The Illinois State Toll Highway Authority



Comprehensive Annual Financial Report

For the Year Ended December 31, 2014

A Component Unit of the State of Illinois

COMPREHENSIVE ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT

For the Year Ended December 31, 2014

MISSION STATEMENT:

The Illinois Tollway is dedicated to providing and promoting a safe and efficient system of toll-supported highways while ensuring the highest possible level of service to our customers.

Prepared by the Finance Department

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INTRODUCTORY SECTION



The Illinois State Toll Highway Authority 2700 Ogden Avenue Downers Grove, Illinois 60515-1703 630/241-6800

Fax: 630/241-6100 T.T.Y. 630/241-6898

June 17, 2015

Board of Directors
Illinois State Toll Highway Authority
2700 Ogden Avenue
Downers Grove, IL 60515

Directors:

The Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR) of The Illinois State Toll Highway Authority (Tollway), for the year ended December 31, 2014, is hereby submitted. Responsibility for both the accuracy of the data and the completeness and fairness of the presentation, including all disclosures, rests with the Tollway. To the best of our knowledge and belief, the enclosed data are accurate in all material respects and are reported in a manner designed to present fairly the financial position and results of operations of the Tollway. All disclosures necessary to enable the reader to gain an understanding of the Tollway's financial activities have been included.

The CAFR is presented in three sections: introductory, financial, and statistical. The introductory section includes this letter of transmittal, the Tollway Board of Directors, the Tollway's organizational chart and narrative background about the Tollway. It also discusses the Tollway's current capital program, "Move Illinois: The Illinois Tollway Driving the Future". The financial section includes the independent auditor's report, management's discussion and analysis, the basic financial statements including notes to the financial statements and schedules that provide further business and financial information about the operation of the Tollway. The statistical section provides trend and business data, generally on a multi-year basis; includes annual supplemental information that meets the Rule 15c2-12 continuing disclosure requirement; and is useful to existing and potential investors.

We believe that this report provides a full understanding of the Tollway's 2014 financial and operational activities and describes how the Tollway is prepared to meet its financial and operational responsibilities in years to come.

Respectfully submitted,

Kristi Lafleur

Executive Director

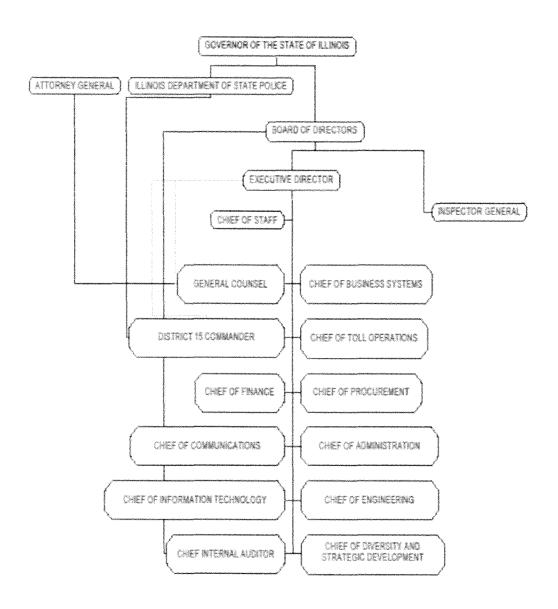
Michael J. Colsch

Chief of Finance

Patricia J. Pearn

Controller

ILLINOIS TOLLWAY TABLE OF ORGANIZATION



June 9, 2014

THE ILLINOIS STATE TOLL HIGHWAY AUTHORITY AS OF DECEMBER 31, 2014

Board of Directors

Term Expires(1)

Pat Quinn, Governor, State of Illinois (Ex-Officio) (2)

Erica Borggren, Secretary, Illinois Department of Transportation (Ex-Officio) (3)

Paula Wolff, Chair	05/01/17 (4)
James J. Banks.	
Terry D'arcy	05/01/15 (5)
David Gonzalez	
Mark Peterson	
Jeffrey Redick	
James Sweeney	
Earl Dotson, Jr	
Tom Weisner	05/01/15 (5)

- In accordance with Public Act 97-582, effective August 26, 2011 (the effective date), a director appointed after the Effective Date shall not continue in office longer than 60 calendar days after the expiration of that term of office, unless reappointed and qualified in accordance with law.
- On January 12, 2015, Bruce Rauner was sworn in as the Governor of the State of Illinois.
- On January 13, 2015, Randall Blankenhorn was appointed Acting Secretary of the Illinois Department of Transportation by Governor Bruce Rauner.
- ⁽⁴⁾ Effective June 1, 2015, Paula Wolff resigned as Chair of the Illinois Tollway Board of Directors.
- (5) Effective May 25, 2015, Governor Bruce Rauner appointed the following to replace the Board members whose terms expired on 5/1/15:
 - Joseph Gomez
 - David Gonzalez (Reappointed)
 - Craig Johnson
 - Nick Sauer
 - Robert Schillerstrom(6)
- Effective June 5, 2015, Governor Bruce Rauner appointed Robert Schillerstrom as Chairman of the Tollway Board of Directors.

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Comprehensive Annual Financial Report Overview of Organization, Background and Functions

December 31, 2014

Profile of the agency

The Tollway is a user-financed administrative agency of the State of Illinois. The Illinois State Toll Highway Authority was created by the Toll Highway Act ("Act") to provide for the construction, operation, regulation and maintenance of a system of toll highways within the State of Illinois. Under the Act, the Tollway assumed all of the obligations, powers, duties, functions and assets of its predecessor agency, The Illinois State Toll Highway Commission. The Tollway is empowered to enter into contracts to: acquire, own, use, lease, operate and dispose of personal and real property, including rights-of-way, franchises and easements; establish and amend resolutions, by-laws, rules, regulations and to fix and revise toll rates; acquire, construct, relocate, operate, regulate and maintain the Tollway system; exercise the power of eminent domain; and contract for services and supplies for the various customer service areas on the Tollway system. The Tollway system currently consists of 286 miles of tollroads.

The Tollway is governed by an 11 member Board of Directors that includes the Governor of Illinois, ex-officio, and the Secretary of the Illinois Department of Transportation, ex-officio. Nine directors are appointed by the Governor, with the advice and consent of the Illinois Senate, from the state at large with the goal of maximizing representation from the areas served by the Tollway system. No more than five directors may be from the same political party.

The Tollway appoints an Executive Director without approval from the state legislature, and employs other personnel to administer the Tollway system and implement the policies of the Board of Directors. The Tollway's organizational structure consists of 14 departments, as outlined in the organization chart presented in this document.

Local economy

The Tollway is an important component of the transportation network in Northern Illinois, with roads running through 12 counties. The Tollway serves both commuter and commercial traffic, with approximately 88% of traffic consisting of passenger vehicles. A large number of Fortune 500 companies are in close proximity to the Tollway, therefore the traffic is impacted by the local economy and unemployment rates. As such, the Tollway experienced a slight decline in traffic during the recent economic downturn, but traffic has rebounded since the recession.

Long term financial planning and major initiatives

The Tollway has adopted a 15 –year, \$12 billion capital program, called "Move Illinois: The Illinois Tollway Driving the Future" beginning in 2012 through 2026. Following is a sample of some of the projects included in this program:

• Construct a new interchange at the Tri-State Tollway (I-294) and I-57

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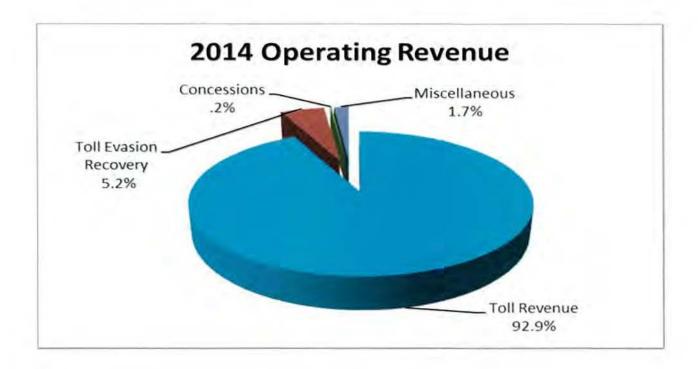
Comprehensive Annual Financial Report Overview of Organization, Background and Functions

December 31, 2014

recognized in the periods in which they are incurred. (The Tollway provides supplementary information on a "Trust Indenture Basis"- a basis not in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles.)

Operating Revenue and Expense

Total operating revenue increased approximately 2.5% from \$1,016.9 million in 2013, to \$1,042.8 million in 2014. Toll revenue increased 2.7% over the prior year due to an increase in both commercial and passenger vehicle traffic. Toll evasion recovery revenue decreased slightly, to \$53.8 million from \$54.2 million in 2013.

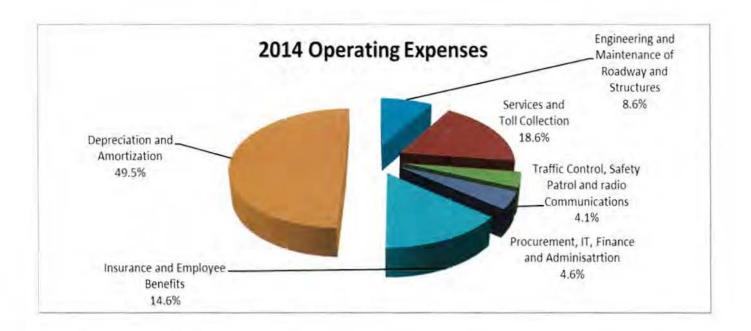


Total operating expenses, excluding depreciation, increased by approximately 6.0% in 2014. This was largely due to an increase in the retirement contribution rate, winter roadway materials, equipment maintenance and consulting fees. See the Management Discussion and Analysis contained within these statements for further information.

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Comprehensive Annual Financial Report Overview of Organization, Background and Functions

December 31, 2014



Awards and acknowledgements

The Government Finance Officers Association of the United States and Canada (GFOA) awarded a Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting to the Illinois Tollway for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2013. This was the 18th consecutive year that the Tollway has received this award. In order to receive this certificate, the Tollway had to publish an easily readable and efficiently organized CAFR that satisfied both generally accepted accounting principles and applicable program requirements.

The Illinois Tollway also received the GFOA's Distinguished Budget Presentation Award for its 2013 annual budget book. To qualify for the Distinguished Budget Presentation Award, the budget book had to be judged proficient as a policy document, a financial plan, an operations guide and a communications device.

The preparation of this report would not have been possible without the skill, effort and dedication of the Finance Department. We wish to extend our appreciation to all Tollway departments for their assistance in providing the data necessary to prepare this report.

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Comprehensive Annual Financial Report Overview of Organization, Background and Functions

December 31, 2014

- Construct the Elgin O'Hare Western Access Project near and around O'Hare International Airport
- Planning for the Illinois Route 53/120 Project.
- Rebuild and widen the Jane Addams Memorial Tollway (I-90) from the Tri-State Tollway (I-294) to the I-39 Interchange in Rockford.
- Reconstruct the central Tri-State Tollway (I-294) from 95th Street to Balmoral Avenue
- Facilities improvements and roadway maintenance

This program is being funded by a toll increase that went into effect in 2012 and the anticipated issuance of approximately \$5 billion in revenue bonds during the term of the program. The Tollway also affirmed a previously approved increase in commercial vehicle toll rates, which will be phased in over 2015–2017, with an annual Consumer Price Index inflator applied beginning January 1, 2018. As of December 31, 2014, \$1.4 billion in bonds had been issued to fund this program.

The Tollway's capital program also includes environmental initiatives, such as wetland and endangered species mitigation, fuel consumption reduction and "green" construction materials and practices and integration of new intelligent transportation systems.

Services Provided

The Illinois Tollway offers a number of convenience and safety services to its customers.

Oases

Seven oases serve the Illinois Tollway system. The Illinois Tollway has entered into leases with two private companies to operate restaurants, stores, and fuel stations at these sites. These facilities contain fuel stations, car washes, food and retail services, restroom facilities, I-PASS Customer Service Centers and other traveler-related conveniences; the oases are open 24-hours a day, 365 days a year. In 2014, the Des Plaines over the road pavilion building was closed in anticipation of removal to facilitate rebuilding and widening of the Jane Addams Tollway. The fuel stations remain at that site.

Tollway Maintenance

Providing Tollway customers with a safe and well-maintained highway is a task assigned to the Maintenance and Traffic Division of the Department of Engineering. Personnel assigned to the 11 maintenance sections, spaced at approximately 25-30 mile intervals along the road, keep the Tollway in safe, convenient, and comfortable driving condition. In winter, maintenance personnel clear the roadway of snow and ice. Year-round they respond to incidents that can disrupt traffic flow.

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Comprehensive Annual Financial Report Overview of Organization, Background and Functions

December 31, 2014

The Tollway has continued to deploy Intelligent Transportation System (ITS), CCTV cameras, traffic sensors and dynamic message signs to enable the Traffic Operations Center to proactively manage traffic and incidents throughout the system. Traffic sensors now provide full system coverage. These efforts continue to demonstrate improved incident detection, confirmation, resource deployment and clearance, resulting in minimal lane blockage and reduced secondary crashes.

Telecommunications System

The Tollway owns and maintains a microwave and fiber optic voice, data and video communications network. This communications system supports mobile radios, telephones, alarms, CCTV, and computer data transmissions for toll plaza operations, roadway maintenance, Illinois State Police District 15, public safety, emergency vehicles, and security.

Illinois State Police

Illinois State Police District 15 is a unique State Police district in that the community which it serves is a mobile one: travelers from across the country and local commuters, traversing the 286 miles of the Illinois Tollway system. Troopers assigned to District 15 cover 12 different counties and five geographic State Police districts. District 15 has a long history of achieving the highest standards possible in its service to citizens and commuters. The district remains vigilant in ensuring that its areas of responsibility are safe and secure.

Patron Emergency Services

Formal agreements are maintained with public and private service providers along each toll road to provide towing and road service, if needed, and public safety, fire and ambulance response. In addition, the Tollway also supports the *999 Cellular Motorist Assistance Program in the Chicago Metropolitan area.

Since 1997, the Tollway has operated the Highway Emergency Lane Patrol (H.E.L.P.) program as a service to motorists and to further enhance safety and facilitate traffic flow. Specially equipped trucks operated by trained Maintenance and Traffic Division personnel patrol the entire Tollway system during peak traffic periods to assist motorists who may be disabled, stranded or otherwise in need. State Farm is the exclusive sponsor of the H.E.L.P. program. For the calendar year, 2014, H.E.L.P. trucks have assisted 32,620 Tollway customers, driving 1.2 million miles and dispensing 3,384 gallons of gasoline.

Financial Information

The management of the Tollway is responsible for establishing and maintaining an internal control structure designed to ensure that Tollway assets are protected from loss, theft or misuse and to ensure

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Comprehensive Annual Financial Report Overview of Organization, Background and Functions

December 31, 2014

that adequate accounting data are compiled to allow for the preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP). An effective internal control structure should provide reasonable, but not absolute, assurance that these objectives are met. The concept of reasonable assurance recognizes that: (1) the cost of a control should not exceed the benefits likely to be derived; and (2) the valuation of costs and benefits requires estimates and judgments by management.

Accounting Systems

The Tollway's accounting systems are organized and operated on an "enterprise fund" basis. The accounting practices of the Tollway are more fully described in the summary of significant accounting policies included in the notes to its financial statements in the Financial Section of this report.

Management's Discussion and Analysis

The Financial Section includes a discussion and analysis of the Tollway's financial performance that provides readers with a narrative overview of its financial activities and the changes in its financial position for the periods ended December 31, 2014 and 2013.

Notes to Financial Statements

The notes provided in the Financial Section of this report should be considered an integral and essential part of adequate disclosures and fair presentation of this financial report. The notes include a Summary of Significant Accounting Policies of the Tollway and other necessary disclosures of pertinent matters relating to its financial position. The notes provide additional informative disclosures not reflected on the face of the financial statements.

Budgetary Controls

The Tollway is required by its Trust Indenture to prepare a tentative budget for the ensuing fiscal year on or before October 31 of each fiscal year and to adopt the annual budget for such fiscal year on or before January 31 of such fiscal year. The adopted budget is used for control of operating and capital expenses and for financial planning and is prepared in accordance with provisions of the Trust Indenture, not on the basis of generally accepted accounting principles. The budget is approved by the Tollway Board of Directors but does not require the approval of the state legislature.

Basis of Accounting and Measurement

The Tollway employs generally accepted accounting principles similar to those used by private business enterprises with the accrual basis of accounting as its foundation. Under the accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recognized in the periods in which they are earned, and expenses are

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Comprehensive Annual Financial Report Independent Audit

December 31, 2014

Independent Audit

The Trust Indenture requires an annual audit of the Tollway's books and accounts for each fiscal year. The audit is to be conducted by independent certified public accountants and commence by April 30 of each year.

In addition to an independent financial audit, the Tollway is subject to an annual compliance examination as performed by Special Assistant Auditors selected by the Office of the Auditor General of the State of Illinois.

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Comprehensive Annual Financial Report

December 31, 2014



Government Finance Officers Association

Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting

Presented to

The Illinois State **Toll Highway Authority**

> For its Comprehensive Annual Financial Report for the Fiscal Year Ended

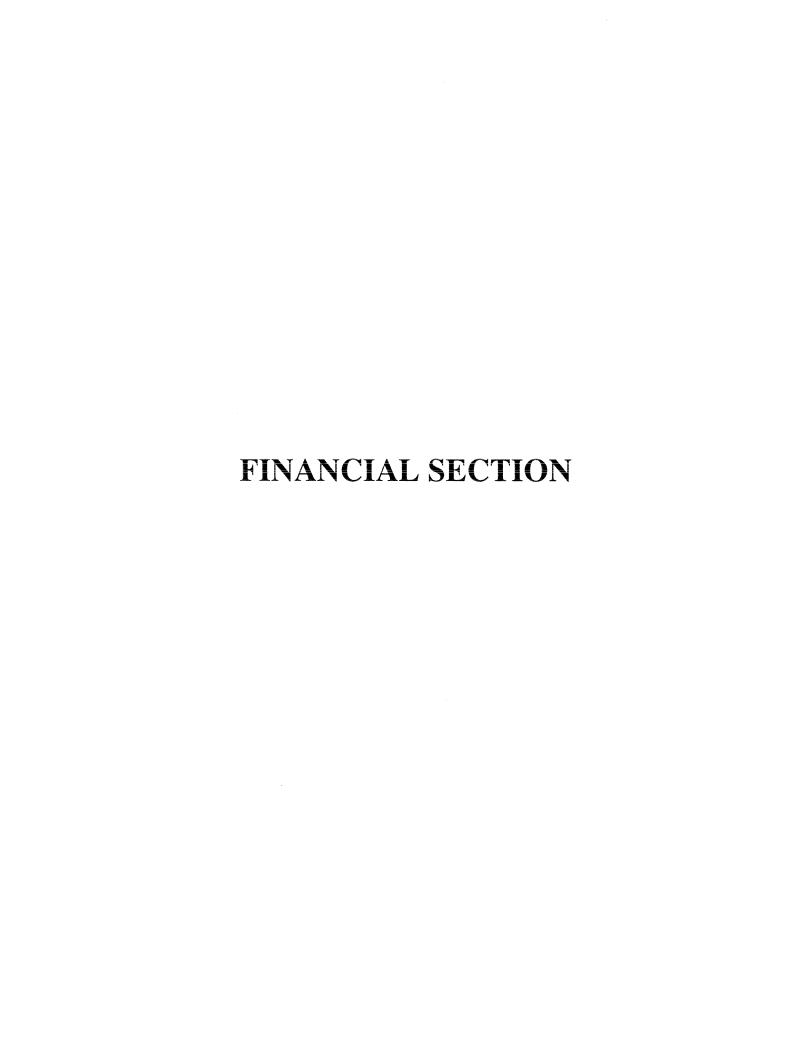
December 31, 2013

Executive Director/CEO

A certificate of achievement is valid for a period of one year. The Tollway believes that its current CAFR will continue to meet the Certificate of Achievement Program's requirements; this 2014 CAFR will be submitted to the GFOA to determine its eligibility for another certificate.

Acknowledgments

Appreciation is extended to the entire General Accounting staff for their preparation of this financial report. Special thanks also go to all other Tollway staff for their assistance and contributions in compiling this report.





KPMG LLP

Aon Center Suite 5500 200 East Randolph Drive Chicago, IL 60601-6436

Independent Auditors' Report

Honorable William G. Holland Auditor General State of Illinois

The Board of Directors
Illinois State Toll Highway Authority:

Report on the Financial Statements

As Special Assistant Auditors for the Illinois Auditor General, we have audited the accompanying financial statements of the Illinois State Toll Highway Authority (the Tollway), a component unit of the State of Illinois, as of and for the year ended December 31, 2014, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively compromise the Tollway's basic financial statements for the year then ended as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditors' judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.



Opinion

In our opinion, the basic financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the Illinois State Toll Highway Authority as of December 31, 2014, and the changes in its financial position and its cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles.

Report on Summarized Comparative Information

We have previously audited the Tollway's 2013 financial statements, and we expressed an unmodified audit opinion on those audited financial statements in our report dated June 20, 2014. In our opinion, the summarized comparative information presented herein as of and for the year ended December 31, 2013 is consistent, in all material respects, with the audited financial statements from which it has been derived.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

U.S. generally accepted accounting principles require that the management's discussion and analysis on pages 4 to 10 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Supplementary and Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming an opinion on the Tollway's basic financial statements. The accompanying supplementary information in Schedules 1 through 4 is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The accompanying supplementary information in Schedules 1 through 4 is the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the supplementary information in Schedules 1 through 4 is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.



The introductory section and statistical section have not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements, and accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on them.

KPMG LLP

Chicago, Illinois June 17, 2015

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Management's Discussion and Analysis (Unaudited)

December 31, 2014

This section offers readers a discussion and analysis of the financial performance of the Illinois State Toll Highway Authority (the Tollway), provides an overview of its financial activities, and identifies changes in the Tollway's financial position for the year ended December 31, 2014. Readers should use this section of this report in conjunction with the Tollway's basic financial statements.

2014 Financial Highlights

- In August of 2011, the Tollway's Board of Directors approved a \$12 billion capital plan, called "Move Illinois, the Illinois Tollway Driving the Future", which established a guide for infrastructure investments to be made by the Tollway beginning in 2012 through 2026. During 2014, construction and professional engineering services contracts with a combined value of \$1,147 million were awarded under this program.
- The Move Illinois program provides capital investments in addition to investments programmed in the previously approved Congestion Relief program (CRP). About \$366 million is approved in the current capital plans to be invested under the CRP for years 2015 through 2016.
- To fund the capital outlays approved for "Move Illinois", the Tollway board set new toll rates for passenger vehicles using the system; these higher rates were effective January 1, 2012. The Tollway also affirmed a previously approved increase in commercial vehicle toll rates, which will be phased in over 2015 through 2017, with an annual Consumer Price Index inflator applied beginning January 1, 2018.
- The anticipated funding for the capital plan will be new revenue bonds to be issued through 2022, totaling about \$5 billion, of which \$900 million were issued in 2014 and \$500 million were issued in 2013.
- In 2014, the Tollway also issued bonds in the par amount of \$643.3 million to advance refund a portion of the 2005A series, and to advance refund all of the outstanding 2006A series.
- The Tollway's 2014 operating revenue totaled \$1042.8 million, an increase of \$25.9 million from the previous year. Net operating income for 2014 was \$419.4 million, an increase of \$8.2 million.
- Amounts on deposit on behalf of I-PASS account holders increased by 1.5% at year-end to \$167 million; the percentage of Tollway users paying by I-PASS was 87% in 2014

Basic Financial Statements

The Tollway accounts for its operations and financial transactions in a manner similar to that used by private business enterprises: the accrual basis of accounting. In these statements revenue is recognized in the period in which it is earned, and an expense is recognized in the period in which it is incurred, regardless of the timing of its related cash flow.

Overview of the Financial Statements

This discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to the Tollway's basic financial statements. For each fiscal year the Tollway's basic financial statements are comprised of the following:

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- Statement of Net Position
- Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position
- Statement of Cash Flows
- Notes to the Financial Statements

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Management's Discussion and Analysis (Unaudited)

December 31, 2014

The Statement of Net Position presents information on all of the Tollway's assets, deferred outflows, liabilities, and deferred inflows, with the difference between these items reported as net position. Increases or decreases in net assets, over time, may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the Tollway is improving or deteriorating.

The Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position presents revenue and expense information and the change in the Tollway's net position during the measurement period as a result of these transactions.

The Statement of Cash Flows presents sources and uses of cash for the fiscal year, displayed in the following categories: cash flows from operating activities, cash flows from non-capital financing activities, cash flows from investing activities.

The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the basic financial statements. They are an integral part of the basic financial statements.

Financial Analysis

2014 Results Compared to 2013

Operating Revenue

The Tollway's total 2014 operating revenues exceeded those of the previous year, up \$25.9 million (2.5%) at \$1,042.8 million (compared to \$1,016.9 million in 2013). The bulk of this increase came from toll revenue which totaled \$969.0 million in 2014 (up from \$943.2 million in 2013), due to an increase in both commercial and passenger vehicle traffic. Revenue from toll evasion recovery was slightly lower (-.8%) than 2013, at \$53.8 million in 2014 (versus \$54.2 million in 2013).

Other revenue remained fairly consistent year over year.

Operating Expenses

Operating expenses, excluding depreciation, increased \$17.7 million (6.0%) in 2014. The increased operating cost was due mainly to increased retirement contributions, winter roadway materials, equipment maintenance and consulting fees. Depreciation expense was stable year over year, less by .01% at \$308.8 million, from \$308.9 million in 2013. The resulting operating income for the year, \$419.4 million, was up by \$8.2 million from the previous year.

Non-operating Revenue and Expense

Net non-operating expense decreased this year (by 8.5%) from \$206.6 million in 2013 to \$188.9 million for 2014, primarily the result of a reclassification of dormant project costs in 2013 to miscellaneous expense which did not recur in 2014. There was also a decrease of \$3.9 million (1.9%) in interest and other financing costs which totaled \$203.7 million this year (versus \$207.6 million in 2013). Again this year the Tollway received an interest rebate from the federal treasury relating to bonds which were issued as Build America Bonds. The 2014 rebate totaled \$15.1 million, an increase of \$.1 million from 2013.

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(A Component Unit of the State of Illinois)

Management's Discussion and Analysis (Unaudited)

December 31, 2014

Statement of Changes in Net Position

		2014	2013
Revenues:			
Operating revenues:			
Toll revenue	\$	968,971,925 \$	
Toll evasion recovery		53,769,282	54,220,590
Concessions		2,096,881	2,305,563
Miscellaneous		17,982,788	17,238,843
Nonoperating revenues:			
Investment income		1,057,937	946,210
Revenues under intergovernmental agreements		39,218,519	35,287,508
Net gain on disposal of property		-	159,590
Bond interest subsidy (Build America Bonds)		15,066,431	14,952,722
Total revenues		1,098,163,763	1,068,263,096
Expenses:			
Operating expenses:			
Engineering and maintenance of roadway and structures		53,850,571	47,314,811
Services and toll collection		115,778,783	116,319,349
Traffic control, safety patrol, and radio communications		25,503,136	22,554,755
Procurement, IT, finance, and administration		28,322,665	24,325,930
Insurance and employee benefits		91,082,480	86,277,850
Depreciation and amortization		308,835,872	308,869,419
Nonoperating expenses:			
Expenses under intergovernmental agreement		39,218,519	35,287,508
Net loss on disposal of property		451,284	-
Miscellaneous		959,699	15,078,644
Interest expense and amortization of financing cost		203,660,387	207,566,638
Total expenses		867,663,396	863,594,904
Capital contributions under intergovernmental agreements		1,868,528	103,915
Increase in net position		232,368,895	204,772,107
Net position, beginning of year		2,246,335,592	2,041,563,485
Net position, end of year	\$ _	2,478,704,487	2,246,335,592

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Management's Discussion and Analysis (Unaudited)

December 31, 2014

Changes in Net Position

Net operating income increased in 2014 by \$8.2 million to \$419.4 million. After deducting this year's net non-operating expense of \$188.9 million, the Tollway posted an increase in net position for the year of \$232.4 million (compared to \$204.8 million increase in net position for 2013). After this year's result, the Tollway's net position totaled nearly \$2.5 billion.

Statement of Net Position December 31, 2014 and 2013

ASSETS		2014	2013
Current and other Assets Capital assets – net	\$	2,257,173,010 \$ 6,235,314,815	1,885,634,855 5,429,506,171
Total Assets		8,492,487,825	7,315,141,026
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES			
Accumulated decrease in fair value of hedging derivatives Net loss on bond refundings		257,181,557 71,787,511	136,553,050 53,689,425
		328,969,068	190,242,475
LIABILITIES			
Current debt outstanding Long-term debt outstanding Other liabilities		97,795,000 5,319,392,765 925,564,641	92,855,000 4,426,731,373 739,461,536
Total liabilities		6,342,752,406	5,259,047,909
NET POSITION			
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt Restricted under trust indenture agreement Restricted for supplemental pension benefits obligations Unrestricted		1,227,482,902 410,020,656 57,996 841,142,933	1,126,446,163 364,205,442 61,950 755,622,037
Total Net Position	\$_	2,478,704,487 \$	2,246,335,592

(A Component Unit of the State of Illinois)

Management's Discussion and Analysis (Unaudited)

December 31, 2014

Capital Assets and Debt Administration

Capital Assets

Capital assets continue to represent the largest category of Tollway assets, totaling \$6.2 billion at year-end (\$5.4 billion a year ago) comprising 71% of total Tollway assets. See the accompanying Notes to the Financial Statements - notes 1 and 6 - for further information about capital assets.

December 31, 2014 and 2013

				Net Changes in	
	January 1, 2014		Net Changes in	Accumulated	December 31, 2014
	 Net Balance		Capital Assets	 Depreciation	Net Balance
Land	\$ 337,264,544	\$	52,033,107	\$ - \$	389,297,651
Construction in progress	355,523,656		461,798,517	-	817,322,173
Buildings	14,412,990		1,754,057	(950,912)	15,216,135
Infrastructure	4,640,142,452		86,060,454	192,447,273	4,918,650,178
Machinery and equipment	 82,162,529	_	23,477,664	 (10,811,515)	94,828,678
Total	\$ 5,429,506,171	\$	625,123,799	\$ 180,684,846 \$	6,235,314,815

					1	Net Changes in		
		January 1, 2013		Net Changes in		Accumulated		December 31, 2013
		Net Balance	_	Capital Assets		Depreciation	_	Net Balance
Land	\$	327,977,023	\$	9,287,521	\$		\$	337,264,544
Construction in progress		132,755,334		222,768,322				355,523,656
Buildings		14,891,365		455,949		(934,324)		14,412,990
Infrastructure		4,602,500,222		331,293,028		(293,650,798)		4,640,142,452
Machinery and equipment		80,282,370		15,413,536		(13,533,377)		82,162,529
Total	_\$_	5,158,406,314	\$	579,218,356	\$_	(308,118,499)	\$_	5,429,506,171

Long-Term Debt

At year-end 2014, total revenue bonds payable had increased by \$897.6 million (from \$4.52 billion), primarily the result of two principal payments, two new money bond issuances, and two refunding bond issuances in 2014. All debt issues and related transactions are described more fully in note 8.

Other Debt-Related Information

The 1998 Series B, 2007 Series A-1 and A-2, and 2008 Series A-1 and A-2 bonds were issued as variable rate bonds. In connection with the issuance of these variable rate series, the Tollway entered into ten separate variable-to-fixed interest rate exchange (swap) agreements in total notional amounts and with amortizations matching the total principal amounts and amortizations of the Tollway's three variable rate bond issues. In connection with a refunding of a portion of the 2008 Series A-2 Bonds, one of the ten swap agreements was terminated on July 1, 2010. Nine swap agreements are outstanding as of December 31, 2014. Two swap agreements are associated with the 1998 Series B bonds, in original amounts totaling \$123.1 million, both of

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(A Component Unit of the State of Illinois)

Management's Discussion and Analysis (Unaudited)

December 31, 2014

which are outstanding as of December 31, 2014 and 2013. Four swap agreements are associated with the 2007 Series A-1 and A-2 bonds, in original amounts totaling \$700 million, all of which are outstanding as of December 31, 2014 and 2013. Three swap agreements are associated with the 2008 Series A-1 and A-2 bonds, in original amounts totaling \$478.9 million, all of which are outstanding as of December 31, 2014 and 2013. The Tollway utilized these nine swap agreements in order to hedge against rising interest rates and to reduce its borrowing rate (as compared to the borrowing rate obtainable through fixed rate bonds). The risks associated with these types of arrangements and the strategies employed by the Tollway to mitigate those risks are discussed in note 9 of the financial statements.

As of December 31, 2014, fair market value analyses of the swap agreements estimate that if the Tollway had terminated the swap contracts on that date, the Tollway would have been required to make payments, net of accrued interest, of: a total of \$7.4 million for the two 1998 Series B swap agreements; a total of \$155.5 million for the two 2007 Series A-1 and A-2 swap agreements; and a total of \$94.3 million for the three 2008 Series A-1 and A-2 swap agreements.

As more fully described in Note 8, on February 7, 2011 the \$478,900,000 2008 Series A Bonds were mandatorily tendered and subsequently remarketed as three separate sub series. As of December 31, 2014, each sub-series was liquidity supported by a standby bond purchase agreement that qualified as a Substitute Liquidity Facility under the Supplemental Indenture for the 2008 Series A Bonds. The Substitute Liquidity Facilities were provided by JPMorgan Chase Bank, N.A. and Bank of America, N.A.

As more fully described in Note 8, on March 18, 2011 the \$700,000,000 2007 Series A Bonds were mandatorily tendered and subsequently remarketed as six separate sub series. As of December 31, 2014, each sub-series was secured by a letter of credit that qualified as a Substitute Credit Facility under the Supplemental Indenture for the 2007 Series A Bonds. The Substitute Credit Facilities were provided by: Citibank, N.A.; Mizuho Bank, Ltd.; The Bank of Tokyo Mitsubishi UFJ, Ltd., acting through its New York Branch; BMO Harris Bank, N.A.; Northern Trust Company and Royal Bank of Canada.

The amount of additional senior bonds that the Tollway may issue at any time is limited by the requirement that the projected net revenues are sufficient to meet the Net Revenue Requirement, after giving effect to the debt service attributable to such additional bonds. The Net Revenue Requirement is comprised of the amount necessary to cure deficiencies, if any, in debt service accounts and debt reserve accounts established under the Trust Indenture, plus the greater of (i) the sum of Aggregate Debt Service on Senior Bonds, the Junior Bond Revenue Requirement, and the Renewal and Replacement Deposit for such period, and (ii) 1.3 times the Aggregate Debt Service on Senior Bonds for such period (all capitalized terms as defined in the Trust Indenture). Under the terms of the Trust Indenture the revenue bond debt service coverage ratio for 2014 was 2.4.

Note: Amounts presented in this table exclude unamortized bond premiums and deferred amounts on refunding. Additional information concerning long term debt can be found in note 8.

(A Component Unit of the State of Illinois)

Management's Discussion and Analysis (Unaudited)

December 31, 2014

Long Term Debt Analysis

December 31, 2014 Noncurrent Current Total Revenue bonds payable: \$ Issue of 1998 Series A \$ 12.200.000 62,735,000 74,935,000 Issue of 1998 Series B 123,100,000 123,100,000 Issue of 2005 Series A 36,810,000 35,060,000 71,870,000 350,000,000 Issue of 2007 Series A-1 350,000,000 350,000,000 350,000,000 Issue of 2007 Series A-2 Issue of 2008 Series A-1 383,100,000 383,100,000 Issue of 2008 Series A-2 95,800,000 95.800.000 Issue of 2008 Series B 350,000,000 350,000,000 Issue of 2009 Series A 500,000,000 500,000,000 Issue of 2009 Series B 280,000,000 280,000,000 Issue of 2010 Series A-1 279,300,000 279,300,000 500,000,000 500,000,000 Issue of 2013 Series A Issue of 2013 Series B-1 217,390,000 217,390,000 Issue of 2014 Series A 378,720,000 378,720,000 Issue of 2014 Series B 500,000,000 500,000,000 Issue of 2014 Series C 400,000,000 400,000,000 Issue of 2014 Series D 264,555,000 264,555,000 5,020,975,000 97,795,000 Total revenue bonds payable 5,118,770,000

Factors Impacting Future Operations

In 2014 the Tollway continued the work of its \$12 billion Move Illinois capital program. Land acquisition and design work increased significantly for: the widening and rebuilding of the Jane Addams Memorial Tollway (I-90), including an interchange project at Illinois 47; the construction of the I-294/I-57 interchange; and the development of the Elgin-O'Hare Western Access Project. Four new bond series were issued in 2014, two being refunding issues and the other two to fund capital construction. The Tollway forecasts that for the fifteen-year span of the Move Illinois program, about 60% of the program's costs are expected to be funded by toll revenues.

Contacting the Tollway's Financial Management

This financial report is designed to provide our customers, bondholders, employees, and other stakeholders with an overview of the Tollway's finances and to demonstrate the Tollway's accountability for the funds it receives and deploys. Questions concerning this report or requests for additional financial information should be directed to the Controller, Illinois State Toll Highway Authority, 2700 Ogden Avenue, Downers Grove, Illinois 60515.

(A Component Unit of the State of Illinois)
Statement of Net Position
December 31, 2014
(With Comparative Totals for 2013)

Assets		2014		2013
Current assets:				
Current unrestricted assets:				
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	898,262,170	\$	812,039,408
Accounts receivable, less allowance for doubtful accounts of \$31,292,779				
and \$27,618,205, in 2014 and 2013, respectively		9,808,640		8,795,293
Intergovernmental receivables		38,911,286		37,378,453
Accrued interest receivable		736		212
Risk management reserved cash and cash equivalents		19,013,137		18,297,141
Prepaid expenses	_	1,361,416		2,237,667
Total current unrestricted assets	-	967,357,385		878,748,174
Current restricted assets:				
Cash and cash equivalents - debt service		165,018,679		214,486,678
Cash and cash equivalents – I-PASS accounts		167,097,111		164,702,419
Investments - debt service		30,800,000		
Accrued interest receivable		265,485		1,400
Supplemental pension benefits assets	-	27,822		27,822
Total current restricted assets	-	363,209,097		379,218,319
Total current assets	_	1,330,566,482		1,257,966,493
Noncurrent assets: Capital assets:				
Land, improvements and construction in progress		1,206,619,824		692,788,200
Other capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation		5,028,694,991		4,736,717,971
Total capital assets		6,235,314,815	 .	5,429,506,171
Other noncurrent assets:				
Accounts receivable less current portion		138,551,087		108,265,566
Prepaid expenses less current portion		6,380,249		7,424,212
Total noncurrent unrestricted assets		144,931,336	_	115,689,778
Noncurrent restricted assets:				
Cash, cash equivalents and investments - debt reserve		300,371,821		241,571,008
Supplemental pension benefits assets		160,009		191,785
Cash and cash equivalents - construction		481,143,362		270,215,790
Total noncurrent restricted assets		781,675,192	_	511,978,583
Total assets	-	8,492,487,825		7,315,141,026
Deferred Outflows of Resources				
Accumulated decrease in fair value of hedging derivatives		257,181,557		136,553,050
Net loss on bond refundings		71,787,511		53,689,425
	\$	328,969,068	\$	190,242,475

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(A Component Unit of the State of Illinois)
Statement of Net Position
December 31, 2014
(With Comparative Totals for 2013)

Liabilities and Net Position	2014	2013
Liabilities:		
Current liabilities		
Payable from unrestricted current assets:		
Accounts payable	\$ 35,562,754	\$ 37,668,878
Accrued liabilities	176,551,452	151,387,709
Accrued compensated absences	5,800,000	5,667,157
Intergovernmental agreement payable	97,239,773	84,445,594
Risk management claims payable	7,400,000	6,000,000
Deposits and retainage	61,265,134	30,101,093
Unearned revenue, net of accumulated amortization of \$1,870,898	and	
\$ 124,208, respectively	910,041	475,792
Total current liabilities payable from unrestricted		
current assets	384,729,154	315,746,223
Payable from current restricted assets:		
Supplemental pension benefit obligation	129,835	157,657
Current portion of revenue bonds payable	97,795,000	92,855,000
Accrued interest payable	86,435,329	91,853,644
Deposits and unearned revenue – I-PASS accounts	167,097,111	164,702,419
Total current liabilities payable from current restricted		
assets	351,457,275	349,568,720
Total current liabilities	736,186,429	665,314,943
Noncurrent liabilities:		
Revenue bonds payable, less current portion	5,319,392,765	4,426,731,373
Accrued compensated absences	4,249,082	4,020,291
Risk management claims payable	12,038,086	12,082,622
Derivative instrument liability	257,181,557	136,553,050
Unearned revenue, less accumulated amortization of \$19,974,760 and		
\$19,385,613, respectively	13,704,487	14,345,630
Total noncurrent liabilities	5,606,565,977	4,593,732,966
Total liabilities	6,342,752,406	5,259,047,909
Net position:		
Net investment in capital assets	1,227,482,902	1,126,446,163
Restricted under trust indenture agreements	410,020,656	364,205,442
Restricted for supplemental pension benefits obligations	57,996	61,950
Unrestricted	841,142,933	755,622,037
Total net position	\$ 2,478,704,487	\$ 2,246,335,592

(A Component Unit of the State of Illinois)
Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position
Year ended December 31, 2014

(With Comparative Totals for the year ended December 31, 2013)

Operating revenues:	2014	2013
Toll revenue	\$ 968,971,925	\$ 943,152,070
Toll evasion recovery	53,769,282	54,220,590
Concessions	2,096,881	2,305,563
Miscellaneous	17,982,788	17,238,843
Total operating revenues	1,042,820,876	1,016,917,066
Operating expenses:		
Engineering and maintenance of roadway and structures	53,850,571	47,314,811
Services and toll collection	115,778,783	116,319,349
Traffic control, safety patrol and radio communications	25,503,136	22,554,755
Procurement, IT, finance, and administration	28,322,665	24,325,930
Insurance and employee benefits	91,082,480	86,277,850
Depreciation and amortization	308,835,872	308,869,419
Total operating expenses	623,373,507	605,662,114
Operating income	419,447,369	411,254,952
Nonoperating revenues (expenses):		
Revenues under intergovernmental agreements	39,218,519	35,287,508
Expenses under intergovernmental agreements	(39,218,519)	(35,287,508)
Net gain (loss) on disposal of property	(451,284)	159,590
Interest expense and amortization of financing costs	(203,660,387)	(207,566,638)
Bond interest subsidy (Build America Bonds)	15,066,431	14,952,722
Miscellaneous revenue	(959,699)	(15,078,644)
Investment income	1,057,937	946,210
Total nonoperating revenues (expenses), net	(188,947,002)	(206,586,760)
Capital contribution under intergovernmental agreements	1,868,528	103,915
Change in net position	232,368,895	204,772,107
Net position, beginning of year	2,246,335,592	2,041,563,485
Net position,end of year	\$ 2,478,704,487	\$ 2,246,335,592

(A Component Unit of the State of Illinois)

Statement of Cash Flows

Year ended December 31, 2014

(With Comparative Totals for the year ended December 31, 2013)

Cash flows from operating activities:		2014		2013
Cash received from sales and services	\$	1,047,098,908	\$	1,029,028,024
Cash payments to suppliers		(132,304,971)		(122,708,942)
Cash payments to employees		(159,234,270)		(151,324,265)
Net cash provided by operating activities		755,559,667	_	754,994,817
Cash flows from capital and related financing activities:				
Acquisition and construction of capital assets		(1,088,161,273)		(550,055,971)
Cash received from other governments for capital assets		15,325,759		13,297,333
Cash paid for intergovernmental services		(1,948,101)		(8,742,764)
Proceeds from sale of property		777,781		318,028
Bond proceeds		976,431,727		565,345,459
Principal paid on revenue bonds		(92,855,000)		(56,365,000)
Payment to defease bonds		_		(1,015,538)
Bond subsidy (Build America Bonds)		15,066,431		14,952,722
Interest expense and issuance costs paid on revenue bonds		(240,892,868)		(211,313,725)
Net cash (used in) capital and related financing activities		(416,255,544)	_	(233,579,456)
Cash flows from investing activities:				
Proceeds from sales and maturities of investments		-to-paradorna		12,000,000
Purchase of investments		(165,800,000)		AND COMMON AND ADDRESS OF THE PARTY OF THE P
Interest on investments		1,057,937		946,210
Net cash provided by (used in) investing activities		(164,742,063)	_	12,946,210
Net (decrease) increase in cash and cash equivalents		174,562,060		534,361,571
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of year		1,661,532,051		1,127,170,480
Cash and cash equivalents at end of year	\$	1,836,094,111	\$	1,661,532,051
			-	
Reconciliation of cash and cash equivalents:			_	
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	898,262,170	\$	812,039,408
Risk management reserved cash and cash equivalents		19,013,137		18,297,141
Cash and cash equivalents restricted for debt service and debt reserve		270,390,500		396,057,686
Cash and cash equivalents restricted for construction		481,143,362		270,215,790
Cash and cash equivalents – I-PASS accounts		167,097,111		164,702,419
Supplemental pension benefit assets		187,831	_	219,607
Total cash and cash equivalents at end of year	\$	1,836,094,111	\$	1,661,532,051
Non-cash investing and financing activities:				
Land Contribution from Boone County	\$	253,543	\$	
Land Controllion from Doone County	ψ		= Ψ	

See accompanying notes to the financial statements.

(A Component Unit of the State of Illinois)

Statement of Cash Flows

Year ended December 31, 2014

(With Comparative Totals for the year ended December 31, 2013)

Reconciliation of operating income to net cash provided by operating activities:		2014	 2013
Operating income Adjustments to reconcile operating income to net cash provided by operating activities:	\$	419,447,369	\$ 411,254,952
Depreciation and amortization		308,835,872	308,869,419
Provision for bad debt		4,115,528	6,185,355
Amortization of unearned revenue		(2,573,703)	(1,645,404)
Miscellaneous revenue		1,828,556	***************************************
Effects of changes in operating assets and liabilities:			
(Increase) decrease in accounts receivable		(233,298)	(1,439,083)
(Increase) decrease in intergovernmental receivables		(1,204,036)	(685,584)
Increase (decrease) in prepaid expenses		3,205	160,986
Increase in accounts payable		1,673,788	660,817
Increase in accrued liabilities		16,851,558	18,272,661
Decrease in accrued compensated absences		361,634	(125,005)
Decrease in supplemental pension obligation		(27,822)	(28,821)
Increase in intergovernmental agreement payable		2,772,211	566,562
Increase in deposits - I-PASS		2,394,693	3,845,720
Decrease in unearned revenue		(41,352)	4,621,946
Increase in risk management claims payable		1,355,464	4,480,296
Net cash provided by operating activities	\$ _	755,559,667	\$ 754,994,817

(A Component Unit of the State of Illinois)

Notes to the Financial Statements

December 31, 2014

(1) Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The accounting policies and financial reporting practices of the Illinois State Toll Highway Authority (the Tollway), a component unit of the State of Illinois, conform to U.S. generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP), as promulgated by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB).

(a) Financial Reporting Entity

The Illinois State Toll Highway Authority, a component unit of the State of Illinois, was created by an Act of the General Assembly of the State of Illinois – the Toll Highway Act – for the purpose of constructing, operating, regulating, and maintaining a toll highway or a system of toll highways and, in connection with the financing of such projects, is authorized to issue revenue bonds which shall be retired from revenues derived from the operation of the Tollway. Under the provisions of the Act, no bond issue of the Tollway, or any interest thereon, is an obligation of the State of Illinois. In addition, the Tollway is empowered to issue refunding bonds for the purpose of refunding any revenue bonds issued under the provisions of the Act, which are then outstanding.

The enabling legislation empowers the Tollway's Board of Directors with duties and responsibilities which include, but are not limited to, the ability to approve and modify the Tollway's budget, the ability to approve and modify toll rates and fees charged for use of the system, the ability to employ and discharge employees as necessary in the judgment of the Tollway, and the ability to acquire, own, use, hire, lease, operate, and dispose of personal property, real property, and any interest therein.

Component units are separate legal entities for which the primary government is legally accountable. The Tollway is a component unit of the State of Illinois for financial reporting purposes because exclusion would cause the State's financial statements to be incomplete. The governing body of the Tollway is an 11 member Board of Directors of which nine members are appointed by the Governor of Illinois with the advice and consent of the Illinois Senate. The Governor and the Secretary of the Illinois Department of Transportation are also members of the Tollway's Board of Directors. These financial statements are included in the State's comprehensive annual financial report and the State's separately issued basic financial statements. The Tollway itself does not have any component units.

(b) Basis of Accounting

The Tollway accounts for its operations and financings in a manner similar to private business enterprises; the intent is that costs of providing goods or services to the general public on a continuing basis be financed or recovered primarily through user charges.

Accordingly, the Tollway is accounted for as a proprietary fund (enterprise fund) using the flow of economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Under this measurement focus, all assets and all liabilities associated with the Tollway's operations are included in the Statement of Net Position. Revenue is recognized in the period in which it is earned and expenses are recognized in the period in which incurred.

Non-exchange transactions, in which the Tollway receives value without directly giving equal value in return, include fines for toll evasion.

(A Component Unit of the State of Illinois)

Notes to the Financial Statements

December 31, 2014

(c) Cash Equivalents

With the exception of \$54 million in locally held funds and cash on hand at December 31, 2014, all cash and investments are held for the Tollway either by the Illinois State Treasurer (the Treasurer) as custodian or by the bond trustee under the Tollway's Trust Indenture.

For purposes of the Statement of Cash Flows, the Tollway considers all highly liquid investments, including assets with a maturity of three months or less when purchased, repurchase agreements and investments held on its behalf by the Treasurer to be cash equivalents, as these investments are available upon demand.

(d) Investments

The Tollway reports investments at fair value in its Statement of Net Position with the corresponding changes in fair value being recognized as an increase or decrease to non-operating revenue in the Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position. All investments are held for the Tollway either by the Treasurer as custodian or by the bond trustee under the Tollway's Trust Indenture.

The primary objectives in the investment of Tollway funds is to ensure the safety of principal, while managing liquidity to meet the financial obligations of the Tollway, and to provide the highest investment return using authorized instruments.

All investments in U.S. Treasury and agency issues owned by the Tollway are reported at fair value. Fair value for the investments in Illinois Funds (a state-operated money market fund, sponsored by the Treasurer in accordance with Illinois state law that is rated AAAm by Standard & Poor's rating agency) is equal to the value of the pool shares. Other funds held for the Tollway by the Treasurer are invested in U.S. Treasury and agency issues at the direction of the Tollway and in repurchase agreements which are recorded at face value which approximates fair value. State statute requires that all investments comply with the Illinois Public Funds Investment Act.

The Trust Indenture, as amended, under which the Tollway's revenue bonds were issued, authorizes the Tollway to invest in U.S. Treasury and agency issues, money market funds comprised of U.S. Treasury and agency issues, repurchase agreements thereon, time deposits, and certificates of deposit. All funds held by the Tollway's bond trustee were held in compliance with these restrictions for the year ended December 31, 2014.

(e) Accounts Receivable

The Tollway's accounts receivable consist of various toll charges and amounts due from individuals and commercial, governmental and other entities. A provision for doubtful accounts has been recorded for the estimated amount of uncollectible accounts.

(f) Prepaid Expenses and Inventory

Certain payments made to vendors reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid expenses. The Tollway's inventory items consist mostly of consumable supplies that are quickly turned over and therefore the payments for such are directly expensed.

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(A Component Unit of the State of Illinois)

Notes to the Financial Statements

December 31, 2014

(g) Noncurrent Cash and Investments

Cash and investments that are externally restricted for sinking or reserve funds for the purchase or construction of capital or other noncurrent assets are classified as noncurrent assets in the Statement of Net Position.

(h) Capital Assets

Capital assets include the historical cost of land and improvements, easements, roadway and transportation structures (infrastructure), buildings and related improvements, software and equipment, with a cost exceeding \$5,000. (Projects whose individual components are less than \$5,000 but in its entirety are greater than \$5,000 may be capitalized at the discretion of the Tollway). Most expenses for the maintenance and repairs to the roadway and transportation structures, buildings, and related improvements are charged to operations when incurred. All expenses for land, buildings, infrastructure, and construction in progress that increase the value or productive capacities of assets are capitalized. The Tollway capitalizes interest related to construction in progress. Capital assets are depreciated using the straight line method of depreciation over the asset's useful life, as follows:

Building 20 Years Infrastructure 5 to 40 Years Machinery, equipment and software 5 to 30 Years

(i) Accounting for Leases

The Tollway makes a distinction between 1) capital leases that effectively transfer from the lessor to the lessee substantially all the risks and benefits incidental to ownership of the leased assets and 2) operating leases under which the lessor effectively retains all such risks and benefits. The Tollway currently is not a party to any capital leases.

Operating leases are accounted for as an operating revenue or expense, depending on whether the Tollway is the lessor or lessee.

(j) Long-Term Accounts Receivable

In the course of business the Tollway may enter into contracts with various parties that call for payments to the Tollway to be made at a date more than one year in the future. These receivables are classified as long-term. See note 7.

(k) Debt Refunding

In accordance with GASB 65, *Items Previously Reported as Assets and Liabilities*, the difference between the reacquisition price and the net carrying amount of the old debt is reported as a deferred outflow or inflow of resources and recognized as a component of interest expense systematically over the remaining life of the old debt or the life of the new debt, whichever is shorter.

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(A Component Unit of the State of Illinois)

Notes to the Financial Statements

December 31, 2014

(1) Unearned Revenue

The Tollway recognizes revenue when earned. Amounts received in advance of the periods in which related services are rendered are recorded as an unearned revenue liability in the Statement of Net Position.

(m) Swap Agreements

In accordance with GASB Statement No. 53, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Derivative Instruments, the Tollway records changes in fair values of the hedging derivative instruments (swaps) as deferred outflows of resources or deferred inflows of resources in the Statement of Net Position.

(n) Net Position

The Statement of Net Position presents the Tollway's assets and liabilities with the difference reported in three categories:

Net investment in capital assets consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation and reduced by outstanding balances for revenue bonds and other debt that is attributable to the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets.

Restricted Net Position results when constraints placed on net asset use are either externally imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors, and the like, or imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

Unrestricted Net Position consists of net positions that do not meet the criteria of the two preceding categories.

At December 31, 2014, restrictions on net positions consisted of:

Restricted for Supplemental Pension Obligation reflects monies set aside for a retirement plan established in 1990 and suspended in 1994.

Restricted under Trust Indenture Agreements result when constraints placed on net positions use either externally imposed creditors, grantors, contributors, and the like, or imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislations.

(o) Toll Revenue

Toll Revenue is recognized in the month in which the transaction occurs. The fines attributed to toll evasion recovery are recorded as revenue when received in cash. Both tolls and fines recovered under the evasion recovery enforcement system are recorded as toll evasion recovery revenue.

(p) Classification of Operating Revenues and Expenses

The Tollway's operating revenues and expenses consist of revenues earned and expenses incurred relating to the operation and maintenance of its tollway system. All other revenues and expenses are reported as nonoperating revenues and expenses or as special items.

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Toll evasion revenue is shown net of bad debt expense; concession revenue includes only oasis revenue.

The majority of the Tollway's expenses are exchange transactions, which GASB defines as operating expenses for financial statement presentation purposes. Nonoperating expenses include transfers under intergovernment agreements and capital financing costs.

(q) Risk Management

The Tollway has self-insured risk retention programs with stop-loss limits for current employee group health and self-insured reserves for workers' compensation claims and has provided accruals for estimated losses arising from such claims.

(r) Comparative Totals

Comparative total data for the prior year has been presented in selected sections of the accompanying financial statements in order to provide an understanding of the changes in the Tollway's assets, deferred outflows, liabilities, deferred inflows, net position, revenues and expenses. Such prior year information does not include notes to the financial statements which are required to constitute a presentation in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. Accordingly, such prior information should be read in conjunction with the Tollway's financial statements for the year ended December 31, 2013, from which such partial information was derived.

(s) Use of Estimates in Preparing Financial Statements

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

(2) Cash and Investments

(a) Custodial Credit Risk -Deposits

Custodial credit risk is the risk that an institution holding Tollway deposits may fail and expose the Tollway to a loss if the Tollway's deposits were not returned upon maturity or demand. State law (30 ILCS 230/2C) requires that all deposits of public funds be covered by FDIC insurance or eligible collateral. The Tollway has no policy that would further limit the requirements under state law. As of December 31, 2014, the Tollway's deposits were not exposed to custodial credit risk.

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(b) Schedule of Investments

As of December 31, 2014, the Tollway had the following investments and maturities:

				Investment ma	turi	ities (in years)
Investment type	 .	Fair Value	•	Less Than 1	ė.	1-5
Repurchase agreements	\$	863,010,979	\$	863,010,979	\$	***************************************
Money market funds*		751,533,862		751,533,862		
U.S. Treausury Cert. of Indebtedness - SLGS		225,800,000		55,800,000		170,000,000
Illinois Funds*		188,422,648	_	188,422,648		
	\$	2,028,767,489	\$	1,858,767,489	\$	170,000,000

^{*}Weighted average maturity is less than one year.

(c) Interest Rate Risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that the fair value of investments will decrease as a result of an increase in interest rates. As a means of limiting its exposure to fair value losses from rising interest rates, and as a means of managing liquidity, the Tollway's investment policy requires that the majority of Tollway funds be invested in instruments with maturities of less than one year. No investment is to exceed a ten-year maturity.

(d) Credit and Concentration Risks

Credit risk is the risk that the Tollway will not recover its investments due to the inability of the issuer to fulfill its obligation. The Tollway's investment policy limits investment of Tollway funds to securities guaranteed by the United States government; obligations of agencies and instrumentalities of the United States; interest-bearing savings accounts, certificates of deposit, or bank time deposits with institutions which meet specified capitalization requirements; money market mutual funds registered under the Investment Company Act of 1940; the Illinois Funds; and repurchase agreements of government securities as defined in the Government Securities Act of 1986. Investment policy further requires that the investment portfolio be diversified in terms of specific maturity, specific issuer, or specific class of securities. Final maturities are limited to ten years; the majority of Tollway funds should be invested in maturities of less than one year. The Tollway was in compliance with these policies during 2014.

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The Tollway's investments in debt securities (or the securities underlying the repurchase agreements) were rated by Moody's and Standard & Poor's as follows for the year ended December 31, 2014:

	2014 (Moody's/S&P)					
Investment type		Fair value	Rating			
Repurchase agreements	\$	863,010,979	AAA/AA+u			
Money market funds		751,533,862	Aaa-mf/AAAm			
US Treasury Cert. of Indebtedness-SLGS		225,800,000	AAA/AA+u			
Illinois Funds		188,422,648	N/R/AAAm			

(3) Accounts Receivable

The Tollway's accounts receivable consist of various toll charges and other amounts due from individuals and commercial and other entities. A provision for doubtful accounts has been recorded for estimated uncollectible amounts. As of December 31, 2014, the Tollway's accounts receivable balance consists of the following:

	_	Gross accounts receivables	Allowance for doubtful accounts	***************************************	Net accounts receivables
Tolls	\$	4,668,716 \$	(395,170)	\$	4,273,546
Toll evasion recovery		30,519,795	(27,493,846)		3,025,949
Oases receivable		99,683	-		99,683
Damage claims/emergency service		245,333	(217,419)		27,914
Insufficient I-PASS		1,296,030	(1,036,824)		259,206
Over dimension vehicle permit		105,740	(25,755)		79,985
Fiber optic agreements		40,615	2,821		43,436
Workers' compensation		11,768	-		11,768
Other	_	4,113,739	(2,126,586)	*********	1,987,153
Total non-governmental receivables	_	41,101,419	(31,292,779)		9,808,640
Various local and municipal government		11,197,129	<u>~</u>		11,197,129
IAG Agencies		11,066,600	-		11,066,600
Other agencies of the state of Illinois	_	155,198,644	-		155,198,644
Total intergovernmental receivables		177,462,373			177,462,373
Total receivables	\$_	218,563,792 \$	(31,292,779)	\$	187,271,013

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(4) Prepaid Expenses

In the normal course of business the Tollway pays for services that will be consumed beyond the current year. These are established as prepaid expenses. As of December 31, 2014, the Tollway has \$7.7 million in prepaid expenses. These are categorized as both current and noncurrent.

(5) Leases Receivable

During 2002, the Tollway, as lessor, entered into two 25-year lease agreements for the oasis system (a retail lease and a fuel lease). Under the terms of each lease, the lessee is financially responsible for rebuilding and renovating the oasis structures. At the end of each lease, ownership of the improvements reverts to the Tollway. In the retail lease, the lessee is responsible for the payment of all expenses associated with administration and operation of the facilities including the securing of tenants. In the fuel lease, the lessee is responsible for the operation of the service station and car wash facilities.

In order to rebuild and widen the Jane Addams Tollway, it was necessary to remove the over the road building at the Des Plaines oasis. Accordingly, effective April 1, 2014, the retail lease was amended to revise the annual rent downward to reflect the closure of the Des Plaines site over the road facility.

The fuel lease agreement requires the parties to complete a remediation program to ensure that the oasis system is in compliance with current environmental laws, and that compliance continues for the term of the lease. The Tollway is solely responsible for the remediation program up until the lease commencement date until it has received "No Further Remediation" (NFR) letters from the Illinois Environmental Protection Agency (IEPA). The IEPA issues the letters along with approval for reimbursement of approved expenses from the LUST (Leaking Underground Storage Tank) Fund established by Congress. Remediation work has been completed at all oasis sites. NFR letters have been received by the Tollway for all remediation sites that are the responsibility of the Tollway, except for the Lincoln Oasis North and South locations. The Tollway believes that the remaining NFR letters will be issued without further material remediation costs being incurred.

The future minimum lease payments receivable under these agreements as of December 31, 2014 are as follows:

Year ended December 31		Retail lease	Fuel lease	Total leases
2015	\$	728,571 \$	900,250 \$	1,628,821
2016		728,571	900,250	1,628,821
2017		728,571	900,250	1,628,821
2018		728,571	900,250	1,628,821
2019		728,571	900,250	1,628,821
Thereafter	_	5,342,854	6,601,833	11,944,687
	\$ =	8,985,709 \$	11,103,083 \$	20,088,792

The future minimum leases receivable do not include contingent rents that may be owed under these leases should the lessees generate revenues in excess of specific target amounts. The future minimum lease amounts above will be treated as revenue in the year they are earned.

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(6) Capital Assets

Changes in capital assets for the year ended December 31, 2014 are as follows:

	Balance January 1	Additions and transfers in	Deletions and transfers out	Balance December 31
Nondepreciable capital assets:				
Land and improvements \$	337,264,544 \$	52,033,107 \$	- \$	389,297,651
Construction in progress	355,523,656	971,599,999	(509,801,482)	817,322,173
Total nondepreciable capital				
assets	692,788,200	1,023,633,106	(509,801,482)	1,206,619,824
Depreciable capital assets:				
Buildings	54,481,559	1,754,057	-	56,235,616
Infrastructure	7,314,116,135	569,095,896	(483,035,442)	7,400,176,588
Machinery and equipment	231,087,505	29,649,452	(6,171,788)	254,565,169
Total depeciable capital assets	7,599,685,199	600,499,405	(489,207,230)	7,710,977,373
Less accumulated depreciation:				
Buildings	(40,068,569)	(950,912)	-	(41,019,481)
Infrastructure	(2,673,973,683)	(290,588,169)	483,035,442	(2,481,526,410)
Machinery and equipment	(148,924,976)	(15,810,239)	4,998,724	(159,736,491)
Total accumulated depreciation	(2,862,967,228)	(307,349,320)	488,034,166	(2,682,282,382)
Total downsially special sectors	4 72 6 71 7 071	202 150 005	(1.172.064)	5 020 604 001
Total depreciable capital assets, no	4,736,717,971	293,150,085	(1,173,064)	5,028,694,991
Total capital assets, net \$	<u>5,429,506,171</u> \$	1,316,783,191 \$	(510,974,546) \$	6,235,314,815

(7) Long-Term Accounts Receivable

As of December 31, 2014, long-term accounts receivable consisted of the following:

Village of Lemont – I-355 South Intergovernmental Agreement	\$ 62,500
Northwest Suburban Municipal Joint Action Water Agency (NSMJAWA)	6,124,816
Illinois Department of Transportation	132,363,771
	\$ 138,551,087

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(8) Revenue Bonds Payable

Changes in revenue bonds payable for the year ended December 31, 2014 are as follows:

	Balance January 1	Additions	Deletions	Balance December 31	Amounts due within one year*
1998 Series A \$	134,400,000 \$	- \$	(59,465,000) \$	74,935,000 \$	62,735,000
1998 Series B	123,100,000	**	~	123,100,000	
2005 Series A	541,805,000	-	(469,935,000)	71,870,000	35,060,000
2006 Series A-1	291,660,000		(291,660,000)	-	-
2007 Series A-1 & A-2	700,000,000	-	-	700,000,000	-
2008 Series A-1 & A-2	478,900,000	-	-	478,900,000	
2008 Series B	350,000,000	-	-	350,000,000	-
2009 Series A	500,000,000	-	-	500,000,000	-
2009 Series B	280,000,000	••	-	280,000,000	-
2010 Series A-1	279,300,000	-	-	279,300,000	-
2013 Series A	500,000,000	-	-	500,000,000	-
2013 Series B-1	217,390,000	-	-	217,390,000	~
2014 Series A	-	378,720,000	-	378,720,000	-
2014 Series B	-	500,000,000	-	500,000,000	-
2014 Series C	-	400,000,000	-	400,000,000	-
2014 Series D	-	264,555,000	_	264,555,000	*
Totals	4,396,555,000	1,543,275,000	(821,060,000)	5,118,770,000 \$	97,795,000
Unamortized bond premium Current portion of revenue	123,031,373	219,324,343	(43,937,951)	298,417,765	
bonds payable	(92,855,000)	(97,795,000)	92,855,000	(97,795,000)	
Revenue bonds payable, net					
of current portion \$	4,426,731,373 \$	1,664,804,343 \$	(772,142,951) \$	5,319,392,765	

^{*} Principal amounts either due or for which required third-party liquidity is expiring within one year and was not renewed prior to report issuance date. As of December 31, 2014, there was no principal outstanding for which required third-party liquidity was expiring within one year.

(a) Series 1998A and 1998B Bonds

On December 30, 1998, the Tollway issued \$325,135,000 of Refunding Revenue Bonds, consisting of \$202,035,000 of Fixed Rate Bonds (1998 Series A) and \$123,100,000 of Variable Rate Bonds (1998 Series B). The bonds financed the refunding of a portion (\$313,105,000) of the Tollway's Series 1992A Bonds and also financed costs of issuance and accrued interest on the Series 1998A Bonds. The Series 1998A Bonds were sold with fixed interest rates ranging from 4.0% to 5.5% at

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yields which produced a net Original Issue Premium of \$17,414,484. The Series 1998A Bonds, of which \$74,935,000 were outstanding as of December 31, 2014, are not subject to redemption prior to maturity. The Series 1998B Bonds were initially issued in a weekly mode and were in a weekly mode during all of 2014. Interest rates on the Series 1998B Bonds are set pursuant to the terms of a remarketing agreement. While in the weekly mode, the Series 1998B Bonds are subject to demand for purchase from bondholders. Any such Series 1998 Series B Bonds tendered for purchase are remarketed pursuant to the terms of a remarketing agreement. 1998 Series B Bonds tendered for purchase that are not remarketed to new bondholder(s) are funded, subject to certain conditions, under a Standby Bond Purchase Agreement among the Tollway, the Trustee, and Landesbank Hessen-Thüringen Girozentale, New York Branch.

Any bonds funded pursuant to the Standby Bond Purchase Agreement that remain unremarketed on their scheduled payment dates of January 1, 2016 and January 1, 2017 are required to be paid by the Tollway on such scheduled payment dates. The cost of the Standby Bond Purchase Agreement is a per annum fee of 40 basis points times the commitment amount of \$129,339,315, which consists of \$123,100,000 for payment of principal and \$6,239,315 for payment of interest. While in the weekly mode, the Series 1998B Bonds are subject to optional redemption by the Tollway. The stated expiration date of the Standby Bond Purchase Agreement is January 3, 2017. The scheduled 1998 Series B principal payments are \$53,900,000 on January 1, 2016 and \$69,200,000 on January 1, 2017. The final maturity of the 1998 Series A and 1998 Series B bonds is January 1, 2016 and January 1, 2017, respectively. The scheduled payments of principal and interest of the 1998 Series A Bonds and the 1998 Series B Bonds are insured by Assured Guaranty Municipal Corp., pursuant to the acquisition of the original bond insurer, Financial Security Assurance Inc., by Assured Guaranty Ltd. on July 1, 2009. The variable interest rate of the 1998 Series B Bonds as of December 31, 2014 was 0.23%.

(b) Series 2005A Bonds

On June 22, 2005, the Tollway issued \$770,000,000 of Toll Highway Senior Priority Revenue Bonds (2005 Series A). This issuance was the first bond sale utilized to finance capital projects in the Congestion-Relief Program. The bonds also financed a deposit to the Debt Reserve Account and costs of issuance. All maturities of the bonds were sold bearing 5.0% interest rates except for the \$101,935,000 par amount maturing on January 1, 2020 which was sold bearing an interest rate of 4.125%. The bonds were sold at yields which produced a net Original Issue Premium of \$60,405,414. The bonds are subject to optional redemption on or after July 1, 2015 at a redemption price of 100% of the principal amount plus accrued interest. The remaining scheduled payments of principal and interest of this bond series are insured by Assured Guaranty Municipal Corp., pursuant to the acquisition of the original bond insurer, Financial Security Assurance Inc., by Assured Guaranty Ltd. on July 1, 2009. The final maturity of the bonds is January 1, 2016. On August 13, 2013, \$228,195,000 of the 2005 Series A Bonds that were scheduled to mature on January 1 of 2017, 2018 and 2019 were advance refunded in connection with the issuance of the \$217,390,000 of Toll Highway Senior Revenue Bonds, 2013 Series B-1 (Refunding). On February 26, 2014, \$436,545,000 of the 2005 Series A Bonds that were scheduled to mature on January 1 of 2020, 2021, 2022 and 2023 were advance refunded in connection with the issuance of the \$378,720,000 of Toll Highway Senior Revenue Bonds, 2014 Series Α (Refunding).

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(c) Series 2006A Bonds

On June 7, 2006, the Tollway issued \$1,000,000,000 of Toll Highway Senior Priority Revenue Bonds (2006 Series A-1 and Series A-2). This issuance was the second bond sale utilized to fund capital projects in the Congestion-Relief Program. The bonds also financed a deposit to the Debt Reserve Account and costs of issuance. All maturities of the bonds were sold bearing 5.0% interest rates at yields which produced an Original Issue Premium of \$40,019,000. The bonds were subject to optional redemption on or after July 1, 2016 at a redemption price of 100% of the principal amount plus accrued interest. The scheduled payments of principal and interest of the bonds were insured by Assured Guaranty Municipal Corp., pursuant to the acquisition of the original bond insurer, Financial Security Assurance Inc., by Assured Guaranty Ltd. on July 1, 2009. On February 7, 2008, \$708,340,000 of the 2006 Series A bonds was advance refunded in connection with the issuance of the Tollway's \$766,200,000 Variable Rate Senior Refunding Revenue Bonds (2008 Series A-1 and Series A-2). On December 18, 2014, the remaining \$291,660,000 of 2006 Series A bonds was advance refunded in connection with the issuance of the Tollway's \$264,555,000 Senior Revenue Bonds, 2014 Series D (Refunding).

(d) Series 2007A Bonds

On November 1, 2007, the Tollway issued \$700,000,000 of Toll Highway Variable Rate Senior Priority Revenue Bonds (2007 Series A-1 and Series A-2). This issuance was the third bond sale utilized to finance capital projects in the Congestion-Relief Program. The bonds also financed a deposit to the Debt Reserve Account and costs of issuance. The bonds were sold at par and initially issued in a weekly mode and remained in a weekly mode through fiscal year end 2014. Interest rates on the bonds are set pursuant to the terms of a remarketing agreement. While in the weekly mode, the bonds are subject to optional redemption by the Tollway. While in the weekly mode, the bonds are subject to bondholder tender for purchase. Any such bonds tendered for purchase are remarketed pursuant to the terms of a remarketing agreement. Funding for any bonds tendered for purchase that failed to be remarketed was available, under certain circumstances, from a Liquidity Facility in the form of a Standby Bond Purchase Agreement provided by Dexia Credit Local, New York Branch, through March 18, 2011, the effective expiration date of that Standby Bond Purchase Agreement. On March 18, 2011, the 2007 Series A Bonds were mandatorily tendered and, on the same day, subsequently remarketed as six separate sub-series, each sub-series secured by a direct-pay letter of credit that qualified as a Substitute Credit Facility under the Supplemental Indenture for the 2007 Series A Bonds. The following provides information regarding each of those sub-series and their respective letters of credit.

(e) Series 2007A-1a Bonds

On March 18, 2011 the Tollway remarketed \$175,000,000 of the 2007 Series A-1 Bonds as 2007 Series A-1a (the "Series 2007A-1a Bonds"). While in the weekly mode, the Series 2007A-1a Bonds are secured by a direct-pay letter of credit from Citibank, N.A. pursuant to the terms of the Letter of Credit Reimbursement Agreement dated as of March 1, 2011 between the Tollway and such bank (the "2007A-1a Credit Facility"). The 2007A-1a Credit Facility provides up to \$175,000,000 for payment of principal and up to \$3,595,891 for payment of interest (equivalent to 50 days' accrued interest at 15%), including for the purpose of paying the principal and interest portions of the

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purchase price of any bonds tendered and not remarketed. To the extent the 2007A-1a Credit Facility is utilized to purchase bonds tendered and not remarketed, and such bonds continue to fail to be remarketed, then such bonds are required to be repaid by the Authority thirteen months after the termination date of the 2007A-1a Credit Facility. The 2007A-1a Credit Facility, if not extended, is currently scheduled to expire on January 31, 2017. The cost of the 2007A-1a Credit Facility is a per annum fee of 45 basis points times the stated amount of \$178,595,891. The variable interest rate of the Series 2007A-1a Bonds as of December 31, 2014 was 0.05%.

(f) Series 2007A-1b Bonds

On March 18, 2011 the Tollway remarketed \$175,000,000 of the 2007 Series A-1 Bonds as 2007 Series A-1b (the "Series 2007A-1b Bonds"). While in the weekly mode, the Series 2007A-1b Bonds are secured by a direct-pay letter of credit from Mizuho Bank Ltd. pursuant to the terms of the Reimbursement Agreement dated as of March 1, 2014 between the Tollway and such bank (the "2007A-1b Credit Facility"). Mizuho Bank Ltd. replaced PNC Bank, National Association as credit facility provider for the Series 2007 A-1b Bonds on March 18, 2014. The 2007A-1b Credit Facility provides up to \$175,000,000 for payment of principal and up to \$3,236,302 for payment of interest (equivalent to 45 days' accrued interest at 15%), including for the purpose of paying the principal and interest portions of the purchase price of any bonds tendered and not remarketed. To the extent the 2007A-1b Credit Facility is utilized to purchase bonds tendered and not remarketed, and to the extent such bonds continue to either (a) remain unremarketed for 180 days or (b) remain unremarketed on the termination date of the 2007A-1b Credit Facility, then such funded bonds are required to be repaid by the Authority in equal semi-annual principal installments commencing on the earlier of (i) 180 days after the date the bonds were purchased and (ii) the termination date of the 2007A-1b Credit Facility, and ending on the date three years following the date the bonds were purchased. The 2007A-1b Credit Facility, if not extended, is currently scheduled to expire on March 18, 2016. The cost of the 2007A-1b Credit Facility is a per annum fee of 34 basis points times the stated amount of \$178,236,302. The variable interest rate of the Series 2007A-1b Bonds as of December 31, 2014 was 0.05%.

(g) Series 2007A-2a Bonds

On March 18, 2011 the Tollway remarketed \$100,000,000 of the 2007 Series A-2 Bonds as 2007 Series A-2a (the "Series 2007A-2a Bonds"). While in the weekly mode, the Series 2007A-2a Bonds are secured by a direct-pay letter of credit from The Bank of Tokyo-Mitsubishi UFJ, Ltd., acting through its New York Branch pursuant to the terms of the Reimbursement Agreement dated as of March 1, 2011 between the Tollway and such bank (the "2007A-2a Credit Facility"). The 2007A-2a Credit Facility provides up to \$100,000,000 for payment of principal and up to \$1,849,316 for payment of interest (equivalent to 45 days' accrued interest at 15%), including for the purpose of paying the principal and interest portions of the purchase price of any bonds tendered and not remarketed. To the extent the 2007A-2a Credit Facility is utilized to purchase bonds tendered and not remarketed, and to the extent such bonds continue to remain unremarketed on the first business day of the fourth calendar month immediately succeeding the date the bonds were purchased, then such funded bonds are required to be repaid by the Authority in equal quarterly principal installments commencing on such first business day of the fourth calendar month immediately succeeding the date the bonds were purchased, and ending on the date four (4) years after the date the bonds were

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purchased. The 2007A-2a Credit Facility, if not extended, is currently scheduled to expire on March 17, 2017. The cost of the 2007A-2a Credit Facility is a per annum fee of 42.5 basis points times the stated amount of \$101,849,316. The variable interest rate of the Series 2007A-2a Bonds as of December 31, 2014 was 0.05%.

(h) Series 2007A-2b Bonds

On March 18, 2011 the Tollway remarketed \$107,500,000 of the 2007 Series A-2 Bonds as 2007 Series A-2b (the "Series 2007A-2b Bonds"). While in the weekly mode, the Series 2007A-2b Bonds are secured by a direct-pay letter of credit from Harris, N.A. pursuant to the terms of the Reimbursement Agreement dated as of March 1, 2011 between the Tollway and such bank (the "2007A-2b Credit Facility"). The 2007A-2b Credit Facility provides up to \$107,500,000 for payment of principal and up to \$1,988,014 for payment of interest (equivalent to 45 days' accrued interest at 15%), including for the purpose of paying the principal and interest portions of the purchase price of any bonds tendered and not remarketed. To the extent the 2007A-2b Credit Facility is utilized to purchase bonds tendered and not remarketed, and to the extent such bonds continue to either (a) remain unremarketed for 180 days or (b) remain unremarketed on the termination date of the 2007A-2b Credit Facility, then such funded bonds are required to be repaid by the Authority in equal quarterly principal installments commencing on the date one year following the earlier of (i) 180 days after the date the bonds were purchased and (ii) the termination date of the 2007A-2b Credit Facility, and ending on the date two years following the earlier of (i) 180 days after the date the bonds were purchased and (ii) the termination date of the 2007A-2b Credit Facility. The 2007A-2b Credit Facility, if not extended, is currently scheduled to expire on March 18, 2017. The cost of the 2007A-2b Credit Facility is a per annum fee of 45 basis points times the stated amount of \$109,488,014. The variable interest rate of the Series 2007-2b Bonds as of December 31, 2014 was 0.05%.

(i) Series 2007A-2c Bonds

On March 18, 2011 the Tollway remarketed \$55,000,000 of the 2007 Series A-2 Bonds as 2007 Series A-2c (the "Series 2007A-2c Bonds"). While in the weekly mode, the Series 2007A-2c Bonds are secured by a direct-pay letter of credit from The Northern Trust Company pursuant to the terms of the Reimbursement Agreement dated as of March 1, 2011 between the Tollway and such bank (the "2007A-2c Credit Facility"). The 2007A-2c Credit Facility provides up to \$55,000,000 for payment of principal and up to \$1,017,123 for payment of interest (equivalent to 45 days' accrued interest at 15%), including for the purpose of paying the principal and interest portions of the purchase price of any bonds tendered and not remarketed. To the extent the 2007A-2c Credit Facility is utilized to purchase bonds tendered and not remarketed, and to the extent such bonds continue to either (a) remain unremarketed for 270 days or (b) remain unremarketed on the termination date of the 2007A-2c Credit Facility, then such funded bonds are required to be repaid by the Authority in equal semi-annual principal installments commencing on the next ensuing January 1 or July 1 after the earlier of (i) 270 days after the date the bonds were purchased and (ii) the termination date of the 2007A-2c Credit Facility, and ending on the date three years following the earlier of (i) 270 days after the date the bonds were purchased and (ii) the termination date of the 2007A-2c Credit Facility. The 2007A-2c Credit Facility, if not extended, is currently scheduled to expire on March 17, 2017. The cost of the 2007A-2c Credit Facility is a per annum fee of 37.5 basis points times the stated

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amount of \$56,017,123. The variable interest rate of the Series 2007A-2c Bonds as of December 31, 2014 was 0.05%.

(j) Series 2007A-2d Bonds

On March 18, 2011 the Tollway remarketed \$87,500,000 of the 2007 Series A-2 Bonds as 2007 Series A-2d (the "Series 2007A-2d Bonds"). While in the weekly mode, the Series 2007A-2d Bonds are secured by a direct-pay letter of credit from Royal Bank of Canada pursuant to the terms of the Reimbursement Agreement dated as of March 18, 2014 between the Tollway and such bank (the "2007A-2d Credit Facility"). Royal Bank of Canada replaced Wells Fargo Bank, National Association as credit facility provider for the Series 2007A-2d Bonds on March 18, 2014. The 2007A-2d Credit Facility provides up to \$87,500,000 for payment of principal and up to \$1,618,151 for payment of interest (equivalent to 45 days' accrued interest at 15%), including for the purpose of paying the principal and interest portions of the purchase price of any bonds tendered and not remarketed. To the extent the 2007A-2d Credit Facility is utilized to purchase bonds tendered and not remarketed, and to the extent such bonds continue to either (a) remain unremarketed for 181 days or (b) remain unremarketed on the termination date of the 2007A-2d Credit Facility, then such funded bonds are required to be repaid by the Authority in equal semi-annual principal installments commencing on the earlier of (i) 181 days after the date the bonds were purchased and (ii) the termination date of the 2007A-2d Credit Facility, and ending on the date three years following the date the bonds were purchased. The 2007A-2d Credit Facility, if not extended, is currently scheduled to expire on March 17, 2017. The cost of the 2007A-2d Credit Facility is a per annum fee of 40 basis points times the stated amount of \$89,118,151. The variable interest rate of the Series 2007A-2d Bonds as of December 31, 2014 was 0.05%.

(k) Series 2008A Bonds

On February 7, 2008, the Tollway issued \$766,200,000 of Toll Highway Variable Rate Senior Refunding Revenue Bonds (\$383,100,000 2008 Series A-1 and \$383,100,000 2008 Series A-2). The bonds advance refunded \$708,340,000 of the then-outstanding 2006 Series A Bonds and financed costs of issuance. Payments of principal when due at maturity and interest are insured by Assured Guaranty Municipal Corp., pursuant to the acquisition of the original bond insurer, Financial Security Assurance Inc., by Assured Guaranty Ltd. on July 1, 2009. The bonds were sold at par and initially issued in a weekly mode and have remained in a weekly mode through fiscal year end 2014. On July 1, 2010, \$287,300,000 of the 2008 Series A-2 bonds was refunded by the Tollway's \$279,300,000 Toll Highway Senior Refunding Revenue Bonds (2010 Series A-1), \$383,100,000 of the 2008 Series A-1 Bonds and \$95,800,000 of the 2008 Series A-2 Bonds remain outstanding. Interest rates on the bonds are set pursuant to the terms of a remarketing agreement. While in the weekly mode, the bonds are subject to optional redemption by the Tollway. While in the weekly mode, the bonds are subject to bondholder tender for purchase. Any such bonds tendered for purchase are remarketed pursuant to the terms of a remarketing agreement. Funding for any bonds tendered for purchase that failed to be remarketed was available, under certain circumstances, from a Liquidity Facility in the form of a Standby Bond Purchase Agreement provided by Dexia Credit Local, New York Branch, through February 7, 2011, the effective expiration date of that Standby Bond Purchase Agreement. On February 7, 2011, the 2008 Series A Bonds were mandatorily tendered and, on the same day, subsequently remarketed as three separate sub-series, each sub-series

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secured by a standby bond purchase agreement that qualified as a Substitute Liquidity Facility under the Supplemental Indenture for the 2008 Series A Bonds. The following provides information regarding each of those sub-series and their respective standby bond purchase agreements.

(1) Series 2008A-1a Bonds

On February 7, 2011 the Tollway remarketed \$191,500,000 of the 2008 Series A-1 Bonds as 2008 Series A-1a (the "Series 2008A-1a Bonds"). While in the weekly mode, liquidity support is provided for the Series 2008A-1a Bonds by a Standby Bond Purchase Agreement dated as of February 1, 2011 among the Tollway, the Trustee, and JPMorgan Chase Bank, National Association (the "2008A-1a Liquidity Facility"). The 2008A-1a Liquidity Facility provides up to \$191,500,000 for payment of principal and up to \$2,203,562 for payment of interest (equivalent to 35 days' accrued interest at 12%) for the purpose of paying the principal and interest portions of the purchase price of any bonds tendered and not remarketed. To the extent the 2008A-1a Liquidity Facility is utilized to purchase bonds tendered and not remarketed, and to the extent such bonds continue to remain unremarketed for 91 days, then such funded bonds are required to be repaid by the Authority in ten equal semi-annual principal installments commencing on the first business day of the sixth full month following the date 91 days after the date the bonds were purchased. The 2008A-1a Liquidity Facility, if not extended, is currently scheduled to expire on February 5, 2016. The cost of the 2008A-1a Liquidity Facility is a per annum fee of 56 basis points times the commitment amount of \$193,703,562. The variable interest rate of the Series 2008A-1a Bonds as of December 31, 2014 was 0.06%.

(m) Series 2008A-1b Bonds

On February 7, 2011 the Tollway remarketed \$191,600,000 of the 2008 Series A-1 Bonds as 2008 Series A-1b (the "Series 2008A-1b Bonds"). While in the weekly mode, liquidity support is provided for the Series 2008A-1b Bonds by a Standby Bond Purchase Agreement dated as of February 7, 2014 among the Tollway, the Trustee, and Bank of America, N.A. (the "2008A-1b Liquidity Facility"). Bank of America, N.A. replaced PNC Bank, N.A. as liquidity facility provider for the Series 2008A-1b Bonds on February 7, 2014. The 2008A-1b Liquidity Facility provides up to \$191,600,000 for payment of principal and up to \$2,141,721 for payment of interest (equivalent to 34 days' accrued interest at 12%) for the purpose of paying the principal and interest portions of the purchase price of any bonds tendered and not remarketed. To the extent the 2008A-1b Liquidity Facility is utilized to purchase bonds tendered and not remarketed, and to the extent such bonds continue to remain unremarketed for 180 days, then such funded bonds are required to be repaid by the Authority in equal semi-annual principal installments commencing on the first business day of the sixth full month following the date 180 days after the date the bonds were purchased and ending on the date five years after the date the bonds were purchased. The 2008A-1b Liquidity Facility, if not extended, is currently scheduled to expire on February 5, 2016. The cost of the 2008A-1b Liquidity Facility is a per annum fee of 40 basis points times the commitment amount of \$193,741,721. The variable interest rate of the Series 2008A-1b Bonds as of December 31, 2014 was 0.07%.

(n) Series 2008A-2 Bonds

On February 7, 2011 the Tollway remarketed \$95,800,000 of the 2008 Series A-2 Bonds (the "Series 2008A-2 Bonds"). While in the weekly mode, liquidity support is provided for the Series 2008A-2

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Bonds by a Standby Bond Purchase Agreement dated as of February 1, 2011 among the Tollway, the Trustee, and JPMorgan Chase Bank, National Association (the "2008A-2 Liquidity Facility"). The 2008A-2 Liquidity Facility provides up to \$95,800,000 for payment of principal and up to \$1,102,357 for payment of interest (equivalent to 35 days' accrued interest at 12%) for the purpose of paying the principal and interest portions of the purchase price of any bonds tendered and not remarketed. To the extent the 2008A-2 Liquidity Facility is utilized to purchase bonds tendered and not remarketed, and to the extent such bonds continue to remain unremarketed for 91 days, then such funded bonds are required to be repaid by the Authority in ten equal semi-annual principal installments commencing on the first business day of the sixth full month following the date 91 days after the date the bonds were purchased. The 2008A-2 Liquidity Facility, if not extended, is currently scheduled to expire on February 5, 2016. The cost of the 2008A-2 Liquidity Facility is a per annum fee of 56 basis points times the commitment amount of \$96,902,357. The variable interest rate of the Series 2008A-2 Bonds as of December 31, 2014 was 0.04%.

(o) Series 2008B Bonds

On November 18, 2008, the Tollway issued \$350,000,000 of Toll Highway Senior Priority Revenue Bonds (2008 Series B). This issuance was the fourth bond sale utilized to finance capital projects in the Congestion-Relief Program. The bonds also financed capitalized interest through June 30, 2009 and costs of issuance. The bonds were sold as a term bond maturing on January 1, 2033 bearing a 5.50% interest rate and priced to yield 5.70%, which produced an Original Issue Discount of \$9,142,000. The bonds are subject to optional redemption on or after January 1, 2018 at a redemption price of 100% of the principal amount plus accrued interest. The bonds are subject to sinking fund redemption prior to maturity. The bonds are not insured. In connection with the bond issue, a Surety Policy in the face amount of \$100,000,000 was purchased from Berkshire Hathaway Assurance Corporation for deposit in the Debt Reserve Account. The Surety Policy expires on January 1, 2033.

(p) Build America Bonds

The American Recovery and Reinvestment Act of 2009 authorized the Tollway to issue taxable bonds known as "Build America Bonds" to finance capital expenditures for which it could issue taxexempt bonds and to elect to receive a subsidy payment from the federal government equal to 35% of the amount of each interest payment on such taxable bonds. The receipt of such subsidy payments by the Tollway is subject to certain requirements, including the filing of a form with the Internal Revenue Service prior to each interest payment date. The subsidy payments are not full faith and credit obligations of the United States of America. As a result of the impact of sequestration, the federal government reduced the amount of the subsidy payments by: 8.7% for subsidies received between March 2013 and September 2013; 7.2% for subsidies received between October 2013 and September 2014; and 7.3% for subsidies received between October 2014 and September 2015. The Series 2009A Bonds and Series 2009B Bonds are taxable Build America Bonds. All other Tollway bonds are tax-exempt bonds.

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(q) Series 2009A Bonds

On May 21, 2009, the Tollway issued \$500,000,000 of Toll Highway Senior Priority Revenue Bonds (Taxable 2009 Series A) (Build America Bonds - Direct Payment). The Tollway made an irrevocable election to designate the bonds as Build America Bonds pursuant to the provisions of Section 54AA(g) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986. The Tollway covenanted to apply Build America Bonds subsidy payments to the payment of debt service. This issuance was the fifth bond sale utilized to finance capital projects in the Congestion-Relief Program. The bonds also financed a deposit to the Debt Reserve Account and costs of issuance. The bonds were sold as two term bonds maturing on January 1, 2024 and January 1, 2034. The bonds maturing January 1, 2024 bear an interest rate of 5.293%, were sold at a price of 100% of the par amount of the bonds, and are subject to optional redemption on or after January 1, 2019 at a redemption price of 100% of the principal amount plus accrued interest. The bonds maturing January 1, 2034 bear an interest rate of 6.184%, were sold at a price of 100% of the par amount of the bonds, and are subject to optional redemption at a redemption price equal to the greater of: (i) 100% of the principal amount of the bonds to be redeemed; and (ii) the sum of the present value of the remaining scheduled payments of principal and interest to the maturity date of the bonds to be redeemed, discounted to the date on which the bonds are to be redeemed on a semi-annual basis at the yield(s) to maturity as of such redemption date of the United States Treasury security(ies) with a constant maturity(ies) most nearly equal to the period from the redemption date to the maturity date(s) of the bonds to be redeemed, plus 30 basis points, plus, in each case, accrued interest. The bonds are subject to sinking fund redemption prior to maturity. The bonds are not insured.

(r) Series 2009B Bonds

On December 8, 2009, the Tollway issued \$280,000,000 of Toll Highway Senior Priority Revenue Bonds (Taxable 2009 Series B) (Build America Bonds - Direct Payment). The Tollway made an irrevocable election to designate the bonds as Build America Bonds pursuant to the provisions of Section 54AA(g) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986. The Tollway covenanted to apply Build America Bonds subsidy payments to the payment of debt service. This issuance was the sixth bond sale utilized to finance capital projects in the Congestion-Relief Program. The bonds also financed a deposit to the Debt Reserve Account and costs of issuance. In connection with the issuance of the bonds, the Tollway deposited \$12,000,000 funds on hand into the debt service account to pay the bond interest due on June 1, 2010 and a portion of the bond interest due on December 1, 2010. The bonds mature on December 1, 2034. The bonds bear an interest rate of 5.851% and were sold at a price of 100% of the par amount of the bonds. The bonds are subject to optional redemption at a redemption price equal to the greater of: (i) 100% of the principal amount of the bonds to be redeemed; and (ii) the sum of the present value of the remaining scheduled payments of principal and interest to the maturity date of the bonds to be redeemed, discounted to the date on which the bonds are to be redeemed on a semi-annual basis at the yield to maturity as of such redemption date of the United States Treasury security with a constant maturity most nearly equal to the period from the redemption date to the maturity date of the bonds, plus 25 basis points, plus, in each case, accrued interest. The bonds are not insured.

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(s) Series 2010A-1 Bonds

On July 1, 2010, the Tollway issued \$279,300,000 of Toll Highway Senior Refunding Revenue Bonds (2010 Series A-1). The bonds refunded \$287,300,000 of the Tollway's \$383,100,000 thenoutstanding 2008 Series A-2 Bonds. The bonds also financed costs of issuance. The bonds were sold as serial bonds maturing on January 1 of each of the years 2018 through 2031 and were sold bearing interest rates ranging from 3.50% to 5.25%. The bonds were sold at yields which produced a net Original Issue Premium of \$9,648,275. The bonds are subject to optional redemption on or after January 1, 2020 at a redemption price of 100% of the principal amount plus accrued interest. In connection with the refunding, the Tollway terminated a variable-to-fixed interest rate exchange (swap) agreement with Depfa Bank plc. The swap agreement was in a notional amount of \$287,325,000 and was terminated in its entirety on June 10, 2010. The Tollway made a termination payment of \$10,331,527 from Tollway funds on hand in connection with the termination of the swap agreement.

(t) Series 2013A Bonds

On May 16, 2013, the Tollway issued \$500,000,000 of Toll Highway Senior Revenue Bonds, 2013 Series A. This issuance was the first bond sale utilized to finance capital projects in the Move Illinois Program. The bonds also financed a deposit to the Debt Reserve Account and costs of issuance. The bonds were sold as serial bonds maturing on January 1 of each of the years 2027 through 2035 and a term bond maturing January 1, 2038. All bonds were sold bearing a 5.0% interest rate. The bonds were sold at yields which produced an Original Issue Premium of \$63,601,290. The bonds are subject to optional redemption on or after January 1, 2023 at a redemption price of 100% of the principal amount plus accrued interest. The term bond maturing January 1, 2038 is subject to sinking fund redemption prior to maturity. The bonds are not insured. The final maturity of the bonds is January 1, 2038.

(u) Series 2013B-1 Bonds

On August 13, 2013 the Tollway issued \$217,390,000 of Toll Highway Senior Revenue Bonds, 2013 Series B-1 (Refunding). The bonds advance refunded \$228,195,000 of the Tollway's \$770,000,000 then-outstanding 2005A Bonds. The bonds also financed costs of issuance. The bonds were sold as serial bonds maturing on December 1 of each of the years 2016 through 2018. All bonds were sold bearing a 5.0% interest rate. The bonds were sold at yields which produced an Original Issue Premium of \$32,127,075. The bonds are not subject to optional redemption. The bonds are not insured. The final maturity of the bonds is December 1, 2018.

(v) Series 2014A Bonds

On February 26, 2014, the Tollway issued \$378,720,000 of Toll Highway Senior Revenue Bonds, 2014 Series A (Refunding). The bonds advance refunded \$436,545,000 of the Tollway's \$508,415,000 then-outstanding 2005A Bonds. The bonds also financed costs of issuance. The bonds were sold as serial bonds maturing on December 1 of each of the years 2019 through 2022. The bonds were sold bearing interest rates ranging from 4.5% - 5.0%. The bonds were sold at yields which produced an Original Issue Premium of \$66,772,076. The bonds are not subject to optional redemption. The bonds are not insured. The final maturity of the bonds is December 1, 2022.

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(w) Series 2014B Bonds

On June 4, 2014, the Tollway issued \$500,000,000 of Toll Highway Senior Revenue Bonds, 2014 Series B. This issuance was the second bond sale utilized to finance capital projects in the Move Illinois Program. The bonds also financed a deposit to the Debt Reserve Account and costs of issuance. The bonds were sold as serial bonds maturing on January 1 of each of the years 2026 through 2039. All bonds were sold bearing a 5.0% interest rate. The bonds were sold at yields which produced an Original Issue Premium of \$48,929,739. The bonds are subject to optional redemption on or after January 1, 2024 at a redemption price of 100% of the principal amount plus accrued interest. The bonds are not insured. The final maturity of the bonds is January 1, 2039.

(x) Series 2014C Bonds

On December 4, 2014, the Tollway issued \$400,000,000 of Toll Highway Senior Revenue Bonds, 2014 Series C. This issuance was the third bond sale utilized to finance capital projects in the Move Illinois Program. The bonds also financed a deposit to the Debt Reserve Account and costs of issuance. The bonds were sold as serial bonds maturing on January 1 of each of the years 2027 through 2039. All bonds were sold bearing a 5.0% interest rate. The bonds were sold at yields which produced an Original Issue Premium of \$53,737,539. The bonds are subject to optional redemption on or after January 1, 2025 at a redemption price of 100% of the principal amount plus accrued interest. The bonds are not insured. The final maturity of the bonds is January 1, 2039.

(y) Series 2014D Bonds

On December 18, 2014, the Tollway issued \$264,555,000 of Toll Highway Senior Revenue Bonds, 2014 Series D (Refunding). The bonds advance refunded \$291,660,000 of the Tollway's 2006A-1 Bonds. The bonds also financed costs of issuance. The bonds were sold as serial bonds maturing on January 1 of each of the years 2018 through 2025. All bonds were sold bearing a 5.0% interest rate. The bonds were sold at yields which produced an Original Issue Premium of \$49,884,988. The bonds are not subject to optional redemption. The bonds are not insured. The final maturity of the bonds is January 1, 2025.

(z) Defeased Bonds

On February 7, 2008, the Tollway issued \$766.2 million of Toll Highway Variable Rate Senior Refunding Bonds (2008 Series A-1 and A-2) to advance refund \$708.34 million of the 2006A (\$208.34 million of A-1 and \$500 million of A-2) Senior Priority Revenue Bonds with an interest rate of 5.0%. The net proceeds of \$758.6 million (after payment of \$7.6 million in underwriting, insurance and other issuance costs) plus an additional \$8.8 million of 2006A Trustee-held monies were used to purchase U.S. government securities. Those securities were deposited into an irrevocable trust with an escrow agent to provide for all future interest payments on the refunded portion of 2006A Toll Highway Senior Priority Revenue Bonds to July 1, 2016 and redemption of such refunded bonds on July 1, 2016. As a result, the refunded portion of 2006A Senior Priority Revenue Bonds is considered to be defeased and the liability for those bonds was removed from the Statement of Net Position in 2008.

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On August 13, 2013, the Tollway issued \$217.39 million of Toll Highway Senior Revenue Bonds, 2013 Series B-1 (Refunding) to advance refund \$228.195 million of the 2005A Toll Highway Senior Priority Revenue Bonds with an interest rate of 5.0%. The net proceeds of \$248.53 million (including original issue premium of \$32.1 million and after payment of \$0.98 million in underwriting and other issuance costs) plus an additional \$1.02 million of 2005A Trustee-held monies were used to purchase U.S. government securities. Those securities were deposited into an irrevocable trust with an escrow agent to provide for all future interest payments on the refunded portion of 2005A Toll Highway Senior Priority Revenue Bonds to July 1, 2015 and redemption of such refunded bonds on July 1, 2015. As a result, the refunded portion of 2005A Toll Highway Senior Priority Revenue Bonds is considered to be defeased and the liability for those bonds was removed from the Statement of Net Position in 2013.

On February 26, 2014, the Tollway issued \$378.720 million of Toll Highway Senior Revenue Bonds, 2014 Series A (Refunding) to advance refund \$436.545 million of the 2005A Toll Highway Senior Priority Revenue Bonds with interest rates ranging from 4.125% - 5.0%. The net proceeds of \$443.823 million (including original issue premium of \$66.772 million and after payment of \$1.669 million in underwriting and other issuance costs) plus an additional \$23.094 million of 2005A and other available Trustee-held monies were used to purchase U.S. government securities. Those securities were deposited into an irrevocable trust with an escrow agent to provide for all future interest payments on the refunded portion of 2005A Toll Highway Senior Priority Revenue Bonds to July 1, 2015 and redemption of such refunded bonds on July 1, 2015. As a result, the refunded portion of 2005A Toll Highway Senior Priority Revenue Bonds is considered to be defeased and the liability for those bonds was removed from the Statement of Net Position in 2014.

On December 18, 2014, The Tollway issued \$264.555 million of Toll Highway Senior Revenue Bonds, 2014 Series D (Refunding) to advance refund \$291.660 million of the 2006A Toll Highway Senior Priority Revenue Bonds with an interest rate of 5.0%. The net proceeds of \$313.174 million (including original issue premium of \$49.885 million and after payment of \$1.266 million in underwriting and other issuance costs) plus an additional \$6.076 million of 2006A Trustee-held monies were used to purchase U.S. government securities. Those securities were deposited into an irrevocable trust with an escrow agent to provide for all future interest payments on the refunded portion of 2006A Toll Highway Senior Priority Revenue Bonds to July 1, 2016 and redemption of such refunded bonds on July 1, 2016. As a result, the refunded portion of 2006A Toll Highway Senior Priority Revenue Bonds is considered to be defeased and the liability for those bonds was removed from the Statement of Net Position in 2014.

As of December 31, 2014 the principal amount of Tollway defeased bonds outstanding is \$1,664.74 million.

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(aa) All Series

Details of outstanding revenue bonds as of December 31, 2014, are as follows:

Issue of 1998 Series A, 5.50%, due on January 1, 2015-2016	\$ 74,935,000
Issue of 1998 Series B, variable rates, due on January 1, 2016-2017	123,100,000
Issue of 2005 Series A, 5.00%, due on January 1, 2015-2016	71,870,000
Issue of 2007 Series A-1, variable rates, due on July 1, 2024-2030	350,000,000
Issue of 2007 Series A-2, variable rates, due on July 1, 2024-2030	350,000,000
Issue of 2008 Series A-1, variable rates, due on January 1, 2018-2031	383,100,000
Issue of 2008 Series A-2, variable rates, due on January 1, 2018-2031	95,800,000
Issue of 2008 Series B, 5.50%, due on January 1, 2032-2033	350,000,000
Issue of 2009 Series A, 5.293% to 6.184%, due on January 1, 2019-2024	
and 2032-2034	500,000,000
Issue of 2009 Series B, 5.851%, due on December 1, 2034	280,000,000
Issue of 2010 Series A-1, 3.50% to 5.25%, due on January 1, 2018-2031	279,300,000
Issue of 2013 Series A, 5.00%, due on January 1, 2027-2038	500,000,000
Issue of 2013 Series B-1, 5.00%, due on December 1, 2016-2018	217,390,000
Issue of 2014 Series A, 4.50%-5.00%, due on December 1, 2019-2022	378,720,000
Issue of 2014 Series B, 5.00%, due on January 1, 2026-2039	500,000,000
Issue of 2014 Series C, 5.00%, due on January 1, 2027-2039	400,000,000
Issue of 2014 Series D, 5.00%, due on January 1, 2018-2025	 264,555,000
Totals	\$ 5,118,770,000
Less current maturities *	(97,795,000)
Plus unamortized bond premium	298,417,765
Total long-term portion	\$ 5,319,392,765

^{*}Principal amounts either due within one year or for which required third-party liquidity is expiring within one year and was not renewed prior to report issuance. As of December 31, 2014, there was no principal outstanding for which required third-party liquidity was expiring within one year.

Accrued interest payable for the year ended December 31, 2014, was \$86,435,329.

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The annual requirements to retire the principal and interest amounts for all bonds outstanding at December 31, 2014, are as follows:

Year ended	D	• .	Total Debt
December 31,	<u>Principal</u>	Interest	Service
2015	\$ 97,795,000 \$	236,414,993 \$	334,209,993
2016	138,135,000	244,195,774	382,330,774
2017	158,060,000	238,431,487	396,491,487
2018	113,160,000	232,024,496	345,184,496
2019	118,780,000	226,104,156	344,884,156
2020	134,840,000	219,902,428	354,742,428
2021	142,230,000	213,013,398	355,243,398
2022	149,090,000	205,896,960	354,986,960
2023	49,485,000	198,386,979	247,871,979
2024	208,595,000	193,248,044	401,843,044
2025	192,945,000	183,575,531	376,520,531
2026	188,650,000	175,809,122	364,459,122
2027	277,570,000	166,843,280	444,413,280
2028	238,130,000	156,462,617	394,592,617
2029	248,150,000	146,070,359	394,220,359
2030	258,595,000	135,248,150	393,843,150
2031	144,630,000	123,972,702	268,602,702
2032	278,405,000	114,081,386	392,486,386
2033	294,020,000	98,082,738	392,102,738
2034	590,405,000	80,552,902	670,957,902
2035	49,100,000	53,627,500	102,727,500
2036	272,125,000	45,596,875	317,721,875
2037	285,775,000	31,649,375	317,424,375
2038	300,100,000	17,002,500	317,102,500
2039	190,000,000	4,750,000	194,750,000
Total	\$ 5,118,770,000 \$	3,740,943,752 \$	8,859,713,752

(bb) Capitalized Interest

In 2014, the Tollway's total interest expense for revenue bonds equaled \$224.2 million, of which \$22.5 million was capitalized in respect of construction in progress.

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(cc) Trust Indenture Agreement

On March 31, 1999, the Tollway executed an Amended and Restated Trust Indenture with the Trustee acting as fiduciary for bondholders. The Indenture establishes the conditions under which the Tollway may issue bonds and the security to be pledged to bondholders. The Indenture establishes two funds: (i) a Construction Fund to account for the spending of Tollway bond proceeds; and (ii) a Revenue Fund to account for the deposit of Tollway revenues. The Construction Fund is divided into different Project Accounts – one for each bond issue that finances new project(s). The Revenue Fund is divided into six different Accounts (some of which are further divided into Sub-Accounts) which establish an order of funding priority through which Tollway revenues flow. Revenues first fund the Operation and Maintenance Account, which is the only Account in the Revenue Fund in which bondholders do not have a security interest. Remaining revenues fund the other Accounts of the Revenue Fund in the following order of priority: the Debt Service Account, the Debt Reserve Account, the Renewal and Replacement Account, the Improvement Account, and the System Reserve Account. (The Indenture also allows for the creation of Junior Lien Bond Accounts; to date the Tollway has never issued Junior Lien Bonds.) All Accounts of the Construction Fund and the Debt Service Account and Debt Reserve Account of the Revenue Fund are held by the Trustee. The Trustee-held funds classified as net assets restricted under the Trust Indenture is included in note 11.

(dd) Arbitrage Rebate

In the 1980's, Congress determined that arbitrage rebate rules were needed to curb issuance of investment motivated tax-exempt bonds. These rules were designed to create additional safeguards against issuers obtaining an arbitrage benefit by issuing bonds either prematurely or in excess of actual need in order to benefit from an expected spread between tax-exempt borrowing cost and return on investment of bond proceeds. As a result, under certain conditions gain from arbitrage must be rebated to the United States Government. The Tollway determined that as of December 31, 2014, no arbitrage rebate liability had accrued.

(9) Derivative Instruments

The fair value balances and notional amounts of derivative instruments outstanding as of December 31, 2014, classified by type, and the changes in fair value of such derivatives instruments for the year then ended as reported in the 2014 financial statements are as follows (amounts in thousands; debit (credit))

	Changes in fai	r value	December 31, 201		Notional	
Cash flow hedges:	Classification	Amount	Classification		Amount	Amount
Pay fixed, receive variable,						
interest rate swaps	Deferred outflow \$	120,629	Derivative instrument liability	\$	(257,182) \$	1,301,975

As a means of lowering its borrowing costs, the Tollway had entered into ten separate variable-to-fixed interest rate exchange agreements (swaps) in connection with its three variable rate bond issues. Per the terms of the swaps, the Tollway pays a fixed rate of interest to the swap provider in exchange for a variable rate of interest expected to match or closely approximate the variable rate of interest owed by the Tollway to bondholders. At the time each of the swaps was entered into by the Tollway, the Tollway's fixed rate

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obligation in the swap was less than the fixed rate of interest obtainable by the Tollway from issuing fixed rate bonds.

Four of the swaps became effective February 7, 2008, two of which are associated with the 2008 Series A-1 bonds and two of which were associated with the 2008 Series A-2 bonds. One of the swaps associated with the 2008 Series A-2 Bonds was terminated on June 10, 2010 in connection with the Tollway's refunding of a portion of its 2008 Series A-2 Bonds on July 1, 2010. Four of the swaps became effective November 1, 2007, two of which are associated with the 2007 Series A-1 bonds and two of which are associated with the 2007 Series A-2 bonds. Two of the swaps became effective December 30, 1998 and are associated with the 1998 Series B bonds.

Details of these derivative instruments outstanding are as follows (amounts in thousands):

Bond Series		Current notional amount	Effective date	Swap Termination Date	Fixed rate paid	Variable rate received	Fair value as of 12/31/14	Counterparty	Estimated counterparty credit ratings
1998B	\$	67,705	12/30/1998	01/01/2017	4.3250%	Actual bond rate	\$ (4,064)	Goldman Sachs Mitsui Marine	
								Derivative Products, L.P.	Aa2/AAA
1998B		55,395	12/30/1998	01/01/2017	4.3250%	Actual bond rate	(3,325)	JPMorgan Chase Bank, National Association	Aa3/A+
2007A-1		175,000	11/01/2007	07/01/2030	3.9720%	SIFMA	(38,672)	Citibank N.A.	A2/A
2007A-1		175,000	11/01/2007	07/01/2030	3.9720%	SIFMA	(38,672)	Goldman Sachs Bank USA	A2/A
2007A-2		262,500	11/01/2007	07/01/2030	3.9925%	SIFMA	(58,616)	Bank of America, N.A.	A2/A
2007A-2		87,500	11/01/2007	07/01/2030	3.9925%	SIFMA	(19,539)	Wells Fargo Bank, N.A.	Aa3/AA-
2008A-1		191,550	02/07/2008	01/01/2031	3.7740%	SIFMA	(37,760)	The Bank of New York Mellon, N.A.	Aa2/AA-
2008A-1		191,550	02/07/2008	01/01/2031	3.7740%	SIFMA	(37,760)	Deutsche Bank AG, New York Branch	A3/A
2008A-2	_	95,775	02/07/2008	01/01/2031	3.7640%	SIFMA	(18,774)	Bank of America, N.A.	A2/A
Totals	\$ =	1,301,975	:			•	(257,182)		

The swap counterparty ratings included in the chart are from Moody's Investors Service and Standard & Poor's Corporation, respectively.

The notional amounts of the swaps match the outstanding principal amounts of the associated bonds, with the exception that the swap associated with the Tollway's \$95,800,000 outstanding 2008 Series A-2 bonds is in a notional amount of \$95,775,000. The amortizations of the 2008 Series A-2 Bonds and the related swap result in the bond amount outstanding always exceeding the swap notional amount outstanding, with the difference between the two never exceeding \$25,000.

Interest rate swaps are not normally valued through exchange-type markets with easily accessible quotation systems and procedures. The fair market values of the swaps were calculated using the zero coupon method as described in GASB 53.

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Risks

(a) Credit Risk

Counterparty credit risk is the risk that a swap is terminated and the counterparty fails to make one or more required payments. The termination payment is a market-based payment approximating the fair value of the swap at the time of termination. The Tollway was not exposed to termination payment credit risk as of December 31, 2014 because the negative fair values of each swap would render no payments owing by the counterparties in the event of a termination. If changes in interest rates were to create positive fair values for the swaps in the future, the Tollway would be exposed to counterparty credit risk in the amount of those positive fair values. The swaps require full collateralization from the counterparty of any positive fair value of the swaps in the event the counterparty's credit rating falls below a Standard & Poor's rating of A- or a Moody's Investors Service rating of A3. The swaps require full collateralization from the counterparty of positive market value of the swaps in the event the counterparty's credit rating falls below a Standard & Poor's rating of AA- or a Moody's Investors Service rating of Aa3 and the amount of the positive market value exceeds certain thresholds as specified in the swap agreements. The swaps require such collateral to be held by a third party custodian in the form of cash, debt obligations issued by the U.S. Treasury or debt issued by federally sponsored agencies. The nine swaps outstanding as of December 31, 2014 are with eight different counterparties from seven different financial firms. The financial firm with the largest notional amount holds 28% of the total notional amount of the outstanding swaps.

(b) Basis Risk

Basis risk is the extent to which the Tollway's variable rate interest payments to bondholders differs from the variable rate payments received from the swap counterparties. The Tollway's variable rate interest payments to bondholders are determined by rates established by remarketing agents on a weekly basis. In the case of the 1998 Series B swaps, the variable rate interest payments received from the swap counterparties are equal to the variable rate interest payments owed to bondholders, which renders this swap to be currently without basis risk. Under certain circumstances as specified in the 1998 Series B swap agreements and upon notice from the swap counterparties, the variable rate payments received from swap counterparties may change from a basis of the actual bond interest rate to the SIFMA 7-day Municipal Swap Index plus eight basis points. During 2014, the average interest rate paid to 1998 Series B bondholders was 0.29%, compared to an average SIFMA 7-day Municipal Swap Index of 0.05%. In the case of the 2007 Series A-1 and Series A-2 swaps, the variable rate payments received from the swap counterparties is equal to the SIFMA 7-day Municipal Swap Index, so basis risk is incurred to the extent the rates set by remarketing agents on the Tollway's 2007 Series A-1 and A-2 bonds exceed the SIFMA 7-day Municipal Swap Index. During 2014, the average interest rate paid to Series 2007A bondholders was 0.05%, compared to an average SIFMA 7-day Municipal Swap Index of 0.05%. In the case of the 2008 Series A-1 and Series A-2 swaps, the variable rate payments received from the swap counterparties are equal to the SIFMA 7-day Municipal Swap Index, so basis risk is incurred to the extent the rates set by remarketing agents on the Tollway's 2008 Series A-1 and A-2 bonds exceed the SIFMA 7-day

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Municipal Swap Index. During 2014, the average interest rate paid to Series 2008A bondholders was 0.07%, compared to an average SIFMA 7-day Municipal Swap Index of 0.05%.

Low interest rates contributed to the negative December 31, 2014 market valuations (fair values) included in the preceding chart for the Tollway's swaps. At the time the swaps were entered into, the synthetic fixed rates achieved by the swaps were less than the fixed rates that could have been achieved by issuing fixed rate bonds.

(c) Termination Risk

The Tollway's swap agreements do not contain any out-of-the-ordinary termination provisions that would expose it to significant termination risk. Consistent with agreements of this type, the Tollway and the counterparty each have the ability to terminate a swap agreement if the other party fails to perform under the terms of the agreement. The agreements allow either party to terminate in the event of a significant loss of creditworthiness by the other party. If a swap were to be terminated, the associated variable rate bonds would no longer be hedged and the Tollway would be subject to variable rate risk, unless it entered into a new hedge following termination. If variable rate bonds were to be redeemed early, the net payments owing under the associated swap agreement(s) would continue to accrue, unless and until the associated swap(s) were to be terminated. If a swap were to have a negative market value at time of termination, the Tollway would be liable to the counterparty for a payment approximately equal to the market value of such swap.

(d) Rollover Risk

There is no swap rollover risk, given that the swap agreements have final maturities and amortizations that approximately match the final maturities and amortizations of the related bond issues.

Derivative Instrument Payments and Hedged Debt

As of December 31, 2014, aggregate projected debt service requirements of the Tollway's hedged debt and net receipts/payments on associated hedging derivative instruments are presented below. The projected amounts assume that the interest rates on variable-rate debt and reference rates on associated hedging derivative instruments as of December 31, 2014 will remain the same for their terms. As these rates vary, interest payments on variable-rate bonds and net receipts/payments on the associated hedging derivative instruments will vary. The hedging derivative instruments column reflects only the net receipts/payments on derivative instruments that qualify for hedge accounting. All of the Tollway's derivative instruments as of December 31, 2014 qualified for hedge accounting.

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Fiscal year					Hedging derivative		
ending December 31,		Hedged Principal	Interest	-	instruments – net payments		Total
	-	i i incipai	Interest		net payments	-	I Viai
2015	\$	- \$	920,460	\$	50,508,310	\$	51,428,770
2016		53,900,000	859,352		49,446,456		104,205,808
2017		69,200,000	717,197		46,841,323		116,758,520
2018		2,375,000	636,021		45,386,258		48,397,279
2019		2,500,000	634,527		45,293,354		48,427,881
2020		2,625,000	633,106		45,238,197		48,496,303
2021		2,750,000	631,168		45,051,140		48,432,308
2022		2,812,500	629,631		44,988,787		48,430,918
2023		2,937,500	627,875		44,879,556		48,444,931
2024		53,062,500	615,738		44,816,332		98,494,570
2025		150,062,500	543,816		40,194,418		190,800,734
2026		140,250,000	466,806		34,811,072		175,527,878
2027		202,312,500	373,054		29,015,699		231,701,253
2028		176,750,000	278,343		22,097,679		199,126,022
2029		182,687,500	181,336		14,998,324		197,867,160
2030		188,500,000	81,087		7,734,454		196,315,541
2031	_	69,250,000	3,529		219,498		69,473,027
	\$_	1,301,975,000 \$	8,833,045	\$	611,520,857	\$_	1,922,328,902

(10) Unearned Revenue

The Tollway's communications network includes a fiber optic system. Excess capacity on the fiber optic lines is leased to other organizations in order to offset the cost of the system. Since 2000, when the system was initially upgraded, the Tollway has entered into fiber optic system lease agreements with terms of twenty years. The Tollway has collected a cumulative total of \$34,824,936 in upfront payments; the related revenue will be earned over the lease terms.

The total unearned revenue balance for the fiber optic system was \$13,704,487 at December 31, 2014, and the amount earned was \$21,120,450 through December 31, 2014.

The Tollway also invoices annual fiber optic maintenance fees. At December 31, 2014, some of these fees had been paid in advance. These have also been recorded as unearned revenue.

On October 1, 2013, the Tollway entered into a 3-year agreement with Travelers Marketing, LLC, for sponsorship of the Tollway's Highway Emergency Lane Patrol (H.E.L.P.) trucks. In exchange for a sponsorship fee of \$1,803,000, Travelers has the exclusive right to place its branding on Tollway H.E.L.P trucks and H.E.L.P truck operator uniforms. The unearned portion of the sponsorship fee paid by Travelers in 2014 has been recorded as unearned revenue.

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A summary of changes in unearned revenue for the year ended December 31, 2014, is as follows:

_	Balance at January 1	Current year activity	Balance at December 31	Current
Unearned revenue:				
Fiber optics \$ Accumulated amortization	33,693,923 \$ (19,385,613)	1,565,263 \$ (1,734,837)	35,259,186 \$ (21,120,450)	2,179,939 (1,745,690)
-	14,308,310	(169,574)	14,138,736	434,249
Intergovernmental agreements Accumulated amortization	37,320	(37,320)	<u>-</u>	-
	37,320	(37,320)	CALIFORNIA MARIA M	_
H.E.L.P. Truck advertising revenue	600,000	601,000	1,201,000	601,000
Accumulated amortization	(124,208)	(601,000)	(725,208)	(125,208)
	475,792	_	475,792	475,792
Totals				
Unearned revenue	34,331,243	2,128,943	36,460,186	2,780,939
Accumlated amortization	(19,509,821)	(2,335,837)	(21,845,658)	(1,870,898)
Net deferred revenue \$	14,821,422 \$	(206,894) \$	14,614,528 \$	910,041

(11) Restricted Net Position

As of December 31, 2014, the Tollway reported the following restricted net assets:

<u>Description</u>		2014
Net assets restricted under Trust Indenture agreement	\$	410,020,656
Net assets restricted for pension benefit obligation	_	57,996
Total	\$_	410,078,652

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(12) Contributions to State Employees' Retirement System

Plan Description: Substantially all of the Tollway's full-time employees, as well as the State Police assigned to the Tollway who are not eligible for any other state-sponsored retirement plan, participate in the State Employees' Retirement System (SERS), which is a component unit of the State of Illinois reporting entity. SERS is a single-employer defined benefit public employee retirement system (PERS) in which state employees participate, except those covered by the State Universities, Teachers, General Assembly and Judges' Retirement Systems. SERS is governed by a 13 member Board of Trustees, consisting of the Illinois Comptroller, six trustees appointed by the Governor with the advice and consent of the Illinois Senate, four trustees elected by SERS members, and two trustees appointed by SERS retirees. SERS issues a separate comprehensive annual financial report (CAFR). The financial position and results of operations for SERS for fiscal years 2014 are also included in the state's Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR) for the years ended June 30, 2014.

A summary of SERS' benefit provisions, changes in benefit provisions, employee eligibility requirements including eligibility for vesting, and the authority under which benefit provisions are established are included as an integral part of the SERS' CAFR. Also included therein is a discussion of employer and employee obligations to contribute and the authority under which those obligations are established.

To obtain a copy of SERS' CAFR, write, call, or email:

State Employees Retirement System 2101 S. Veterans Parkway Springfield, IL. 62794-9255 (217) 785-2340 sers@mail.state.il.us

Funding Policy: The contribution requirements of SERS members and the State are established by State statute and may be amended by action of the General Assembly and the Governor. The required contributions are determined by actuaries on an annual basis. The required contributions are computed in accordance with the Pension Code and a statutory funding plan that would increase the funding ratio of SERS to 90% of actuarial accrued liabilities as of June 30, 2045. The funding plan that was scheduled to become effective on June 1, 2014, incorporating the amendments in amendatory Public Act 98-0599, signed by the Governor on December 5, 2013, would have increased the funding ratio of SERS to 100% of actuarial accrued liabilities by June 30, 2044. The Tollway is aware that litigation has been filed raising certain challenges as to the constitutionality or validity of Public Act 98-0599. On May 8, 2015, the Illinois Supreme Court ruled that this Public Act was unconstitutional. See the Subsequent Events footnote (note 21). The currently effective funding plan does not conform with principles of the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB). As of June 30, 2014, SERS funding ratio was 33.7% of actuarial accrued liabilities.

Tollway employees covered by SERS contribute between 4.0% and 8.5% of their annual covered payroll. The State contribution rates for the State's fiscal year ended June 30, 2014, was determined according to the statutory schedule.

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Tollway contribution rates to SERS for the Tollway's SERS covered employees for the State fiscal years ended June 30, 2015, 2014, 2013 and 2012 were 42.339%, 40.312%, 37.987%, 34.190%, respectively. Tollway payments in the calendar years ended December 31, 2014, 2013, 2012 and 2011 were \$46,679,828, \$41,924,939, \$37,894,514, and \$32,790,627, respectively. The Tollway has made all required contributions through December 31, 2014.

In addition to contributions to this retirement plan, effective July 1, 1990, the Tollway adopted, under the provisions of the Tollway Act (605 ILCS 10/1 et. seq.), a noncontributory defined-benefit pension plan which covered employees who were members of SERS and who were not members of any collective bargaining unit. The plan was intended to meet the requirements of a tax-qualified plan under Section 401(a) of the Internal Revenue Code. The plan provided benefits based upon years of service and employee compensation levels. The Tollway's policy was to make contributions consistent with sound actuarial practice. Annual cost was determined using the projected unit credit actuarial method. The Tollway suspended the plan's benefits as of September 15, 1994, and terminated the plan effective December 31, 1994. As of December 31, 2014, the net positions available for these benefits were \$187,831 (valued at the lesser of market value or actuarial value), and the pension benefit obligation was recorded as \$129,835. As of December 31, 2014, 7 beneficiaries remained in the plan.

Other Post-Employment Benefits (OPEB): Under provisions of SERS, the State of Illinois provides certain health, dental, and life insurance benefits to annuitants who are former Tollway employees. Substantially all Tollway employees may become eligible for post-employment benefits if they eventually become annuitants. As of December 31, 2014, 1007 retirees meet the eligibility requirements. Life insurance benefits are limited to \$5,000 per annuitant age 60 or older. For the year ended December 31, 2014, the Tollway contributed \$3,915,011 towards the state's current cost of benefits.

The actuarially determined annual OPEB cost for providing these benefits and the related OPEB obligations are recorded in the financial statements of the state agencies responsible for paying these benefits. Since the end of fiscal year 2013, the Department of Central Management Services (CMS) has administrative responsibilities for the program. CMS uses the services of an administrator, which purchase insurance policies to fund these benefits.

A summary of OPEB benefit provisions, changes in benefit provisions, and the authority under which benefit provisions are established are included as an integral part of the state's CAFR. Also included therein is a discussion of employer and employee obligations to contribute and the authority under which those obligations are established.

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(13) Risk Management

The Tollway has a self-insured risk program for workers' compensation claims, and is liable to pay all approved claims. Claims liabilities are reported when it is probable that a loss has occurred and the amount of the loss can be reasonably estimated. Claims liabilities include non-incremental claims adjustment expenses. The estimated liabilities for asserted workers' compensation claims of \$19,386,483 and both asserted and unasserted employee health claims of \$358,309 as of December 31, 2014, are included in the accompanying financial statements.

Workers compensation:

	Estimated						
Year	claims payable	2014 claims	 Claims payments		claims payable December 31	e	Current Portion
2014 2013	\$ 18,082,622 13,310,641	\$ 8,698,913 10,535,827	\$ 7,395,052 5,763,846	\$	19,386,483 18,082,622	\$	7,400,000 6,000,000

Health Insurance:

	Estimated			Estimated	
Year	claims payable January 1	2014 claims	Claims payments	claims payable December 31	Current Portion
2014 S 2013	294,848 \$ 291,685	5,754,558	\$ 6,983,490 5,751,395	\$ 358,309 \$ 294,848	358,309 294,848

Additionally, the Tollway purchases commercial insurance policies for general liability insurance and vehicle liability insurance which have a level of retention of \$500,000 per occurrence for general liability and \$250,000 per occurrence for vehicle insurance. Property insurance coverage for damages to capital assets other than vehicles includes retention of \$1,000,000 per occurrence. The Tollway has not had significant reductions in insurance coverage during the current or prior year nor did settlements exceed insurance coverage in any of the last three years.

(14) Compensated Absences

The liability reported in the Statement of Net Position represents the vacation and 50% of unused sick time for the period beginning January 1, 1984, and ending December 31,1997, accrued by the employees, and is payable upon termination or death of the employee. The payment provided shall not be allowed if the purpose of the separation from employment and any subsequent re-employment is for the purpose of obtaining such payment. The Tollway's liability for unused annual vacation leave and sick leave as defined above is recorded in the accompanying financial statements at the employee's pay rate.

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Amounts accrued as compensated absences payable at December 31, 2014 are as follows:

		Balance at				Balance at	Due within	
		January 1	 Accrued	····	Used	 December 31	 one year	_
2014	\$	9,687,448	\$ 6,174,058	\$	5,812,424	\$ 10,049,082	\$ 5,800,000	

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(15) Pledges of Future Revenues

All revenue bonds issued under the Tollway's Trust Indenture are secured by a pledge of and lien on Tollway revenues and certain other funds (excluding amounts reserved for the payment of maintenance and operating expenses) as provided in the Trust Indenture.

		December	31, 2014
		Future pledged	Term of
Bond issue	Purpose	 revenues	commitment
1998 Series A Priority	Refund Outstanding Bonds		
Refunding Revenue Bonds	Č		
(Fixed Rate)		\$ 77,666,714	2016
1998 Series B Priority	Refund Outstanding Bonds		
Refunding Revenue Bonds	-		
(Variable Rate)		134,079,014	2017
2005 Series A Senior Priority	Fund Congestion Relief Program		
Revenue Bonds		75,507,250	2016
2007 Series A-1 & A-2	Fund Congestion Relief Program		
Variable Rate Senior			
Priority Revenue Bonds		1,078,245,968	2030
2008 Series A-1 & A-2	Refund Outstanding Bonds		
Variable Rate Senior			
Refunding Revenue Bonds	D 10 1 D 1 0D	710,028,099	2031
2008 Series B Senior Priority	Fund Congestion Relief Program		2022
Revenue Bonds	F 1C P 1 CP	696,757,675	2033
2009 Series A Senior Priority	Fund Congestion Relief Program		
Revenue Bonds (Build America Bonds – Direct			
Payment)		1,005,342,910	2034
2009 Series B Senior Priority	Fund Congestion Relief Program	1,005,542,510	2034
Revenue Bonds (Build	Tund Congestion Rener i Togram		
America Bonds – Direct			
Payment)		607,656,000	2034
2010 Series A-1 Senior Priority	Refund Outstanding Bonds	007,020,000	203 .
Refunding Revenue Bonds		463,679,003	2031
2013 Series A Senior	Fund Move Illinios Program	,,	
Revenue Bonds	Ç	1,020,499,750	2038
2013 Series B-1 Senior	Refund Outstanding Bonds		
Revenue Bonds	_	252,902,500	2018
2014 Series A (Refunding)	Refund Outstanding Bonds		
Senior Revenue Bonds		502,892,700	2022
2014 Series B Senior Revenue	Fund Move Illinois Program		
Bonds		1,045,500,000	2039
2014 Series C Senior Revenue	Fund Move Illinois Program		
Bonds		822,900,000	2039
2014 Series D (Refunding)	Refund Outstanding		
Bonds	Bonds	366,056,169	2025
		\$ 8,859,713,752	

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Proceeds from the bonds identified above provided financing or refinancing for the construction and/or improvement of the various toll highway systems in Illinois. Annual principal and interest payments on the bonds are expected to require approximately 29 percent of the currently projected pledged net revenue (incorporating approved, as of December 31, 2014, future toll rate increases for commercial vehicles). The total principal and interest remaining to be paid on the bonds is \$ 8.9 billion. Principal and interest paid in the current year and total pledged net revenues were \$312.5 million and \$738.3 million, respectively. Annual principal and interest payments for synthetic fixed rate bonds (1998 Series B, 2007 Series A and 2008 Series A) are estimated based on rates applicable on December 31, 2014.

(16) Commitments

At December 31, 2014, the remaining obligations against current contracts open for capital programs for CRP and Move Illinois totaled \$1.72 billion. The Tollway plans to fund remaining payments under these contracts through revenues, accumulated cash and bond issue proceeds.

(17) Pending Litigation

There are lawsuits pending against the Tollway claiming, among other things, damages for wrongful discharge and personal injury. The Tollway's exposure is generally limited to the self-insured retention of \$500,000 per general liability incident. Also pending are various Workers' Compensation claims and numerous Administrative Review actions in which individual parties are challenging the results of toll violation enforcement proceedings against them.

Management, after taking into consideration legal counsel's evaluation of such actions, is of the opinion that the outcome of these matters will have no material adverse effect on the financial position of the Tollway.

(18) Contingent Liabilities

A contingent liability is defined as a liability that is not sufficiently predictable to permit recording in the accounts but in which there is a reasonable possibility of an outcome which might affect financial position or results of operations. It is the opinion of management that the Tollway has no contingent liabilities as of December 31, 2014.

(19) New Governmental Accounting Standards

The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) has issued the following statements:

Statement No. 68 – Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions - The objective of this statement is to improve accounting and financial reporting for pensions. This statement replaces the requirements of Statement No. 27 – Accounting for Pensions by State and Local Governmental Employers. This statement is effective for fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2014. Implementation of this statement may have a material impact on the financial statements of the Tollway.

Statement No. 69 – Government Combinations and Disposals of Government Operations - This Statement establishes accounting and financial reporting standards related to government combinations and disposals of government operations. Management does not anticipate this statement will impact its financial statements.

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Statement No. 70 – Accounting and Financial Reporting for Nonexchange Financial Guarantees - The objective of this Statement is to improve accounting and financial reporting by state and local governments that extend and receive nonexchange financial guarantees. Management does not anticipate this statement will impact its financial statements.

Statement No. 71 – Pension Transition for Contributions Made Subsequent to the Measurement Date - The objective of this Statement is to address an issue regarding application of the transition provisions of Statement No. 68, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions. The issue relates to amounts associated with contributions, if any, made by a state or local government employer or nonemployer contributing entity to a defined benefit pension plan after the measurement date of the government's beginning net pension liability. This statement is effective for fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2014. Management has not yet fully determined the impact this Statement will have on the financial position and results of operations of the Tollway.

Statement No. 72 – Fair Value Measurement and Application - This Statement provides guidance for determining a fair value measurement for financial reporting purposes. This Statement also provides guidance for applying fair value to certain investments and disclosures related to all fair value measurements. This statement is effective for fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2015. Management does not anticipate that this statement will impact its financial statements.

(20) Related Parties

The Tollway has entered into various intergovernmental agreements with the State of Illinois, through the Illinois Department of Transportation (IDOT). Intergovernmental receivables of approximately \$ 155.1 million are recorded at December 31, 2014, representing construction projects performed by the Tollway that pertain to the infrastructure owned by IDOT. Accrued liabilities totaling approximately \$ 79.2 million are recorded for amounts owed to IDOT for construction projects IDOT has performed for infrastructure assets owned by the Tollway.

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(A Component Unit of the State of Illinois)

Notes to the Financial Statements

December 31, 2014

(21) Subsequent Events

Effective January 1, 2015, a toll rate increase for commercial vehicles took effect. The rate increase was approved by the Tollway Board of Directors in 2008 and affirmed in 2011.

On January 29, 2015, the Tollway's Board of Directors authorized the early redemption, on or after July 1, 2015, of the \$36,810,000 of Toll Highway Senior Priority Revenue Bonds, 2005 Series A bonds scheduled to mature on January 1, 2016. The purpose of such early redemption will be to produce debt service savings for the Tollway.

On February 26, 2015, the Tollway's Board of Directors authorized the issuance of up to \$375,000,000 of fixed rate revenue bonds for the purpose of advance refunding the \$350,000,000 of Toll Highway Senior Priority Revenue Bonds, 2008 Series B to achieve debt service savings.

On May 8, 2015, the Illinois Supreme Court ruled that Public Act 98-0599, relating to changes in the State Employees Retirement System pension benefits, was unconstitutional.

The Tollway has been notified by the U.S. Treasury of a 7.3% reduction in U.S. Treasury subsidies of Build America Bond interest payments. This reduction is expected to reduce the subsidy payments received by the Tollway for the Series 2009B interest payment due June 1, 2015, and the Series 2009A interest payment due July 1, 2015, by a total amount of \$592,911.

On June 9, 2015, the Standard & Poor's counterparty credit rating for Deutsche Bank AG was lowered from "A" to "BBB+". Deutsche Bank AG is counterparty to the Tollway on a \$191,550,000 notional amount variable-to-fixed interest rate exchange agreement associated with the Tollway's Series 2008A-1 Bonds.



Schedule 1

ILLINOIS STATE TOLL HIGHWAY AUTHORITY

(A Component Unit of the State of Illinois)
Schedule of Changes in Fund Balance – by Fund
Trust Indenture Basis of Accounting (Non GAAP)
Year ended December 31, 2014

	Revenue fund		Construction fund	Total
Increases:		-		
Toll revenue \$	968,971,925	\$		\$ 968,971,925
Toll evasion recovery	53,769,282			53,769,282
Concessions	2,096,881		aland College and	2,096,881
Interest	1,041,296		16,641	1,057,937
Miscellaneous	10,276,277			10,276,277
Total increases	1,036,155,661		16,641	1,036,172,302
Decreases: Engineering and maintenance of				
roadway and structures	47,614,405			47,614,405
Services and toll collection	107,326,071			107,326,071
Traffic control, safety patrol, and				
radio communications	27,606,025			27,606,025
Procurement, IT, finance and adminis	24,191,911		-	24,191,911
Insurance and employee benefits	91,082,480			91,082,480
Construction	1,119,325,729			1,119,325,729
Construction expense reimbursed by				
proceeds	(729,238,326)		729,238,326	политично
Bond principal payments	92,855,000		MARAMANI	92,855,000
Net funds applied to refunding	20,623,449			20,623,449
Build America bond subsidy	(15,066,431)			(15,066,431)
Bond interest and other financing cos	s 235,078,682	_		235,078,682
Total decreases	1,021,398,995		729,238,326	1,750,637,321
Net increases (decreases)	14,756,666		(729,221,685)	(714,465,019)
Bond proceeds	58,614,967		944,052,311	1,002,667,278
Bond issuance costs	2,201,421		(3,898,101)	(1,696,680)
	60,816,388		940,154,210	1,000,970,598
Change in fund balance	75,573,053	_	210,932,526	286,505,579
Fund balance, January 1	980,391,169		270,212,800	1,250,603,969
Fund balance, December 31 \$	1,055,964,222	- = \$	481,145,326	\$ 1,537,109,548

Statement of Net Position is presented on the full accrual basis in the basic financial statements

See accompanying independent auditors' report.

(A Component Unit of the State of Illinois)
Schedule of Changes in Fund Balance – by Fund
Trust Indenture Basis of Accounting (Non GAAP)
Year ended December 31, 2013

		Revenue fund		Construction fund	Total
Increases:	-				
Toll revenue	\$	943,152,070	\$	**********	\$ 943,152,070
Toll evasion recovery		54,220,590			54,220,590
Concessions		2,305,563			2,305,563
Interest		866,081		80,129	946,210
Miscellaneous	_	9,231,579			 9,231,579
Total increases	_	1,009,775,883		80,129	1,009,856,012
Decreases: Engineering and maintenance of	_		-		
roadway and structures		43,225,062			43,225,062
Services and toll collection		106,320,891			106,320,891
Traffic control, safety patrol, and					
radio communications		22,550,784		NATIONAL PROPERTY.	22,550,784
Procurement, IT, finance and administration	n	19,137,844		-	19,137,844
Insurance and employee benefits		86,277,850		- VARIABANA	86,277,850
Construction		619,977,348		-	619,977,348
Construction expense reimbursed by bond					
proceeds		(252,831,294)		252,831,294	ARREADAM.
Bond principal payments		56,365,000			56,365,000
Gain/loss on defeased bonds		9,391,433			9,391,433
Build America bond subsidy		(14,952,722)		- addition to the last of the	(14,952,722)
Bond interest and other financing costs	_	212,074,181		AMAZORA	 212,074,181
Total decreases	_	907,536,378		252,831,294	 1,160,367,671
Net increases (decreases)		102,239,505		(252,751,165)	(150,511,659)
Bond proceeds		38,371,178		525,165,386	563,536,564
Bond issuance costs				(2,201,421)	(2,201,421)
Change in fund balance	_	140,610,683		270,212,800	 410,823,483
Fund balance, January 1		839,780,486		·	839,780,486
Fund balance, December 31	\$	980,391,169	\$	270,212,800	\$ 1,250,603,969

Statement of Net Position is presented on the full accrual basis in the basic financial statements

See accompanying independent auditors' report.

(A Component Unit of the State of Illinois)

Schedule of Changes in Fund Balance – Revenue Fund – by Account

Trust Indenture Basis of Accounting (Non GAAP)

Year ended December 31, 2014

Revenue fund and accounts

Revenue fund and accounts								
	Kevenue account	Maintenance an Operating sub account	d operations Operating reserve sub account	Debt service	Debt service reserve	Renewal and replacement	Improvement	l ota l
Increases:								
Toll revenue \$	968,971,925 \$	\$		\$ \$	- \$	\$	\$	968,971,925
Toll evasion recovery	53,769,282	- Mark Manager	moneyers.	and a second	nan-more en	manifesta in		53,769,282
Concessions	2,096,881		- Companies Auto-	10700-10000	-Antargasson	ned tre	manuses*	2,096,881
Interest	30,958	processing.		27,128	613,642	208,079	161,489	1,041,296
Miscellaneous	10,276,277	announcement	Mandada (ASMANANA	a de format de come	ADM B NATION	manuscus.	10,276,277
Intrafund transfers	(1,040,170,080)	293,081,349	***************************************	313,319,980		200,000,000	233,768,749	
Total increases	(5,024,757)	293,081,349	continues on	313,347,108	613,642	200,208,079	233,930,238	1,036,155,661
Decreases:								
Engineering and maintenance of roadway	1							
and structures	around state	47,614,405		spanishe.		MATERIAL	***	47,614,405
Services and toll collection	AMMANANA	107,326,071	-	AMMINIO	MANAGE.	***************************************	paternoon.	107,326,071
Traffic control, safety patrol, and radio								
communications	materials:	27,606,025		AND MEDICAL PARTY.	*****	********		27,606,025
Procurement, IT, finance and administrat	monotoni,	24,191,911	2000000		American	1110000	annangar	24,191,911
Insurance and employee benefits	(Manufacture)	91,082,480	nadaman da	APAPARAN	Value and Sec.	vanous:	and the same	91,082,480
Construction expenses	Mercuniture	AMAZON PA	200403244	received trade		202,719,997	916,605,732	1,119,325,729
Construction expenses reimbursed by bor	nd							
proceeds		- Marindana	renomajn.	manager.	COMPLIANCE VIEW	IF ARM STOPA	(729,238,326)	(729,238,326)
Bond principal payments			(Angeler etc.)	92,855,000	operation	at any many a	and control of the co	92,855,000
Net funds applied to refunding	*****	with the party.	*****	20,451,642	171,807	a majoragem	- Marina de Artino	20,623,449
Build America bond subsidy	правили	-	Annual Control of the	(15,066,431)	******	artelantonia	respect may	(15,066,431)
Interest and other financing costs				234,871,785	206,897		aparticle day.	235,078,682
Total decreases	******	297,820,892	age and the	333,111,996	378,704	202,719,997	187,367,406	1,021,398,996
Net increase (decrease)	(5,024,757)	(4,739,543)	417000	(19,764,888)	234,938	(2,511,918)	46,562,832	14,756,665
Bond proceeds		and the state of t	negative.		58,614,967	100400004		58,614,967
Prior Period Adju-Series 2013 A Issuanc			one management	2,201,421	watermanner.	annean.	-	2,201,421
Change in fund balance	(5,024,757)	(4,739,543)	Name of the last o	(17,563,466)	58,849,904	(2,511,917)	46,562,832	75,573,053
Fund balance, January 1	12,742,639	5,905,559	27,400,000	134,636,266	245,570,375	339,311,478	214,824,852	980,391,169
Fund balance, December 31 \$	7,717,882 \$	1,166,016 \$	27,400,000	\$ 117,072,800 \$	304,420,279 \$	336,799,561 \$	261,387,684 \$	1,055,964,222

Note: Total may not foot due to rounding.

See accompanying independent auditors' report.

(A Component Unit of the State of Illinois)

Schedule of Changes in Fund Balance – Revenue Fund – by Account Trust Indenture Basis of Accounting (Non GAAP)

Year ended December 31, 2013

Revenue fund and accounts

	Maintenance and operations							
	Kevenue account	Operating sub account	Operating reserve sub account	Debt service	Debt service reserve	Renewal and replacement	Improvement	Total
Increases:								
Toll revenue \$	943,152,070 \$	\$	underlig Statistics	\$ \$	\$	\$	\$	943,152,070
Toll evasion recovery	54,220,590	salesalessen	APA-0000-014	- MARIENTANIA	***************************************		windowsky house, he	54,220,590
Concessions	2,305,563	PROTEOTOGO.		Anna Variable	Ministration for	Made of Artist	Mark Controlled	2,305,563
Interest	73,052	Parameterior	******	27,785	225,845	364,611	174,789	866,082
Miscellaneous	9,231,579	Marketina	//INDOORSES	- Property St.		abilitação de la compansa de la comp	ministrature.	9,231,579
Intrafund transfers	(1,006,078,768)	268,953,581		294,680,906		200,000,000	242,444,281	
Total increases	2,904,086	268,953,581		294,708,691	225,845	200,364,611	242,619,070	1,009,775,883
Decreases:								
Engineering and maintenance of roadwa	у							
and structures	and an angle and a	43,225,062	-management	recentrates	and the second	majority and	endanger.	43,225,062
Services and toll collection		106,320,891	Approximate the second	AMADOMOTION III.	manager		distribution (106,320,891
Traffic control, safety patrol, and radio								
communications	- Commence of the Commence of	22,550,784	nonarene	(Angelija nav			mile reports.	22,550,784
Procurement, IT, finance and administr	VIOLENCE.	19,137,845	servine en	interestings.			tumbourts.	19,137,845
Insurance and employee benefits		86,277,850	CONTRACTOR OF THE PARTY OF THE	777777			tonometro.	86,277,850
Construction expenses						170,307,017	449,670,329	619,977,346
Construction expenses reimbursed by bo	nd							
proceeds	second-law.	diagnature	*****				(252,831,294)	(252,831,294)
Bond principal payments	enamany.	on temporal and design	ricelesesteres	56,365,000				56,365,000
Gain/loss on defeased bonds	numerous and	PROBREMAN	normalde	9,391,433	No. or following some	Address date to	nerver relations	9,391,433
Build America bond subsidy	******	macronium.	ARTICUPANDA	(14,952,722)		- a space princip	manty-paged	(14,952,722)
Interest and other financing costs				211,867,284	206,897			212,074,181
Total decreases		277,512,432		262,670,995	206,897	170,307,017	196,839,035	907,536,376
Net increase (decrease)	2,904,085	(8,558,851)	440	32,037,696	18,948	30,057,594	45,780,035	102,239,507
Bond proceeds			nana.	AMAGINAA	38,371,177			38,371,177
Change in fund balance	2,904,085	(8,558,851)		32,037,696	38,390,125	30,057,594	45,780,035	140,610,684
Fund balance, January 1	9,838,554	14,464,410	27,400,000	102,598,570	207,180,250	309,253,884	169,044,817	839,780,485
Fund balance, December 31 \$	12,742,639 \$	5,905,559 \$	27,400,000	134,636,266 \$	245,570,375 \$	339,311,478 \$	214,824,852 \$	980,391,169

Note: Total may not foot due to rounding.

See accompanying independent auditors' report.

(A Component Unit of the State of Illinois)

Notes to the Trust Indenture Basis Schedules

December 31, 2014

(1) Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The 1999 Amended and Restated Trust Indenture (the Trust Indenture) requires the Tollway to provide separate funds for construction (Construction Fund) and for operations (Revenue Fund), which funds are not appropriated by the Illinois General Assembly. The Trust Indenture permits the Tollway to create additional accounts for the purpose of more precise accounting. The Illinois State Treasurer holds monies for the Tollway as ex-officio custodian and has recorded these monies in a custodian account. This account is part of the Maintenance and Operation Account within the Revenue Fund.

Prior to fiscal year 2005, the Tollway issued separate financial statements, prepared on the basis of accounting described below, in order to demonstrate compliance with the requirements of the Trust Indenture (Trust Indenture Statements). Beginning in 2005, the Tollway has included schedules, prepared on the basis of accounting described below, in the supplementary information section of this report. The Tollway believes that these schedules, along with the GAAP basis financial statements contained in this report, are sufficient to demonstrate compliance with the requirements of the Trust Indenture. As a result, separate Trust Indenture Statements are no longer prepared. Certain items in the presentation of the Trust Indenture Statements. In addition, the schedules contained in this section of the report present only the Revenue Fund and the Construction Fund. Previously, the Trust Indenture Statements included "Infrastructure and Long-term Debt of Accounts," which was optional reporting allowed under the Trust Indenture.

(a) Basis of Accounting

Under the provisions of the Trust Indenture, the basis of accounting followed for the Construction Fund and the Revenue Fund within the Schedule of Changes in Fund Balance by Fund, differs in certain respects from accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

The major differences are as follows:

- 1. Capital construction and asset acquisitions are charged against fund balance as incurred. In addition, there is no provision for depreciation.
- 2. Monies received from sale of assets are recorded as revenue when the cash is received.
- 3. Monies received for long term fiber optic leases are recorded as revenue when received.
- 4. Principal retirements on revenue bonds are expensed when paid. The results of defeasement are accounted for as revenue or expense at the time of the transaction.
- 5. Bond proceeds (including premiums) are recorded as income in the year received. Amounts received from refunding issuances, if any, are recorded net of transfers to the escrow agent.
- 6. Unrealized gains and losses on Debt Reserve invested funds are netted against interest and other financing costs.
- 7. Capital lease obligations are not recorded. Payments under capital leases are expensed in the period payments are made.

(A Component Unit of the State of Illinois)

Notes to the Trust Indenture Basis Schedules

December 31, 2014

- 8. Interest related to construction in progress is not capitalized.
- 9. Recoveries of expenses are classified as decreases in operating expenses for trust indenture and as miscellaneous operating revenue for GAAP.
- 10. In trust indenture, transponder purchases and other miscellaneous expenses are reflected in the Renewal and Replacement fund as capital expense. For GAAP the expenses are reflected as an operating expense.
- 11. Construction expenses incurred under intergovernmental agreements are decreased by payments received under these intergovernmental agreements.

Therefore, the accompanying Schedules of Changes in Fund Balance by Fund, which are prepared in accordance with the aforementioned accounting principles, are not intended to, and do not, present the financial position or the results of operations in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

A description of the individual accounts within the Revenue Fund and Construction Fund, as well as the required distribution of revenues collected, is as follows:

(b) The Revenue Fund

All revenues received by the Tollway other than investment income shall be delivered by the Tollway to the Treasurer, for deposit in the Revenue Fund. On or before the 20th day of each month the Treasurer shall, at the direction of the Tollway, transfer or apply the balance as of such date of transfer in the Revenue Fund not previously transferred or applied in the following order of priority:

- A. To the Operating Sub-Account, operating expenses set forth in the annual budget for the fiscal year in an amount equal to one-twelfth of the total approved budget, less all other amounts previously transferred by the Treasurer for deposit to the credit of the Operating Sub-Account during that fiscal year, less the balance, if any, which was on deposit to the credit of the Operating Sub-Account on December 31 of the preceding fiscal year.
- B. To the Operating Reserve Sub-Account, the amount specified by the Tollway, but not to exceed thirty percent of the amount annually budgeted for operating expenses.
- C. To the Interest Sub-Account, an amount equal to interest due on unpaid bonds, plus one-sixth of the difference between the interest payable on bond and interest due within the next six months.
- D. To the Principal Sub-Account, an amount equal to any principal due plus one-twelfth of any principal of such outstanding senior bonds payable on the next principal payment date.
- E. To the Redemption Sub-Account, an amount for each bond equal to one-twelfth of any sinking fund installment of outstanding bonds payable within the next twelve months.

(A Component Unit of the State of Illinois)
Notes to the Trust Indenture Basis Schedules
December 31, 2014

- F. To the Provider Payment Sub-Account, amounts as provided in any supplemental indenture for paying costs of credit enhancement or qualified hedge agreements for bonds or for making reimbursements to providers of credit enhancement or qualified hedge agreements for bonds.
- G. To the Debt Service Reserve Account, an amount sufficient to cause the balance in it to equal the debt reserve requirement and to make reimbursement to providers of reserve account credit facilities.
- H. To the Junior Bond Debt Service or Junior Bond Debt Reserve Account, any amounts required by supplemental indentures.
- I. To the Renewal and Replacement Account, one-twelfth the portion of the renewal and replacement amount set forth in the annual budget for the fiscal year.
- J. The balance of such amounts in the Revenue Funds are to be applied as follows:
 - To the credit of the Improvement Account for allocation to a project as determined by the Tollway in its sole discretion, until the balance in the Account is equal to the improvement requirement or a lesser amount as the Tollway may from time to time determine.
 - 2) To the credit of the System Reserve Account, the entire amount remaining in the Revenue Fund after depositing or allocating all amounts required to be deposited to the credit of the above Accounts and Sub-Accounts.

(c) Maintenance and Operation Account

The Maintenance and Operation Account consists of the Operating Sub-Account and the Operating Reserve Sub-Account. Moneys in the Operating Sub-Account are applied to operating expenses at the direction of the Tollway.

Revenues are transferred to the Operating Sub-Account to cover the expenses set forth in the annual budget for the current fiscal year. One-twelfth of the operating expenses outlined in the annual budget are transferred to this account once a month. Revenue is recorded on an accrual basis and as such may not be available for allocation until the cash is collected.

The Operating Reserve Sub-Account receives or retains an amount not to exceed 30% of the amount budgeted for operating expenses in the annual budget for the current fiscal year. Monies in the Operating Reserve Sub-Account are held as a reserve for the payment of operating expenses and are to be withdrawn if moneys are not available to the credit of the Operating Sub-Account to pay operating expenses.

If the Tollway determines that the amount in the Operating Reserve Sub-Account exceeds that amount necessary, the excess will be withdrawn from such Sub-Account and applied as revenues. By resolution, the Board voted to maintain a \$25 million fund balance in this account and has subsequently authorized a fund balance of \$17 million.

(A Component Unit of the State of Illinois)

Notes to the Trust Indenture Basis Schedules

December 31, 2014

(d) Debt Service Account

The Debt Service Account consists of the Interest Sub-Account, the Principal Sub-Account, the Redemption Sub-Account, and the Provider Payment Sub-Account, to be held by the Trustee.

Revenues are required to be deposited to cover the interest and principal amounts due and unpaid for bonds, credit enhancement or qualified hedge agreements. Revenues must also be deposited to the credit of the Debt Reserve Account in an amount sufficient to cause the balance in it to equal the debt reserve requirement.

The Debt Service Reserve Account receives funds to provide an amount sufficient to cause the balance in it to equal the debt reserve requirement and to make any required reimbursement to providers of reserve account credit facilities.

(e) Renewal and Replacement Account

Revenues must be credited to the Renewal and Replacement Account in an amount set forth in the annual budget for the renewal and replacement deposit. An amount set forth in the budget shall be determined based on recommendations of the Consulting Engineer. Additional funds can be transferred to this account by the Tollway, based on the capital plan expenditures.

(f) Improvement Account

At the direction of the Tollway, the balance of amounts in the Revenue Fund are applied to the Improvement Account, for allocations to projects, determined by the Tollway, until the balance in the Account is equal to the improvement requirement.

(g) System Reserve Account

At the direction of the Tollway, the balance in the Revenue Fund is deposited to the credit of the System Reserve Account to provide for deficiencies in any other account or sub-account. If all accounts have sufficient funds, System Reserve Account funds can be used to pay off debt, fund construction projects, make improvements or pay for any other lawful Tollway purpose.

(h) The Construction Fund

The Construction Fund is held as a separate segregated fund. The Construction Fund receives funds from the sale of bonds (other than refunding bonds) and investment of proceeds. The Treasurer establishes and maintains within the Construction Fund a separate, segregated account for each Project, the costs of which are to be paid in whole or in part out of the Construction Fund.

(A Component Unit of the State of Illinois)
Notes to the Trust Indenture Basis Schedules
December 31, 2014

(2) Miscellaneous

The following items are reported as Bond Interest and Other Financing Costs:

Components of Interest and Other Financing Costs - 2014

	 Debt service account		Debt reserve account		Total
Bond interest expense Other financing costs	\$ 224,166,495 10,705,290	\$	206,897	\$	224,166,495 10,912,187
	\$ 234,871,785	_\$.	206,897	_\$	235,078,682

Other Information:

- Construction and other capital expenses for Renewal and Replacement and Improvement include accrued expenses.
- Bond Interest expense includes accrued interest payable at December 31.
- In November 2008 the Tollway purchased a \$100 million surety bond. This policy is being amortized over the life of the bonds (24.1 years). The amortization is shown in the debt reserve column above.
- Cash and investment balances held by the Trustee at December 31, 2014, are \$195.8 million in the Debt Service accounts and \$300.4 million in the Debt Reserve account.
- During 2010 the Tollway Board of Directors authorized \$30 million to be transferred from the Improvement account to the Debt Service account for swap termination payments. \$10.6 million of these funds were used to terminate a swap associated with the 2008 A-2 bond series. During 2013 the Tollway Board of Directors authorized that the remaining \$19.4 million could also be used to refund or redeem outstanding fixed rate bonds of the Tollway. All of the remaining \$19.4 million were used in connection with the advance refunding of a portion of Series 2005A bonds in February, 2014.
- Insurance and Employee Benefits includes expense for retirement, workers compensation, the employer portion of FICA, and medical insurance.

Schedule 3

ILLINOIS STATE TOLL HIGHWAY AUTHORITY

(A Component Unit of the State of Illinois)
Schedule of Capital Assets by Source (1)
December 31, 2014

		2014		2013
Capital assets (at original cost):				
Land and improvements	\$	389,297,651	\$	337,264,544
Buildings		56,235,616		54,481,558
Infrastructure (2)		7,228,536,379		7,165,000,043
Vehicles		46,418,427		44,324,906
Office equipment		37,291,671		35,882,176
Information systems		170,855,071		150,880,425
Construction in progress	_	817,322,173		355,523,656
Total capital assets	\$_	8,745,956,988	\$	8,143,357,308
Capital assets provided from:	_		-	
Bond proceeds net of related interest income	\$	6,534,343,548	\$	5,752,941,488
Revenues		2,211,613,440		2,390,415,820
Total sources of capital assets	\$_	8,745,956,988	\$	8,143,357,308

 $^{^{\}left(1\right)}$ Prepared in accordance with the Trust Indenture (non-GAAP).

See accompanying independent auditors' report.

⁽²⁾ Infrastructure assets do not include capitalized interest totaling \$171.6 million and \$149.1 million at December 31, 2014 and 2013, respectively.

(A Component Unit of the State of Illinois) Schedule of Changes in Capital Assets (1) (3) Year ended December 31, 2014

		Balance			Balance
	_	January 1, 2014	Additions	Deletions'-'	December 31, 2014
Land and improvements	\$	337,264,544 \$	52,033,107 \$	 \$	389,297,651
Buildings		54,481,555	1,754,061		56,235,616
Infrastructure		7,165,000,043	546,571,778	(483,035,442)	7,228,536,379
Vehicles		44,324,906	7,128,695	(5,035,174)	46,418,427
Office equipment		35,882,176	1,776,462	(366,967)	37,291,671
Information systems		150,880,425	20,744,293	(769,647)	170,855,071
Construction in progress		355,523,656	971,599,999	(509,801,482)	817,322,173
Total capital assets	\$	8,143,357,305 \$	1,601,608,395 \$	(999,008,712) \$	8,745,956,988

	Balance January I, 2013	Additions	Deletions (**/	Balance December 31, 2013
Land and improvements	\$ 327,977,023 \$	9,287,521 \$	_ \$	337,264,544
Buildings	54,025,606	455,949		54,481,555
Infrastructure	6,917,204,366	321,335,872	(73,540,195)	7,165,000,043
Vehicles	41,818,912	2,966,311	(460,317)	44,324,906
Office equipment	34,869,290	1,781,456	(768,570)	35,882,176
Information systems	140,144,911	10,824,208	(88,693)	150,880,425
Construction in progress	132,755,334	549,972,222	(327,203,900)	355,523,656
Total capital assets	\$ 7,648,795,442 \$	896,623,539 \$	(402,061,675) \$	8,143,357,305

⁽¹⁾ Prepared in accordance with the Trust Indenture (non-GAAP), infrastructure assets do not include capitalized interest totaling \$171.6 million and \$149.1 million as of December 31, 2014 and 2013, respectively.
(2) Infrastructure deletions above represent assets that are fully depreciated on a GAAP basis.

See accompanying independent auditors' report.

⁽³⁾ No depreciation is reflected in this schedule.

STATISTICAL SECTION (UNAUDITED)

(A Component Unit of the State of Illinois)

Comprehensive Annual Financial Report Statistical Section (Unaudited) December 31, 2014

This part of the Tollway's comprehensive annual financial report presents detailed information to amplify the information in the Tollway's financial statements, note disclosures, and required supplementary.

Financial Trends - These schedules contain trend information to assist the reader in understanding how the Tollway's financial performance and well-being have changed over time.

Net Position by Type	64
Changes in Net Position	65
Operating Revenues by Source	66
Toll Revenue by Toll Plaza	67 - 70
Renewal and Replacement Account	71

Revenue Capacity – These schedules contain information to help the reader assess the Tollway's most significant revenue source (tolls).

Historical Toll Rates by Vehicle Class	72
Toll Revenue Versus Traffic	73
Toll Revenue by Class of Vehicles	74
Annual Toll Transactions	75
Annual Toll Revenues	76

Debt Capacity – These schedules present information to help the reader assess the affordability of the Tollway's current levels of outstanding debt and its ability to issue additional debt in the future.

Summary of Operating Revenues, Maintenance and Operating Expenses,
Net Operating Revenues and Debt Service Coverage - Trust Indenture Basis

77
Operating Revenues, Maintenance and Operating expenses and net Operating Revenues
Debt Service Coverage - GAAP Basis

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Demographic and Economic Information – This schedule offers demographic indicators to help the reader understand the environment within which the Tollway's operations take place.

Population and Commuting Statistics 80 - 82

Operating Information – These schedules contain service and other data to help the reader understand how the information in the Tollway's report relates to the services it provides.

Average Number of Employees by Function	83
Location Map – Illinois Tollway	84
Service Efforts and Accomplishments	85
Miscellaneous Data and Statistics	86

Sources: Unless otherwise noted, the information in these schedules is derived from the Tollway's comprehensive annual financial reports for the relevant years.

(A Component Unit of the State of Illinois)

Net Position by Type (GAAP Basis) Last Ten Fiscal Years (Unaudited)

5
3,781
1,355
-
5,433
0,569

(A Component Unit of the State of Illinois)

Changes in Net Position (GAAP Basis) Last Ten Fiscal Years (Unaudited)

	2014	2013	2012	2011	2010	2009	2008	Restated 2007	3007	200=
PERATING REVENUES		2013	2012	2011	2010	2009	2000	2007	2006	2005
Toll Revenue	\$ 968,971,925 \$	943,152,070 \$	922,390,189 \$	652.673.895 \$	628,753,508 \$	592.063.529 \$	583,646,592 \$	572.092.902 \$	567.499,808 \$	580,441,697
Toll Evasion Recovery	53,769,282	54,220,590	32,598,735	33,268,033	34,923,828	54.828.660	77,653,862	6,516,958	196,461	13,256,859
Concessions	2.096.881	2,305,563	2,272,864	2,421,164	2,387,581	2,338,841	2,236,551	3,788,756	3,031,576	2,790,847
Miscellaneous	17,982,788	17,238,843	12,569,929	9,507,791	7,385.229	8.759,200	4,273.563	2,819,131	2.868,573	2,790,847
otal Operating Revenues	1,042,820,876	1,016,917,066	969,831,717	697,870,883	673,450,146	657,990,230	667,810,568	585,217,747	573,596,418	598,756,360
otar Operating Revenues	1,042,020,070	1,010,917,000	909,831,717	097,870,883	073,430,140	037,990,230	007,810,308	383,217,747	3/3,390,418	398,730,300
PERATING EXPENSES										
Engineering and Maintenance of Roadway										
and Structures	53,850,571	47,314,811	40,054,392	44,803,170	45,768,938	48,942,122	46,309,976	44,833,917	35,261,319	34.886.799
Services and Toll Collection	115,778,783	116,319,349	107,225,405	106,466,995	112,640,323	116,613,280	110,681,535	86,550,454	84,164,027	82,716,282
Traffic Control, Safet Patrol and Radio										
Communications	25,503,136	22,554,755	22,818,258	23,071,556	22,821,776	22.649,767	22,374,844	21,246,925	18,743,387	18,034,485
Procurement, IT, Finance and Administration		24,325,930	21,452,099	22,176,542	24,369,106	22,406,891	22,100,592	24,261,781	19,983,865	22,018,346
Insurance and Employee Benefits	91,082,480	86,277,850	77.543,643	69.987,945	71,681,925	72,493,677	59,634,767	52,414,462	49,640,432	44,659,657
Depreciation and Amortization	308,835,872	308,869,419	314,107,807	318,165,918	314,933,272	297,371,719	278,626,714	219,434,538	186,283,372	152,195,010
otal Operating Expenses	623,373,507	605,662,114	583,201,604	584,672,126	592,215,340	580,477,456	539,728,428	448.742,077	394,076,402	354,510,579
		-								
perating Income	\$ 419,447,369	411,254,952 \$_	386,630,113 \$	113,198,757 \$	81.234,806 \$	77,512,774 \$	128,082,140 \$	136,475,670 \$	179,520,016 \$	244,245,781
ONOPERATING EXPENSES										
Investment Income	1,057,937	946,210	1,389,324	1,064,068	1,749,894	3,199,960	22,979,654	43,367,461	74,738,940	32,298,872
Intergovernmental Contributions	1,868,528	103,915	701,954	2,262,302	(1,858,125)					
Intergovernmental Agreement Revenue	39,218,519	35,287,508	7,405,421	6,753,264	10,734,092	97,983,825	81,091,003	-	vi.	
Build America Bond Rebate	15,066,431	14,952,722	16,244,130	16,244,130	16,132,636	6,422,870	-			_
Net Increase (Decrease) in Fair Value										
of Investments	-	-		(299,150)	287,425	(1.365,846)	(221.181)	3,297,367	(2,471,262)	(2.092,025)
Net Gain (Loss) on Disposal of Property	(451,284)	159,590	(70,480)	(1,157,639)	(26,357)	(3,249,477)	377,214	(8,491,090)	(2,240,196)	175,863
Interest Expense and Amortization of							,			
Financing Costs	(203,660,387)	(207,566,638)	(198,659,178)	(206,933,905)	(197,804,008)	(190,168,729)	(130,889,438)	(92,553,608)	(93,613,153)	(62,796,040)
Intergovernmental Agreement Expense	(39,218,519)	(35,287,508)	(7,405,421)	(6,753,264)	(10,734,092)	(97,983,825)	(81,091,003)	-	-	-
Miscellaneous Income (Expense)	(959,699)	(15,078,644)	(360)	4,383,831	4,007,969	13,424,947	542,517	(11,461,519)	5,751,428	÷
otal Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses)	\$ (187,078,474)	(206,482,845) \$	(180,394,610) \$	(184,436,363) \$	(177,510,566) \$	(171,736,275) \$	(107,211,234) \$	(65.841,389) \$	(17.834,243) \$	(32,413,330)
				· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	-					
NCREASE (DECREASE) IN NET POSITI-	\$ 232,368,895	204,772,107 \$	206,235,503 \$	(71,237,606) \$	(96,275,760) \$	(94,223,501) \$	20,870,906 \$	70,634,281 \$	161,685,773 \$	211,832,451
Capital Contributions	**	-	-	-	369,821	6,570,819	1,071,429	-	**	-
ET POSITION AT BEGINNING OF YEAR	R 2,246,335,592	2,041,563,485	1,835,327,982	1,921,987,538	2,017,893,477	2,105,546,159	2,083,603,824	2.012,969,543	1,771,950,569	1,560,118,118
ET POSITION AT END OF YEAR	\$ 2,478,704,487	2,246,335,592 \$	2,041,563,485 \$	1.850,749,932 \$	1,921,987,538 \$	2,017,893,477 \$	2,105,546,159 \$	2,083,603.824 \$	1,933,636,342 \$	1,771.950,569

(A Component Unit of the State of Illinois)

Operating Revenues by Source (GAAP Basis) Last Ten Fiscal Years (Unaudited)

		Toll Evasion	/fi	(1)	Total Operating
_	Toll Revenue	Recovery	Concessions ⁽¹⁾	Miscellaneous (1)	Revenue
2005 \$	580,441,697 \$	13,256,859	\$ 2,790,847	\$ 2,266,957	\$ 598,756,360
2006	567,499,808	196,461	3,031,576	2,868,573	573,596,418
2007	572,092,902	6,516,958	3,788,756	2,819,131	585,217,747
2008	583,646,592	77,653,862	2,236,551	4,273,563	667,810,568
2009	592,063,529	54,828,660	2,338,841	8,759,200	657,990,230
2010	628,753,508	34,923,828	2,387,581	7,385,229	673,450,146
2011	652,673,895	33,268,033	2,421,164	9,507,791	697,870,883
2012	922,390,189	32,598,735	2,272,864	12,569,929	969,831,717
2013	943,152,070	54,220,590	2,305,563	17,238,843	1,016,917,066
2014	968,971,925	53,769,282	2,096,881	17,982,788	1,042,820,876
Change					
from	166.94%	405.60%	24.87%	793.26%	174.16%
2005 to 2014					

⁽¹⁾ Revenue represented in these columns may not be based on consistent categorization between fiscal years.

(A Component Unit of the State of Illinois)

Toll Revenue by Toll Plaza (GAAP Basis) Last Ten Fiscal Years (Unaudited)

	Plaza										
Toll Plaza	#	2014	2013	2012	2011	2010	2009	2008	2007	2006	2005
JANE ADDAMS MEMORIA	L TOLLW	AY (NORTHWEST):									
WESTERN SECTION:											
South Beloit	1	\$ 36,261,219	\$ 34,924,784	\$ 34,761,307	\$ 27,882,663	\$ 26,907,318	\$ 25,235,627	\$ 25,322,241	\$ 26,830,755	\$ 26,383,291	\$ 27,583,000
Riverside Drive	2	1,915,452	1,890,552	1,920,431	1,314,702	1,230,394	1,168,112	1,117,439	1,035,965	843,952	774,837
South Rockford	3	-	~	-	~	-		-	**	-	na.
Route 173	4	1,317,050	1,228,205	1,209,218	807,356	698,887	614,479	570,041	278,404	-	
Belvidere	5	15,830,910	16,272,251	19,309,039	14,871,366	14,842,534	14,026,981	14,072,128	14,305,341	13,969,134	14,453,671
Route 47	6	2,258,232	270,947	-	w.		-	-	-	-	-
Marengo	7	17,958,263	18,920,305	21,706,448	16,123,502	16,193,501	15,901,593	16,224,587	15,775,474	15,811,292	16,109,600
Randall Road	8	1,505,332	1,554,245	1,869,458	1,274,610	1,306,386	1,257,254	1,284,311	1,242,444	1,191,452	1,160,792
Elgin	9	32,208,402	32,689,498	35,368,361	24,880,101	25,262,130	24,781,191	24,961,460	24,676,301	23,961,579	24,330,122
EASTERN SECTION			••	-						-	
Barrington Road	10	1,648,787	1,703,963	1,618,660	1,021,221	1,075,842	1.091,722	1,119,303	1,134,063	1,254,969	1,287,160
Route 31	11	4,266,303	4,458,524	4,363,422	2,776,034	2,946,956	3.099,635	3,093,940	3,221,424	3,502,222	3,507,383
Roselle Rd	12	1,879,817	1,899,500	1,893,005	1,228,114	1,197,206	1,163,776	1,132,132	1,068,669	1,105,596	1,145,233
Route 25	13	1,248,192	1,335,405	1,347,153	913,462	1,018,094	956,875	1,032,590	1,084,534	1,177,995	1,200,037
Route 59	14	1,009,819	981,693	1,035,813	635,214	694,209	692,618	691,510	664,398	637,033	627,252
Route 53	15	5,034,461	5,044,261	5,195,903	3,345,242	3,164,487	3.527.547	3,415,206	3,440,463	3,551,472	3,458,449
Beverly Rd	16	2,499,979	2,417,908	2,308,759	1,497,924	1,637,385	1,655,483	1,606,868	1,456,851	1,611,084	1,703,091
Devon Avenue	17	27,713,955	29,056,282	28,335,486	19,151,556	19,806,345	18,073,323	18,593,856	18,475,502	18,098,289	21,095,490
Arlington Heights Rd	18	3,950,339	4,044,006	3,958,170	2,810,731	2,948,562	2,926,321	2,914,846	3,001,904	2,927,023	2,778,785
River Road	19	19,762,102	20,933,337	21,597,563	12,975,006	13,617,594	13,221,147	13,177,712	12,604,155	13,195,475	15,332,230
		\$ 178,268,614	\$ 179,625,666	\$ 187,798,196	\$ 133,508,804	\$ 134,547,830	\$ 129,393,684	\$ 130,330,170	\$ 130,296,648	\$ 129,221,858	\$ 136,547,132
		φ 170,200,014	φ 177,023,000	Ψ 107,720,120	φ 133,300,007	Ψ 157,571,050	9 127,575,004	ψ 130,330,170	φ 100,620,070	v 14/966190JO	Ψ 3 JU3J-7131 J4

(A Component Unit of the State of Illinois)

Toll Revenue by Toll Plaza (GAAP Basis) Last Ten Fiscal Years (Unaudited)

	Plaza										
Toli Plaza	#	2014	2013	2012	2011	2010	2009	2008	2007	2006	2005
IEGAN MEMORIAL TOLLWA	Y (EAS	T-WEST):					and any and any				
EASTERN SECTION:											
York Road	51	29,475,755	28,670,167	27,091,268	17,779,544	16,327,184	14,098,853	13,611,550	15,594,535	28,825,800	34,024,883
Meyers Road	52	28,278,504	27,503,571	26,333,861	17,201,189	15,616,653	13,299,792	13,688,586	15,037,979	3,918,875	*
Spring Road	53	2,472,295	2,387,169	2,353,045	1,385,023	1,337,560	1,092,645	1,117,416	1,308,128	1,281,111	1,247,968
Route 83	54	2,397,851	2,350,300	2,337,468	1,388,837	1,303,527	1,256,377	1,303,216	1,378,382	411,950	-
Midwest Road	55	1,141,577	1,070,187	992,291	590,361	538,088	513,693	465,140	421,554	971,091	1,420,687
Highland Avenue	56	3,049,691	3,115,052	3,147,312	1,903,676	1,844,849	1,782,123	1,792,728	1,724,252	1,803,764	1,663,700
Naperville Road	57	1,244,321	1,267,617	1,270,949	689,984	685,372	620,527	561,807	247,083	499,242	591,286
Winfield Road	58	900,160	886,487	880,346	529,411	521,157	509,667	567,139	785,807	605,029	456,027
Farnsworth Road	59	6,526,865	6,705,569	6,770,561	4,463,965	4,264,887	4,354,527	4,193,611	3,977,423	4,245,236	4,027,012
Eola Road	60	2,563,818	2,107,748	1,909,699	1,207,219	1,046,808	92,745	-	-	-	-
Aurora	61	31,346,017	30,316,892	28,244,425	20,138,094	18,664,376	17,449,421	16,976,347	18,127,767	18,531,965	17,773,521
			-	*					~	ve.	
VESTERN SECTION:											
Route 31	63	760,229	743,080	712,569	521,275	486,043	335,656	268,255	545,239	552,436	525,237
Orchard Rd.	64	954,853	895,009	904,810	671,352	669,882	752,448	732,731	640,503	580,702	520,004
DeKalb East (Peace Rd)	65	3,305,483	3,268,493	3,368,553	2,181,399	1,851,725	2,094,029	2,058,003	2,023,308	2,045,837	1,748,966
DeKalb Main	66	29,037,859	26,434,904	21,872,233	19,200,594	17,189,127	16,351,774	15,667,524	15,647,288	14,498,904	12,932,195
DeKalb (Annie Glidden Rd)	67	2,200,319	2,174,636	2,106,818	1,577,427	1,925,863	1,549,878	1,468,141	1,484,467	1,596,770	2,061,710
Dixon Mainline	69	19,361,757	18,465,994	17,965,604	15,028,416	14,280,918	13,676,669	13,177,619	13,114,045	11,174,733	9,858,706
Dixon Ramp 1	70	-	-	**	-	-	-	~	=	198,327	336,070
Dixon Ramp 2	71	-		_		Apr.				880,429	1,343,021
		\$ 165,017,354	\$ 158,362,875	\$ 148,261,812	\$ 106,457,766	\$ 98,554,019	\$ 89,830,824	\$ 87,649,813	\$ 92,057,760	\$ 92,622,201	\$ 90,530,993

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(A Component Unit of the State of Illinois)

Toll Revenue by Toll Plaza (GAAP Basis) Last Ten Fiscal Years (Unaudited)

1	Plaza										
Toll Plaza	#	2014	2013	2012	2011	2010	2009	2008	2007	2006	2005
RI-STATE TOLLWAY:											
NORTHERN SECTION:											
Buckley Road	20	1,379,072	1,367,436	1,314,822	937,786	\$ 977,658	\$ 1,088,014	\$ 908,583	\$ 822,451	\$ 807,752	\$ 885,087
Waukegan	21	63,218,232	60,429,979	57,711,916	44,340,887	42,052,993	38,835,619	37,611,917	39,495,418	42,136,567	43,461,370
Route 60	22	1,969,406	1,948,044	1,863,473	1,208,165	1,084,973	1,094,784	950,758	1,064,386	1,116,365	1,131,062
Half Day Road	23	1,853,204	1,831,064	1,812,904	1,109,245	1,038,093	904,295	1,042,946	1,144,347	1,194,063	1,247,086
Edens Spur	24	24,841,382	24,971,465	24,627,944	16,138,598	14,697,860	15,440,293	14,406,731	15,842,507	16,912,037	18,038,128
Lake Cook Road	26	6,451,544	6,084,853	5,994,838	3,687,200	3,818,083	3,546,201	3,565,800	3,828,910	3,739,047	3,629,646
Willow Road	27	6,443,834	6,226,549	6,049,039	3,792,851	3,764,022	3,368,255	3,302,397	3,050,296	3,481,053	3,293,200
Golf Road	28	6,404,116	6,071,586	5,983,043	3,619,463	3,523,318	3,420,611	3,416,909	3,711,393	3,903,549	3,822,194
CENTRAL SECTION:											
Touhy Avenue	29	41,621,337	40,863,081	40,185,456	26,180,031	25,038,552	21,875,432	21,501,911	21,990,791	25,301,960	25,565,231
Balmoral Avenue	30	3,108,754	2,564,374	1,924,861	61,098	-	-	-	-	-	-
O'Hare West	31	6,451,960	6,536,229	6,548,332	4,068,810	3,698,064	3,581,919	3,831,869	4,075,336	4,173,715	4,074,305
O'Hare East	32	5,062,211	4,804,353	5,289,713	3,933,770	3,867,781	3,600,944	4,058,177	4,260,308	4,276,021	3,957,574
Irving Park Road	33	37,381,451	36,008,810	34,222,893	23,922,769	23,945,428	20,902,093	21,375,825	22,699,363	22,838,478	23,370,770
75th St.(Willow Springs Rd)	34	2,668,565	2,351,698	2,183,696	1,914,905	1,926,293	1,956,474	1,977,680	1,914,772	1,974,737	1,932,731
Cermak Road	35	61,183,487	58,973,282	56,169,335	43,806,207	42,787,256	39,446,102	39,351,136	41,486,213	40,841,586	41,780,596
SOUTHERN SECTION:											
82nd Street	36	32,413,033	30,773,883	29,042,174	22,614,216	21,379,401	18,283,772	18,538,749	22,322,985	21,654,345	22,214,041
I-55 (Stevenson Expressway)	37	9,858,532	9,653,892	9,281,349	6,920,622	6,992,320	6,601,247	6,163,670	5,848,223	6,703,122	6,664,951
95th Street	38	4,264,634	4,111,776	4,041,240	2,988,119	2,762,586	2,489,008	2,661,269	2,712,443	2,625,874	2,746,034
83rd Street	39	31,449,855	30,437,564	28,743,679	22,284,370	20,886,442	18,171,747	18,797,801	21,948,441	20,838,615	21,274,482
159th Street	40	3,668,793	3,598,523	3,493,012	2,266,922	2,044,704	2,031,375	2,293,107	3,461,818	5,155,368	3,826,158
163rd Street	41	52,812,702	51,551,347	48,485,195	39,489,367	37,103,594	31,154,805	31,424,656	36,002,318	31,651,475	33,917,099
Interstate 57	42	1,244,590	~	-	-	-	-			-	~
I-80 Westbound	43	13,570,846	13,585,869	13,357,983	10,103,925	9,764,886	9,480,275	9,003,061	7,849,812	5,997,921	6,496,000
I-80 Eastbound	45	12,979,288	13,057,028	12,917,795	9,772,974	9,596,884	9,329,820	8,860,204	7,790,133	5,631,042	7,306,771
Halsted Street	47	3,299,157	3,309,299	3,293,625	2,229,936	2,217,167	2,049,649	1,971,568	1,530,762	1,142,316	1,356,371
		\$ 435,599,985	\$ 421,111,984	\$ 404,538,317	\$ 297,392,236	\$ 284,968,358	\$ 258,652,734	\$ 257,016,724	\$ 274,853,426	\$ 274,097,008	\$ 281,990,887

(A Component Unit of the State of Illinois)

Toll Revenue by Toll Plaza (GAAP Basis) Last Ten Fiscal Years (Unaudited)

P	272

Toll Plaza	#	2014	2013	2012	2011	2010	2009	2008	2007	2006	2005
VETERANS MEMORIAL TOL	LWAY (NORTH-SOUTH):									
NORTHERN SECTION:											
Army Trail Road	73	45,239,351	44,838,968	45,404,713	28,495,629	26,883,297	29,307,534	29,291,830	28,276,067	28,401,464	28,653,765
North Avenue	75	9,632,686	9,435,024	9,178,507	6,135,998	5,862,790	5,777,117	5,696,651	5,751,292	5,789,741	5,650,694
Roosevelt Road	77	3,860,751	3,862,731	3,805,203	2,299,650	2,183,817	2,140,078	2,048,499	2,043,047	2,068,631	2,037,189
Butterfield Road	79	2,839,057	2,850,026	2,941,591	1,897,076	1,871,201	1,866,968	1,868,556	1,744,271	1,730,117	1,632,444
SOUTHERN SECTION:											
Ogden Avenue	81	735,212	793,740	782,168	499,283	500,053	471,477	513,554	503,718	454,930	411,798
Maple Avenue	83	2,513,963	2,624,031	2,596,039	1,675,154	1,605,583	1,587,843	1,635,285	1,692,871	1,643,775	1,602,975
63rd Street	85	4,126,751	4,135,627	4,175,058	2,483,847	2,380,574	2,388,491	2,407,346	2,497,638	2,532,161	2,390,546
75th Street	87	4,747,289	4,713,845	4,625,024	2,999,514	2,883,422	2,859,632	3,072,069	3,387,915	3,571,094	3,527,218
Boughton Road	89	50,700,447	49,288,477	49,660,462	31,887,683	30,469,118	30,724,140	29,484,987	24,726,212	24,469,221	24,746,569
Boughton Ramp	90	2,205,580	2,189,352	2,218,848	1,438,746	1,383,175	1,299,068	1,193,429	774,066	601,929	470,624
127th Street	93	2,480,775	2,424,901	2,447,051	1,604,978	1,545,658	1,544,261	1,331,573	172,240	-	-
Archer Ave/143Rd Street	95	4,106,344	3,859,491	3,687,539	2,386,403	2,261,939	2,165,616	1,783,164	182,742	**	-
Route 7 (159th Street)	97	7,222,686	6,905,562	6,870,036	4,327,510	4,056,050	3,882,286	3,466,494	372,119	-	
Spring Creek	99	47,965,571	44,807,646	42,229,877	26,389,476	26,060,650	27,450,317	24,313,287	2,461,905	W.	-
Route 6	101	749,844	719,074	664,713	407,137	383,754	357,860	266,496	25,245	+	-
		\$ 189,126,307	\$ 183,448,495	\$ 181,286,829	\$ 114,928,084	\$ 110,331,081	\$ 113,822,688	\$ 108,373,220	\$ 74,611,348	\$ 71,263,063	\$ 71,123,822
OVER DIMENSION VEHICLE	S	959,665	603,050	505,035	387,005	352,220	363,599	276,665	273,720	\$ 295.677	\$ 248,862
TOTAL TOLL REVENUE		\$ 968,971,925	\$ 943,152,070	\$ 922,390,189	\$ 652,673,895	\$ 628,753,508	\$ 592,063,529	\$ 583,646,592	\$ 572,092,902	\$ 567,499,807	\$ 580,441,697

(A Component Unit of the State of Illinois)

Renewal and Replacement Account (Unaudited)⁽¹⁾ Trust Indenture Basis Years Ended December 31, 2000 through 2014

	Total funds Credited (1)
Year:	
2000	\$ 87,517,692
2001	91,073,256
2002	121,375,438
2003	157,366,445
2004	157,375,682
2005	204,609,580
2006	186,545,035
2007	198,331,687
2008	1,907,175
2009	161,463,238
2010	206,096,487
2011	174,192,997
2012	300,660,937
2013	200,364,611
2014	 200,208,079
	\$ 2,449,088,339

⁽¹⁾ Includes earnings on the Renewal and Replacement Account

(A Component Unit of the State of Illinois)

Comprehensive Annual Financial Report

Historical Toll Rates by Vehicle Class (1) For the Years 1959 to 2014 (Unaudited)

	Vehicle Class			I	Period				
Classification	<u>Description</u>	1959-1963	1964-1970	1971-1983	1983-2004	Non-Discounted Discounted		2012-20 Non-Discounte	
1	Automobile, motorcycle, taxi, station wagon, ambulance, single unit truck or tractor, two axles, four or less tires	\$0.30	\$0.35	\$0.30	\$0.40	\$0.80 ⁽⁴⁾	\$0.40 ⁽⁴⁾	\$1.50 ⁽⁵⁾	\$0.75 ⁽⁵⁾
2	Single unit truck or tractor, buses, two axles, six tires	\$0.40	\$0.45	\$0.30	\$0.50	\$1.50	\$1.00	\$1.50	\$1.00
3	Three axle trucks and buses	\$0.50	\$0.50	\$0.45	\$0.75	\$2.25	\$1.75	\$2.25	\$1.75
3	Trucks with four axles	\$0.50	\$0.60	\$0.60	\$1.00	\$2.25	\$1.75	\$2.25	\$1.75
3	Class 1 vehicle with one axle trailer	\$0.50	\$0.50	\$0.45	\$0.60	\$2.25	\$1.75	\$2.25	\$1.75
3	Class 1 vehicle with two axle trailer	\$0.50	\$0.60	\$0.60	\$0.80	\$2.25	\$1.75	\$2.25	\$1.75
4	Trucks with five axles	\$0.50	\$0.75	\$0.75	\$1.25	\$4.00	\$3.00	\$4.00	\$3.00
4	Trucks with six axles	\$0.50	\$0.90	\$0.90	\$1.50	\$4.00	\$3.00	\$4.00	\$3.00
4	Miscellaneous, special or unusual vehicles not classified above	\$0.50	\$0.90	\$1.00	\$1.75	\$4.00	\$3.00	\$4.00	\$3.00

 $^{^{(1)}} For complete \ listing \ of \ current \ toll \ rates \ by \ plaza: \ http://www.illinoistollway.com/tolls-and-i-pass/toll-information/rates-by-toll-plaza$

⁽²⁾ Class 1 vehicles making payment via I-PASS or E-Zpass are tolled at the Discounted rate.

 $^{^{(3)}}Commercial\ vehicles\ (Tiers\ 2-4)\ discounted\ rate\ applies\ overnight\ from\ 10PM-6AM\ on\ weekdays\ and\ weekends.$

 $^{^{(4)}} The \ to H \ rate \ for \ Class \ 1 \ on \ I-355 \ is \ \$0.50 \ (I-PASS) \ and \ \$1.00 \ (Cash) : I-355 \ Extension \ is \ \$1.00 \ (I-PASS) \ and \ \$2.00 \ (Cash).$

⁽⁵⁾ The toll rate for Class 1 on I-355 is \$0.95 (I-PASS) and \$1.90 (Cash) : I-355 Extension is \$1.90 (I-PASS) and \$3.80(Cash).

Illinois State Toll Highway Authority (A Component Unit of the State of Illinois)

Toll Revenue Versus Traffic (GAAP Basis) Last Ten Fiscal Years (Unaudited) (Amounts in thousands)

		2014	2013	2012	2011	2010	2009	2008	2007	 2006	2005
Passenger	Revenue \$	630,556	\$ 622,349	\$ 615,957	\$ 354,186	\$ 348,946	\$ 334,520	\$ 335,653	\$ 321,008	\$ 324,556	\$ 341,352
	Traffic	737,238	720,513	711,680	743,195	730,797	694,837	688,516	696,055	678,535	695,378
Commercial	Revenue \$	338,416	320,803	306,433	298,488	279,808	257,543	247,994	251,085	242,944	239,090
	Traffic	101,041	95,529	92,100	89,633	86,285	80,516	89,366	92,237	85,590	85,068
Total	Revenue \$	968,972	943,152	922,390	652,674	628,754	592,063	583,647	572,093	567,500	580,442
	Traffic	838,279	816,042	803,780	832,828	817,082	775,353	777,882	788,292	764,125	780,446
Revenue Per	centage										
Passenger		65%	66%	67%	54%	55%	57%	58%	56%	57%	59%
Commercia	l	35%	34%	33%	46%	45%	43%	42%	44%	43%	41%
Traffic Perc	entage										
Passenger		88%	88%	89%	89%	89%	90%	89%	88%	89%	89%
Commercia	l	12%	12%	11%	11%	11%	10%	11%	12%	11%	11%

(A Component Unit of the State of Illinois)
December 31, 2014

Schedule of Toll Revenue by Class of Vehicles (Unaudited) For the Years Ended December 31, 2014 and 2013

	2	014	2	013
	Average Daily		Average Daily	
	Transactions*	Revenue**	Transactions*	Revenue**
Class of Vehicle			_	
Auto, motorcycle, taxi, static ambulance, single-unit tru	-			
2 axles, 4 tires	2,019,831	\$ 630,556,388	1,974,009	\$ 622,349,358
2. Single-unit truck or tractor, land 2 axles, 6 tires	buses: 40.536	20,528,117	39.045	19,973,866
2 axies, o thes	40,550	20,320,117	39,043	19,975,800
3. Trucks and buses with 3 & 4	42,392	33,396,815	39,621	31,526,222
4. Trucks with 5 or more axles	, other			
vehicles and toll adjustme	193,896	284,490,605	183,055	269,302,624
TOTAL	2,296,655	\$ 968,971,925	2,235,730	\$ 943,152,070

^{*} The "Average Daily Transactions" represents the average daily number of vehicles passing through the toll plazas.

These are reported as Toll Evasion Recovery revenue.

^{**}Toll revenue does not include tolls collected through the Evasion Recovey program of approximately \$9.5 and \$9.6 million, respectivly.

(A Component Unit of the State of Illinois)

December 31, 2014

Annual Toll Transactions Passenger and Commercial Vehicles (Unaudited) For selected years from 1959 to 2014 (Transactions in thousands)

<u>Year</u>	Passenger	Commercial	Total	% Passenger
1959	37,884	5,050	42,934	88.23%
1964	72,721	7,005	79,726	91.21%
1969	146,476	14,488	160,964	91.00%
1974	204,360	28,446	232,806	87.78%
1979	268,051	42,606	310,657	86.29%
1984	308,104	42,890	350,994	87.78%
1989	428,745	57,193	485,938	88.23%
1994	565,601	66,693	632,294	89.45%
1999	648,269	71,835	720,104	90.02%
2000	664,002	72,308	736,310	90.18%
2001	687,856	76,429	764,285	90.00%
2002	715,073	77,763	792,836	90.19%
2003	693,507	108,096	801,603	86.52%
2004	714,120	109,025	823,145	86.76%
2005	695,378	85,068	780,446	89.10%
2006	678,535	85,590	764,125	88.80%
2007	696,055	92,237	788,292	88.30%
2008	688,516	89,366	777,882	88.51%
2009	694,837	80,516	775,353	89.62%
2010	730,797	86,286	817,083	89.44%
2011	743,195	89,633	832,828	89.24%
2012	711,680	92,100	803,780	88.54%
2013	720,513	95,529	816,042	88.29%
2014	737,238	101,041	838,279	87.95%

1959 was the first full year of toll operations for the Illinois State Toll Highway Authority.

In 2003 with a change to the toll collection system, vehicles were classified by a combination of axle count and actual toll paid. In 2003 and 2004 commercial vehicle counts were inflated by the system due to passenger vehicle overpayments at ramp plazas.

In 2006 the Tollway converted from bidirectional to one-way tolling at the Belvidere and Marengo Mainline Toll Plazas in conjunction with a doubling of the fares at these plazas. Due to this reconfiguration total transactions were reduced by 14.6 million in 2006 with no localized revenue impact.

In 2007, the Tollway opened the 355 South extension.

(A Component Unit of the State of Illinois)

December 31, 2014

Annual Toll Revenues Passenger and Commercial Vehicles (Unaudited) For Selected Years from 1959 to 2014 (Revenue in thousands)

Year	Passenger	Commercial	Total	% Passenger
1959	\$ 11,943	\$ 2,593	\$ 14,536	82.16%
1964	26,284	4,888	31,172	84.32%
1969	46,872	8,803	55,675	84.19%
1974	55,419	14,891	70,310	78.82%
1979	73,048	24,068	97,116	75.22%
1984	114,233	43,094	157,327	72.61%
1989	155,394	57,387	212,781	73.03%
1994	215,221	66,922	282,143	76.28%
1999	259,448	73,178	332,626	78.00%
2000	268,277	75,668	343,945	78.00%
2001	276,724	78,050	354,774	78.00%
2002	276,763	86,472	363,235	76.19%
2003	275,751	101,703	377,454	73.06%
2004	287,218	104,368	391,586	73.35%
2005	341,352	239,090	580,442	58.81%
2006	324,556	242,943	567,499	57.19%
2007	321,008	251,085	572,093	56.11%
2008	335,653	247,994	583,647	57.51%
2009	334,520	257,544	592,064	56.50%
2010	348,946	279,808	628,754	55.50%
2011	354,186	298,488	652,674	54.27%
2012	615,957	306,433	922,390	66.78%
2013	622,349	320,803	943,152	65.99%
2014	630,556	338,416	968,972	65.07%

1959 was the first full year of toll operations for the Illinois State Toll Highway Authority.

In 2012, passenger car tolls were raised. The price of a typical mainline toll was changed from 40 cents to 75 cents for I-PASS users and from 80 cents to \$1.50 for cash payers.

Due to the changed rate structures implemented in 2005 and 2012, the percentage of revenues from passenger vehicles decreased in 2005 and increased in 2012.

(A Component Unit of the State of Illinois)

December 31, 2014

Summary of Operating Revenues, Maintenance and Operating Expenses, Net Operating Revenues and Debt Service Coverage Trust Indenture Basis (Unaudited) Years ended December 31, 2005 through December 31, 2014 (Amounts in thousands)

	2014 ⁽⁵⁾	2013 (4)	2012	2011	2010	2009 (3)	2008	2007	2006	2005
Operating revenues:										
Toll revenue \$	968,972 \$	943,152 \$	922,390 \$	652,674 \$	628,754 \$	592,063 \$	583,647 \$	572,093 \$	567,500 \$	580,422
Toll evasion recovery	53,769	54,221	32,599	33,268	34,924	54,829	77,654	10,080	195	13,257
Concession & miscellaneous revenue	12,373	11,537	7,377	10,410	7,332	7,960	6,832	5,775	5,900	8,014
Investment income (1)	1,041	866	1,389	1,064	1,750	3,200	22,980	49,846	33,359	11.321
Total operating revenue	1,036,155	1,009,776	963,755	697,416	672,760	658,052	691,113	637,794	606,954	613,014
Maintenance and operating expenses:										
Engineering and maintenance	47,614	43,225	39,144	43,667	45,627	47,895	43,899	44,834	35,559	31,644
Toll Services	107,326	106,321	93,590	88,737	88,580	91,541	100,464	79,538	85,887	86,089
Police, safety and communication	27,606	22,551	22,808	23,061	22,811	22,650	21,895	21,247	19,145	18,034
Procurement, IT, finance and adminis	24,192	19,138	19,971	20,522	22,165	20,605	18,382	24,262	23,279	27,698
Insurance and employee benefits	91,082	86,278	77,544	69,988	71,674	72,494	59.635	52,414	49.640	42,110
Total expenses	297,820	277,513	253,057	245,975	250,857	255,185	244,275	222,295	213.510	205,575
Net operating revenues	738,335	732,263	710,698	451,441	421,903	402,867	446,838	415,499	393,444	407,439
Total debt service (2)(3)	308,443	297,708	250,253	249,960	248,108	173,319	198,429	172,284	145,633	99,366
Net revenues after debt service (2)	429,892	434,555	460,455	201,481	173,795	229,548	248,409	243,215	247,811	308,093
Debt service coverage (2)	2.39	2.46	2.84	1.81	1.7	2.32	2.25	2.41	2.7	4.1

- (1) Excludes investment income on construction funds.
- (2) Includes synthetic fixed interest rates as determined under swap agreements for 1993 Servies B, 1998 Series B, 2007 Series A and 2008 Series A. See Note 8 for specifics.
- (3) In January 2009 the Tollway early retired the 1993B bonds (\$44.4 million of principal) from existing funds. The amount is not shown as part of the Total Debt Service above.
- (4) In August, 2013 the Tollway early retired a portion of the 2005 A bonds
- (5) In February, 2014, the Tollway advance refunded a portion of the 2005A bonds.

 In December, 2014, the Tollway advance refunded the remainder of the Tollway's outstanding 2006A-1 bonds.

(A Component Unit of the State of Illinois)

December 31, 2014

Operating Revenues, Maintenance and Operating Expenses and Net Opertaing Revenues ¹ (Unaudited) Trust Indenture Basis of Accounting For selected years from 1964 to 2014 (Dollars in thousands)

		Maintenance and	Net
	Operating	Operating	Operating
Year	Revenues	Expenses	Revenues
1964	\$ 32,135	\$ 6,832	\$ 25,303
1969	57,395	13,015	44,380
1974	72,737	23,715	49,022
1979	100,436	39,733	60,703
1984	162,108	56,639	105,469
1989	254,734	85,065	169,669
1994	309,949	116,996	192,953
1995	341,636	121,103	220,533
1996	343,743	127,704	216,039
1997	352,176	131,437	220,739
1998	362,726	134,334	228,392
1999	366,092	146,881	219,211
2000	398,215	150,372	247,843
2001	389,827	160,565	229,262
2002	381,329	166,009	215,320
2003	430,804	187,300	243,504
2004	423,427	198,302	225,125
2005	613,034	205,575	407,459
2006	606,954	213,510	393,444
2007	637,794	222,295	415,499
2008	691,113	244,275	446,838
2009	658,052	255,185	402,867
2010	672,760	250,857	421,903
2011	697,416	245,975	451,441
2012	963,755	253,058	710,697
2013	1,009,776	277,512	732,264
2014	1,036,155	297,820	738,335

⁽¹⁾ Determined according to the Series 1955 Bond Resolution through December 26, 1985, and in accordance with the Indenture subsequent to December 26, 1985.

(A Component Unit of the State of Illinois)

December 31, 2014

Debt Service Coverage (GAAP Basis) (1) Last Ten Fiscal Years (Unaudited)

			Net Revenue _	Debt Service Requirements		Debt	
	Gross	Operating	Available for				Service
	Revenue (2)	Expenses (3)	Debt Service	Principal	Interest	Total	Coverage
2005 \$	642,619,648 \$	215,796,147 \$	426,823,501 \$	45,035,000 \$	54,330,616 \$	99,365,616	4.30
2006	660,874,141	219,291,843	441,582,298	47,350,000	98,283,402	145,633,402	3.03
2007	646,613,131	252,529,185	394,083,946	50,030,000	122,254,166	172,284,166	2.29
2008	773,872,385	261,101,715	512,770,670	52,750,000	145,678,579	198,428,579	2.58
2009 (4)	785,592,651	283,105,737	502,486,914	1,065,000	172,254,062	173,319,062	2.90
2010	706,731,983	277,282,065	429,449,918	49,910,000	198,198,124	248,108,124	1.73
2011	728,578,478	266,506,208	462,072,270	53,040,000	196,920,480	249,960,480	1.85
2012	995,572,546	269,094,242	726,478,304	56,365,000	193,888,118	250,253,118	2.90
2013	1,068,367,011	296,792,695	771,574,316	92,855,000 #	207,089,431	299,944,431	2.57
2014	1,100,032,291	314,537,635	785,494,656	97,795,000	210,648,237	308,443,237	2.55

^{(1) -} Note that for purposes of this chart, debt service owed on January 1st is treated as though due on December 31st of the preceding year.

^{(2) -} Gross revenue includes operating and nonoperating revenue.

^{(3) -} Operating expenses exclusive of depreciation and amortization.

^{(4) -} In January 2009 the Tollway early retired the 1993B bonds (\$44.4 million of principal) from existing funds. The amount is not shown as part of the Debt Service above.

^{(5) -} The amount shown for 2013 Prinicpal payment has been corrected to show the actual 2013 principal payments, which were understated in the 2013 CAFR

ILLINOIS STATE TOLL HIGHWAY AUTHORITY (A Component Unit of the State of Illinois)

December 31, 2014

Population and Commuting Statistics Last Ten Fiscal Years (Unaudited)

Year	Country	Donulation	Workers Commuting to Work	Percentage that Carpool	Percentage that drive alone	Mean Travel Time in Minutes
2014	County Boone	Population 53,869	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a
2014	Cook	5,246,456	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a
	DeKalb	105,462	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a
	DuPage	932,708	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a
	Kane	527,306	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a
	Lake	705,186	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a
	McHenry	307,283	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a
	Will	685,419	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a
	Winnebago	288,542	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a
		8,852,231	•			
2013	Boone	53,957	23,555	9.0%	83.9%	30.1
	Cook	5,240,700	2,364,074	9.2%	62.6%	31.7
	DeKalb	104,741	49,655	10.5%	76.9%	26.1
	DuPage	932,126	461,643	7.6%	78.5%	28.9
	Kane	523,643	242,560	9.1%	80.9%	29.3
	Lake	703,019	337,985	8.3%	76.8%	29.7
	McHenry	307,409	156,762	7.9%	83.3%	32.5
	Will	682,829	316,970	7.3%	82.4%	32.8
	Winnebago	290,666	127,847	8.6%	84.8%	21.7
		8,839,090	•			
2012	Boone	53,859	27,459	9.5%	83.5%	31.9
	Cook	5,227,992	1,705,826	9.2%	62.4%	31.6
	DeKalb	104,622	42,885	11.9%	77.4%	26.4
	DuPage	927,418	404,235	8.4%	78.2%	28.9
	Kane	521,306	219,740	11.1%	79.1%	29.0
	Lake	701,219	283,148	7.8%	77.6%	29.4
	McHenry	307,729	136,759	7.0%	83.1%	32.9
	Will	681,590	287,612	6.1%	83.7%	31.8
	Winnebago	291,844 8,817,579	119,762	8.6%	85.2%	21.5
2011	Boone	54,223	23,362	9.8%	83.6%	32.2
	Cook	5,212,589	2,371,364	9.5%	62.7%	31.8
	DeKalb	104,478	50,471	8.9%	79.0%	25.5
	DuPage	923,781	458,954	7.4%	78.3%	29.1
	Kane	520,223	240,006	9.0%	80.5%	29.2
	Lake	701,052	339,866	9.0%	76.4%	30.3
	McHenry	307,913	150,562	8.0%	81.5%	34.2
	Will	680,192	315,251	7.8%	81.9%	33.5
	Winnebago	293,651	130,432	8.8%	84.5%	22.1
	-	8,798,102	_			

n/a = not available

Source: US Census Bureau - American Fact Finder Website (American Community Surveys)

Source: 2013 American Community Survey

(A Component Unit of the State of Illinois)

December 31, 2014

Population and Commuting Statistics Last Ten Fiscal Years (Unaudited)

Workers

<u>Year</u>	County	Population	Commuting to Work	Percentage that Carpool	Percentage that drive alone	Mean Travel Time in Minutes
2010	Boone	54,165	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a
	Cook	5,194,675	2,214,074	9.4%	62.5%	31.4
	DeKalb	105,160	47,255	7.2%	78.5%	25.8
	DuPage	916,924	432,347	7.5%	78.0%	29.2
	Kane	515,269	224,714	6.7%	83.1%	29.5
	Lake	703,462	308,288	8.2%	78.0%	29.4
	McHenry	308,760	141,058	9.2%	79.6%	33.6
	Will	677,560	290,684	6.9%	81.5%	33.5
	Winnebago	295,266	120,405	9.1%	83.7%	22.1
	-	8,771,241				
2009	Boone	54,020	21,950	9.9%	82.7%	31.7
	Cook	5,287,037	2,316,366	9.7%	62.9%	31.9
	DeKalb	107,333	48,944	9.0%	78.6%	24.8
	DuPage	932,541	446,261	7.4%	78.7%	28.9
	Kane	511,892	225,732	9.7%	79.9%	28.7
	Lake	712,567	322,462	9.1%	77.3%	30.7
	McHenry	320,961	147,237	8.1%	81.5%	33.7
	Will	685,251	305,101	8.4%	81.6%	33.1
	Winnebago	299,702	129,197	9.2%	84.4%	21.7
		8,911,304				
2008	Boone	54,142	24,690	10.9%	83.2%	32.3
	Cook	5,294,664	2,425,243	9.7%	63.5%	32.0
	DeKalb	106,321	52,790	8.7%	79.9%	24.9
	DuPage	930,528	474,062	7.2%	78.9%	28.9
	Kane	507,579	242,035	10.3%	79.3%	28.9
	Lake	712,453	349,971	9.4%	77.4%	30.9
	McHenry	318,641	159,013	8.3%	81.1%	33.2
	Will	681,097	327,594	7.9%	82.2%	33.9
	Winnebago	300,252	136,231	9.5%	84.6%	21.6
		8,905,677				

n/a = not available

Source: US Census Bureau - American Fact Finder Website (American Community Surveys)

Source: 2013 American Community Survey

(A Component Unit of the State of Illinois)

December 31, 2014

Population and Commuting Statistics Last Ten Fiscal Years (Unaudited)

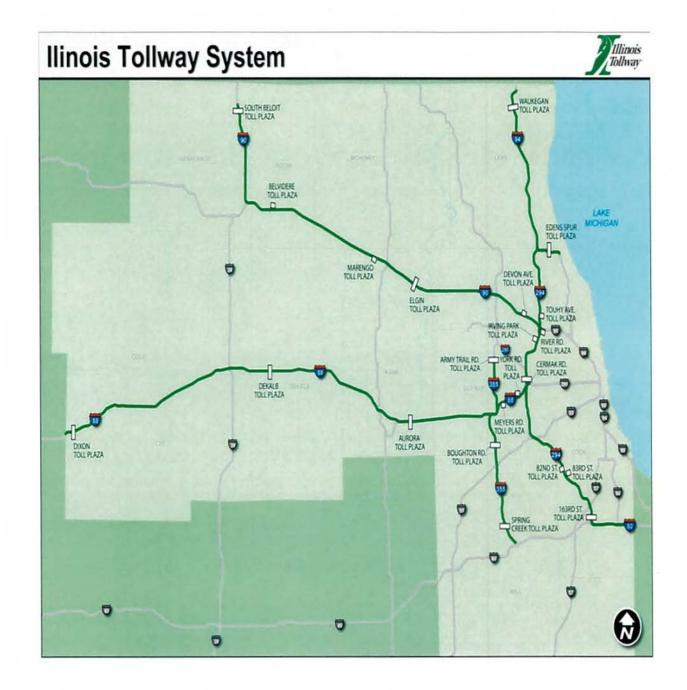
			Workers		Percentage	Mean Travel
			Commuting	Percentage	that drive	Time in
Year	County	Population	to Work	that Carpool	alone	Minutes
2007	Boone	53,531	23,669	11.3%	81.9%	30.7
	Cook	5,285,107	2,379,962	9.9%	63.9%	31.8
	DeKalb	103,729	50,768	8.5%	80.6%	24.4
	DuPage	929,192	466,098	7.1%	79.3%	28.9
	Kane	501,021	235,466	11.2%	79.1%	28.7
	Lake	710,241	342,154	8.5%	78.7%	30.6
	McHenry	315,943	154,228	8.2%	81.6%	33.6
	Will	673,586	314,656	8.6%	81.3%	33.8
	Winnebago	298,759	134,092	9.5%	84.5%	21.6
		8,871,109				
2006	Boone	52,617	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a
	Cook	5,288,655	2,365,196	1.00%	64.0%	31.7
	DeKalb	100,139	51,295	10.0%	77.7%	24.1
	DuPage	932,670	496,226	6.2%	75.9%	28.6
	Kane	493,735	239,453	10.9%	79.2%	28.3
	Lake	713,076	351,677	8.9%	78.3%	30.6
	McHenry	312,373	160,378	7.0%	82.9%	32.5
	Will	668,217	332,924	8.4%	81.4%	33.0
	Winnebago	295,635	136,215	10.8%	83.0%	21.3
		8,857,117				
2005	Boone	50,419	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a
	Cook	5,303,943	2,323,617	10.12%	64.80%	31.9
	DeKalb	97,770	46,262	7.55%	84.22%	24.9
	DuPage	931,219	462,182	8.22%	79.02%	27.4
	Kane	483,208	206,014	11.88%	80.46%	27.1
	Lake	704,086	327,738	8.54%	80.14%	30.7
	McHenry	304,701	149,936	8.07%	82.23%	34.4
	Will	642,625	266,490	10.25%	81.64%	32.1
	Winnebago	291,639	131,148	9.09%	85.28%	21.4
		8,809,610				

n/a = not available

Source: US Census Bureau - American Fact Finder Website (American Community Surveys)

Source: 2013 American Community Survey

(A Component Unit of the State of Illinois)
Location Map (Unaudited)
December 31, 2014



(A Component Unit of the State of Illinois)

Average Number of Employees by Function (Unaudited) For the Years Ended December 31, 2006 through 2014

	2014	2013	2012	2011	2010	2009	2008	2007	2006
Tollway Employees			***************************************				***************************************	and the same of th	emiliani di Mandala Panganana and Amerika
Executive Office	6	5	5	4	6	3	4	4	3
Directors	10	9	10	10	10	10	10	10	10
Inspector General	6	5	6	5	4	5	5	4	4
Internal Audit	6	5	9	9	8	8	8	7	8
Legal	12	10	. 11	10	11	11	11	12	12
State Police (Civilians)	15	15	13	15	16	17	18	16	16
Finance	52	51	44	43	44	49	51	49	51
Administration	30	31	29	29	31	31	40	35	36
Operations									
Toll Collectors	442	439	473	430	495	539	568	582	591
Plaza Supervisors									
and Managers	39	39	38	33	34	39	47	53	53
Facilities	138	139	141	144	147	154	141	139	178
Information Technology	49	43	43	50	54	61	63	62	66
Engineering:									
Maintenance:									
Roadway	374	361	363	368	358	381	381	371	362
Transportation	68	68	71	68	69	69	72	65	69
Others	62	76	74	75	75	73	75	70	62
Engineers	48	46	31	35	35	35	34	32	42
Planning	22	21	18	16	16	17	17	18	15
Procurement	49	46	47	47	50	52	51	51	50
Diversity & Strategic Development	5	4	4	~		-	180		**
Communications	11	10	10	10	11	10	11	11	5
Business Systems	57	60	60_	62	61	63	58	48	12
Total Authority Employees	1,501	1,483	1,500	1,463	1,535	1,627	1,665	1,639	1,645
State Troopers	185	167	174	168	174	193	196	188	138
Total Personnel	1,686	1,650	1,674	1,631	1,709	1,820	1,861	1,827	1.783

¹⁰ years of data is not available for presentation.

(A Component Unit of the State of Illinois)

Service Efforts and Accomplishments (Unaudited)
For the Year Ended December 31, 2014

Agency Mission

The Illinois State Toll Highway Authority is dedicated to providing and promoting a safe and efficient system of toll supported highways while ensuring the highest possible level of customer service.

Strategic Priorities

With the above Mission Statement in mind, the Illinois Tollway is guided by five Strategic Priorities that are consistent with those outlined by the Governor's Office of Management and Budget:

- Promote the regional economy (*Attract, retain and grow business*)
- Foster environmental responsibility and sustainability in roadway and agency operations (*Improve infrastructure safety*)
- Increase collaboration with regional transportation and planning agencies (*Improve Infrastructure safety*)
- Further transparency and accountability (Support basic functions of government)
- Enhance customer service for its 1.4 million daily drivers (*Improve Infrastructure safety*)

Summary of Agency Operations

The Illinois Tollway maintains and operates 286 miles of interstate tollways in 12 counties in Northern Illinois, including the Reagan Memorial Tollway (I-88), the Veterans Memorial Tollway (I-355), the Jane Addams Memorial Tollway (I-90) and the Tri-State Tollway (I-94/I-294/I-80).

The Tollway is a user-fee system. No state or federal tax dollars are used to support the maintenance and operation of the Tollway System. The Tollway depends on toll revenues and proceeds from the issuance of revenue bonds for the expansion, reconstruction and improvement of the Tollway system. The Tollway's budget is a balanced budget in which revenues provide sufficient resources for operating and maintenance expenses, debt service and required deposits to the Renewal and Replacement and Improvement Accounts as required by the Trust Indenture.

Key Performance Measures

The following metrics were reported for the year ending December 31, 2014:

1.	The percentage of vehicles using I-PASS during rush hour:	90.4%
2.	The percentage of vehicles using I-PASS for all hours:	86.7%
3.	Travel Time Index Congestion Measure for the A.M. rush hour:	1.06
4.	The average Accident Clearance Time for personal injury incidents:	32.1 minutes

(A Component Unit of the State of Illinois)

Miscellaneous Data and Statistics (Unaudited) For the Year ended December 31, 2014

Legislation enabled Illinois State Toll Highway Commission to issue be Construction began on tollways Jane Addams Tollway opened Tri State Tollway opened Ronald Reagan Tollway opened Ronald Reagan West Extension opened Veterans Memorial Tollway opened Veterans Memorial South Extension To	1953 September, 1956 August, 1958 August, 1958 November, 1958 November, 1974 December, 1989 November, 2007						
Length of Illinois Tollways:							
Jane Addams Memorial Tollwa	ay	76 miles					
Tri State Tollway	***************************************	84 miles					
Reagan Memorial Tollway96 miles							
Veterans Memorial Tollway		30 miles					
•							
Tollway Oases:							
Jane Addams Memorial Tollway (I-90)	Tri State Tollway (I-94/I-294/I-80)	Reagan Memorial Tollway (I-88)					
Des Plaines	Chicago Southland Lincoln	DeKalb					
Belvidere O'Hare	Hinsdale						
Lake Forest							
Each oasis in	ncludes service stations and concession	ons.					
Number of Employees:							
Engineering and maintenance of roadw	ay and structures	574					
Services and toll collection		619					
Traffic control, safety, patrol, and radio	o communication	200					
Administrative		293					

Note: The Tollway does not receive any tax revenue from the State of Illinois.