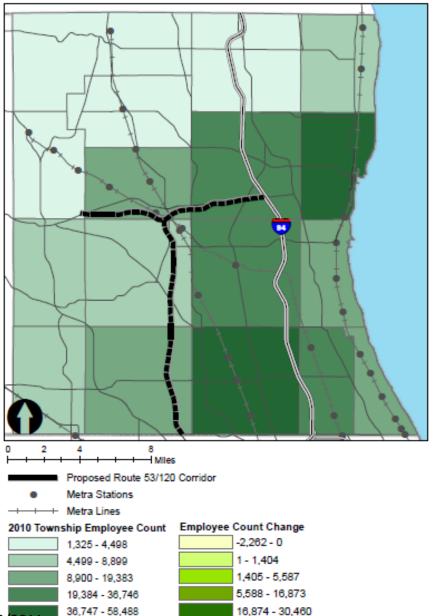
Sources: CMAP analysis of US Decennial Census data and Illinois Department of Economic Security Quarterly Workforce Indicators

The Proposed Route 53/120 Corridor shown is for illustrative purposes only and does not reflect an exact alignment.



## Proposed Lake County Corridor: Lake County Employees by Township





11/9/2011

Employee Change, 1990 to 2010



Lake County Demographic and Economic Trends									
	1990	2000	2010						
Populaton™	440,372	644,356	703,462						
Employment	210,671	298,220	309,034						
Commercial Deve	lopment								
Retail SF	No Data	27,600,000	33,520,000						
Offie S ₽22	No Data	30,210,000	34,680,000						
Industrial SF	No Data	75,630,000	82,490,000						

Sources: CMAP analysis of US Decennial Census data, CoStar commercial property data, and Illinois Department of Economic Security Quarterly Workforce Indicators The Proposed Route 53/120 Corridor shown is for illustrative purposes only and does not reflect an exact alignment.





- Past studies indicate a need for the Route 53 extension and improvements in the IL 120 corridor
- Improvements are being made to other area roads, but these do not eliminate the need for a 53/120 project
- Lake County is growing and will continue to grow- road provides a crucial link between people and jobs
- Location is largely defined for 53/120, but questions about roadway character and environmental considerations remain
- GO TO 2040 calls for a "modern boulevard" approach

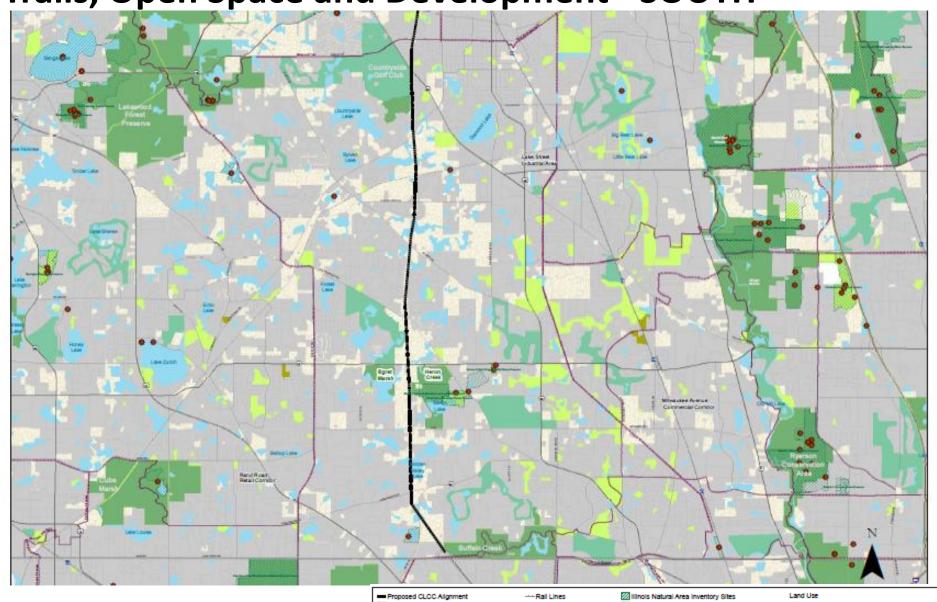




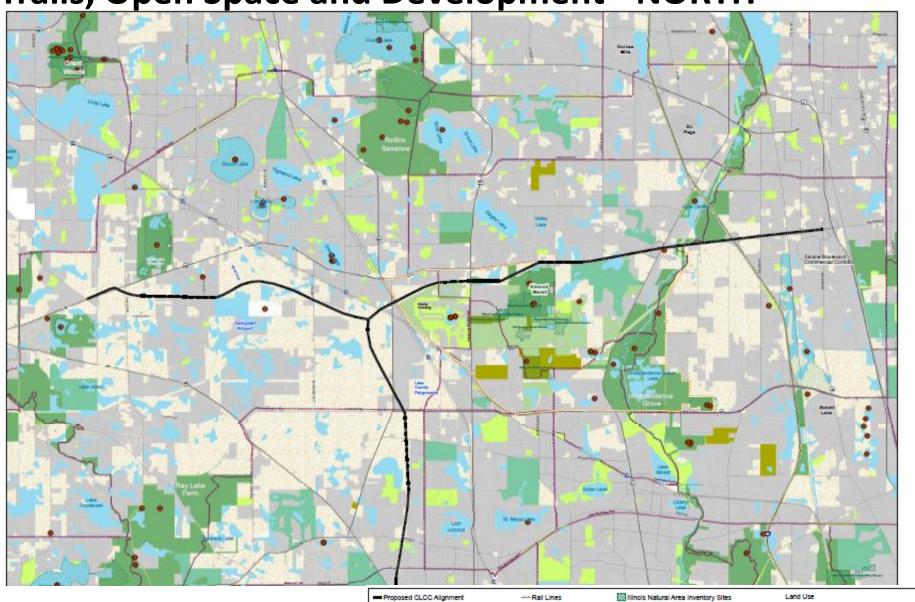
## **Environmental Features**& Constraints



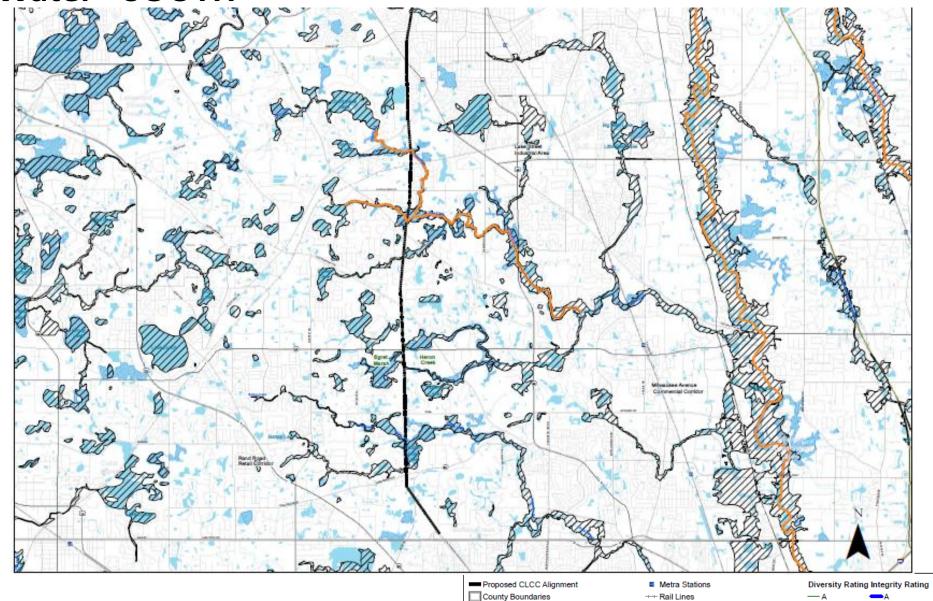
Trails, Open Space and Development - SOUTH



**Trails, Open Space and Development - NORTH** 



## **Water - SOUTH**



Roadway Network

-Interstate (PAS)

--- Other

--- Other Principal Arterial (PAS)

--- Freeway and Expressway (Urban Only) (PAS) --- ADID Wetlands

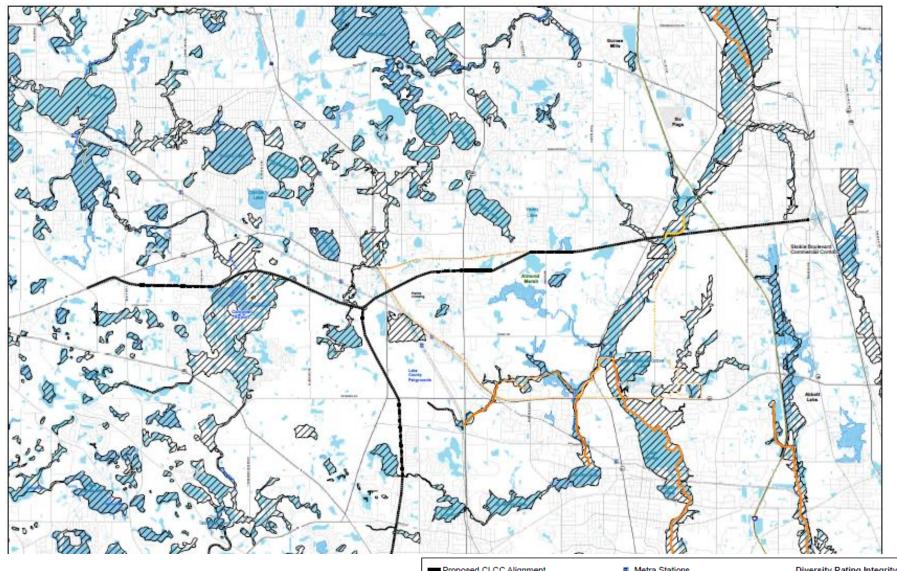
Liberty Prairie Reserve

Special Flood Hazard Area

Biologically Significant Stream

National Wetland Inventory (2005 update) — E

## Water - NORTH







# I-LAST Manual and Other Sample Metrics





## **I-LAST MANUAL**

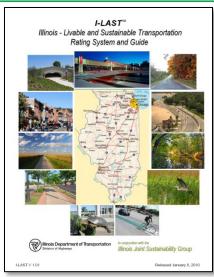
## Illinois – Livable and Sustainable Transportation Rating System and Guide

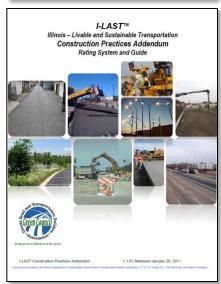
 Developed by IDOT in conjunction with the Illinois Joint Sustainability Group (engineering and construction community)

## Purpose:

- Provide a comprehensive list of practices that have the potential to bring sustainable results to highway projects
- Establish a simple and efficient method of evaluating transportation projects with respect to livability, sustainability, and effect on the natural environment
- Record and recognize the use of sustainable practices in the transportation industry

## Use is voluntary





## SAMPLE

- Some points not applicable on some projects
- Projects can be evaluated based only on the practices that were applicable to the project

#### I-LAST Project Environmental Sustainability Rating System Scorecard

CATEGORY		ID	DESCRIPTION		Available Points	Project Points
Planning	P-1 Context Sensitive Solutions	P-1a	Identify Stake	2		
		P-1b	Engage Stake	2		
		P-1c	Involve Stake	Involve Stakeholders to develop and evaluate alternatives		
		P-1d	Employ Stakeholder involvement techniques to achieve consensus for Preferred Project Alternative		2	
	P-2 Land Use/ Community Planning	P-2a	Promote reduction in vehicle trips by accommodating increased use of public transit		2	
		P-2b	Accommodate multi-modal transportation uses (e.g. transit riders, pedestrians, and bicyclists)		2	
		P-2c	Increase transportation efficiencies for moving freight through features such as dedicated rail or intermodal facilities		2	
		P-2d	Partnerships advancement	2		
		P-2e	Project is consistent with regional plans and local managed growth-based Master or Comprehensive Plans		2	
		P-2f	Project is compatible with local efforts for Transit Oriented Design		1	
		D-1a	Avoid impacts			
			D-1a-1	Avoid all impacts	2	
			D-1a-2	Avoid significant impacts	1	
	D-1 Alignment Selection	D-1b	Provide buffe wetlands/wate			
Design			D-1b-1	Provide 100 foot buffer to resources	2	
			D-1b-2	Avoid resource with less than 100 foot buffer	1	
		D-1c		s to environmental resources, such as INAI sites threatened or endangered species		
			D-1c-1	Avoid all impacts	2	
			D-1c-2	Avoid significant impacts	1	
		D-1d	Avoid impacts to socioeconomic resources			
			D-1d-1	Avoid all impacts	2	
			D-1d-2	Avoid significant impacts	1	
		D-1e	Cross section minimizes overall construction "footprint" to eliminate R.O.W. takes		2	
		D-1f	Minimize total earthwork by matching proposed vertical alignments as closely as possible to existing grades		1	
		D-1g	Utilize brownfield locations		2	



## I-LAST SCORECARD CATEGORIES

## **Planning**

- Context sensitive solutions
- Land use/community planning

## Design

- Alignment selection
- Context sensitive design

#### **Environmental**

- Protect, enhance or restore wildlife and its habitat
- Trees and plan communities
- Noise abatement
- Reduce Energy Performance
- Lower emissions/reduce petroleum consumption
- Maximize trucking efficiency

### **Innovation**

## **Water Quality**

- Reduce impervious area
- Storm water treatment
- Construction practices to protect water quality

## **Transportation**

- Traffic operations
- Transit
- Improve bicycle & pedestrian facilities

## Lighting

- Reduced electrical consumption
- Stray light reduction

### **Materials and Resource**

Materials (reduction and recycling)





## LCTIP EVALUATION CATEGORIES

#### Socio-economics

- Population
- Households
- Employment
- Community and land use changes
- Residential relocations
- Business relocations
- Environmental justice

## **Agricultural Impacts**

- Direct acreage converted
- Farming operations
- Market value of affected crops

#### **Natural Resources**

- ADID wetlands (# and ac)
- Non ADID wetlands (# and ac)
- □ Total wetlands (# and ac)
- Threatened or endangered species

### **Cultural Resources**

- Historic structures
- Archaeological sites

## Section 4(f) Resources – Parklands

- Forest preserves
- Local parks

**Flood Plains** 

**Air Quality** 

**Water Quality** 

**Traffic Noise** 

**Special Waste** 





# Develop Metrics for 53/120



## QUESTIONS

- How would we modify the I-LAST scorecard and/or LCTIP evaluation matrix categories to serve as useful templates?
- What metrics should be eliminated, added?
- Are any metrics more important than others (priority)?
- Regarding priority metrics: what are the floor levels that MUST be met? (i.e. "No more than 100 acres of wetlands can be impacted and the mitigation ratio must be 3:1")
- What level of detail is needed to evaluate roadway alternatives?
- Are there other criteria or components we want considered? (i.e. Al Westerman's proposal for funding for open space or conservation?



## **Next Steps**

